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HARVARD COLLEGE

CLASS OF 1870

SECRETARY'S REPORT

NUMBER VIII

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CLASS OF 1870 GATE AND SECTION OF FENCE

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HARVARD COLLEGE

CLASS OF 1870

Secretary's Report

NUMBER VIII

1905

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CAMBRIDGE
Printed at the Riverside Press
1905

CLASS COMMITTEE

AMORY APPLETON LAWRENCE

WILLIAM WARREN VAUGHAN

CHARLES HERBERT SWAN

SECRETARY

THOMAS BALDWIN TICKNOR

18 Highland Street, Cambridge, Mass.

CLASS OF 1870.

I REGRET to announce to the members of the Class the death of three of our Classmates. Galloway died on March 28th, Cushing on April 7th, and Sherman May 2d.

James Buchanan Galloway was born March 2, 1848, at Galloway Post Office, Illinois. He prepared for College at the Chicago High School and under private tutors, entering with the Class in the fall of 1866. After graduation, he became junior partner of the firm of Andrew J. Galloway & Son, dealers and brokers in real estate, Chicago, Ill., at the same time reading law; in the spring of 1877 left the real estate business, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1878. Until Jan. 1, 1890, was alone in the practice of law, on which date he formed a partnership with Francis O. Lyman, '71, and James Patton, under the name of Galloway, Lyman & Patton, for doing a real estate and mortgage loan business, meanwhile keeping his individual practice of the law till May 1, 1895, when he admitted a law partner, Adolph Traub, under the name of Galloway & Traub. In May, 1896, the firm of Galloway, Lyman & Patton was dissolved. Galloway printed a brochure on Captain John Smith, and wrote a number of articles on local matters, published in "The Economist" and other Chicago papers, the most important one being a report on the United States government work on the Chicago and Calumet Harbors and Rivers, prepared for the Chicago Real Estate Board in 1899. Was a member

of the Real Estate Board of Chicago and the Real Estate Exchange of Boston; also of the University Club of Chicago, of which at one time he was President.

For the past two years he had been a great sufferer from an affection of the throat, undergoing three operations, which afforded only temporary relief. Through his long and painful illness, he preserved his indomitable courage, striving with true heroism to regain what had been lost in a time of financial disaster. Galloway was an enthusiastic Harvard man and a most loyal member of the Class. He leaves a widow and two children, — Robert Slocum Galloway, born Jan. 17, 1893, and Henry James Galloway, born Aug. 16, 1895.

Louis Thomas Cushing was born in Boston, May 31, 1847. He prepared for College at Chauncy Hall School, entering with the Class in 1866. After graduation, he was engaged in farming in Madison, Wis., until November, 1872, when he moved to Cohasset, Mass. Studied law in the Boston University, receiving the degree LL. B. June 2, 1875, and was admitted to the bar June 5, 1875, practicing at Cohasset. Since 1883 was actively engaged in cattle ranching in Tom Green County, Texas, where he passed a portion of each year. Was a Representative in the General Court in 1883–84, trustee of the Cohasset Public Library since 1886, and a member of the Cohasset School Committee for the past twenty-five years. On Feb. 14, 1871, was married to Mary Rebecca Johnson, of Cohasset. The births of their children have been as follows: on May 2, 1872, Thomas Johnson; on Dec. 31, 1873, Charles Bald-

win; on Jan. 6, 1876, William Fabens; on Sept. 17, 1877, Robert Lee; on Nov. 9, 1884, Richard Watson; and on Nov. 25, 1886, Sally Fabens.

A number of years ago, Cushing strained his heart in attempting to rescue a boy who was drowned in the river near his house; he dived repeatedly and finally brought up the body, becoming very much exhausted from his efforts. He was never as strong afterwards, but no serious results were manifest until about three years ago, when he began to have attacks of cardiac asthma, which greatly reduced his strength. During the past year his illness increased, confining him to his house, and finally to his room. His death was very sudden. He was a great sufferer, but bore his trial patiently and courageously.

Barker Baker Sherman was born in Duxbury, Mass., March 19, 1848. He was educated in the Duxbury public schools and at Phillips Andover Academy, entering Yale College in 1866. He withdrew from Yale and entered Harvard in the Class of 1870 in our junior year. After graduation, he spent 1870–71 in study at Medford and in substitute teaching there and in Boston; 1871–73 sub-master of Hughes High School, Cincinnati, Ohio; 1874–77 student at Andover Theological Seminary, graduating B. D.; 1878–80 acting pastor of Congregational Church, Thetford, Vt.; 1880–83 pastor, ordained, and installed by council, of Congregational Church, Sherbrooke, P. Q., Can.; 1884–89 pastor, by council, of Congregational Church, Wollaston (Quincy, 5th ward), Mass.; 1890–98 pastor, by council, of Congregational Church, Chelsea, Orange County, Vt.,

and Superintendent of Public Schools; June, 1898–September, 1899, without charge at Medford, Mass.; October, 1899, in business in New York City.

In 1901, he was appointed a teacher in the Philippines, where he did such efficient work that he was promoted to be a district superintendent. Under the strain of hard work his health broke down and he was compelled to return to the United States. He died the day after his return to his home. He leaves a widow and one daughter.

THOMAS B. TICKNOR,
Class Secretary.

18 Highland St.,
Cambridge, May 12, 1904.

It is with great regret that I have to announce to the Class the sudden death from pneumonia of our classmate Winsor, on January 29th, after a brief illness.

Walter Thaxter Winsor was born in Brookline, Mass., November 1, 1847. He attended school in his native town and fitted for College at the Phillips Exeter Academy, entering with the class in 1866. After graduation, he entered the commission house of Alfred Winsor & Son, Boston, becoming a partner November 1, 1871, and retained an active interest in the business up to the time of his death.

He was always a most loyal and enthusiastic member of the Class, and most active in promoting its interests whenever opportunity offered. During the first years after graduation, while the Secretary was the only Class official, he voluntarily assisted in the Class work; he was invariably present at the Commencement reunions, with a cheery and hearty word of welcome for each member on his return to Cambridge. When, occasionally, I have been unavoidably absent on Commencement Day, I could always depend upon him to assume my duties as though they were his own, and relieve me entirely of responsibility. On the reorganization of the Class Committee, he was chosen a member in association with Lawrence and Vaughan, and in this position he rendered most valuable service, being always ready to do his share in whatever work devolved upon him. To him is largely due the successful carrying out of the details of the recent Class Dinners. He never spared himself when there was work to be done for the Class or any of its members. A pleasant and characteristic feature of his class feeling was his kindly interest in the sons of his classmates who came to College from distant homes; quite a number of them were in the habit of going to him when in want of an elder's advice or counsel, and they always received a warm welcome.

A man of strong character, of a pure and upright life, a true friend and companion, his loss will be keenly felt not only by his friends and classmates individually but by the Class as an organization, for which he labored so loyally and faithfully.

THOMAS B. TICKNOR
Class Secretary

18 Highland Street,
Cambridge, February 8, 1905.

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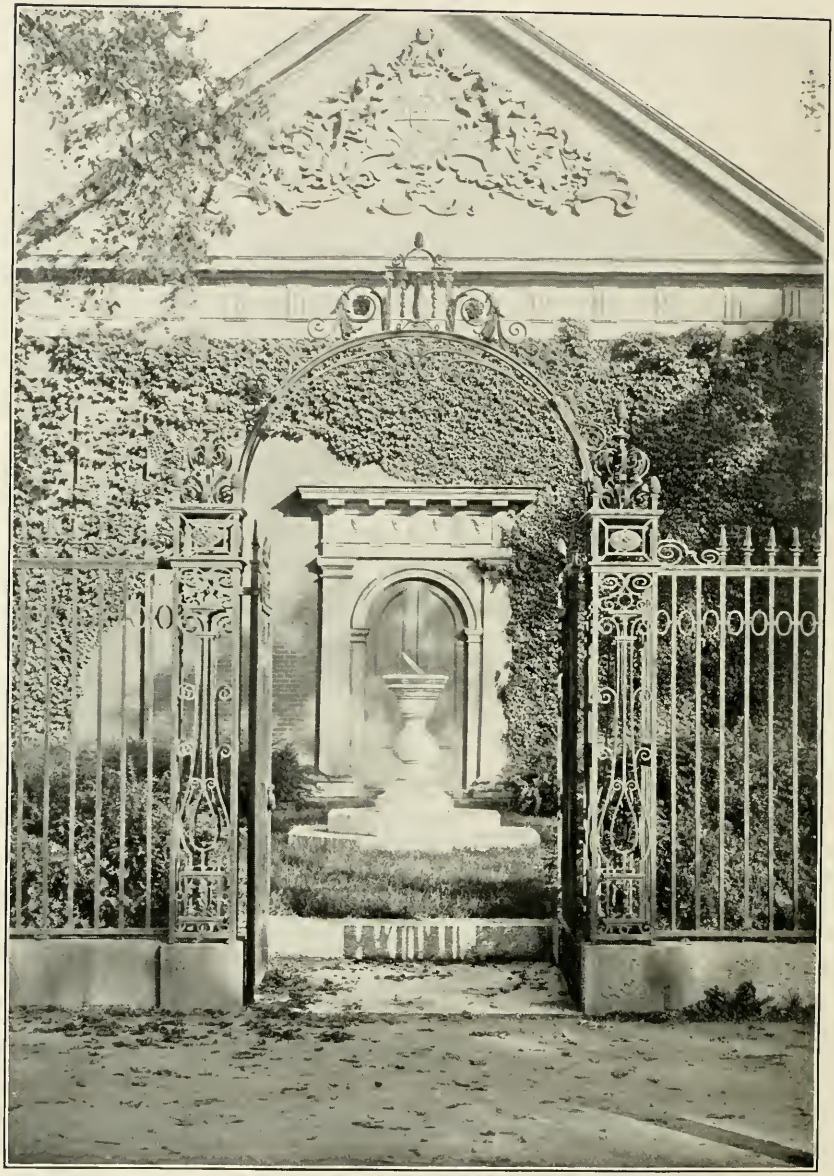

SUN-DIAL AND GATE IN DETAIL

SECRETARY'S PREFACE

I HAD hoped to have this Report ready for distribution at Commencement, but the late date at which I received some of the replies to my circular rendered this impossible. I was anxious to hear from every living member, and therefore deferred the completion of my work later than usual. While a few men, as will be seen by the note attached to those sketches which are reprinted from the last report, failed to write me, there is but one who can be classed among "lost members." The list of Temporary Members is not as complete, but I hope with your assistance to fill the gaps in the future.

The delay in publication has enabled me to add a brief account of the Class Dinner and Commencement meeting.

Since the last report death has claimed nine of our number, reducing our original roll from 131 to 99. They are Ames, Cushing, Galloway, Huntington, Sherman, Walcott, Weston, Winsor, and Wolcott.

As many of the Class have not been to Cambridge since 1900, and some not since graduation, I have inserted as a frontispiece a picture of the Class gate and part of the section of fence which has been erected on the northerly side of the college yard, in the rear of Holden Chapel. The antique sun dial and surrounding shrubbery constitute a part of the gift. The cost was about $4500, and the money was raised by the Class Committee by private subscription.

The Galloway Fund amounted to about $2500, and was placed in the hands of three Trustees in Chicago, who had charge of another similar fund; Hale is our representative on this Board.

Members may be interested to know that there is now an Association of Harvard Class Secretaries, which meets once a year, or oftener if occasion requires, to discuss matters of interest to the classes and the college. Some changes in the arrangement of this report have been made in accordance with the recommendation of this Association, with the view of securing a greater uniformity in the Class Reports.

Our financial condition remains about the same as formerly. We have about $3000 invested, and the income pays our annual expenses, with something over for a nest-egg to be used for our quinquennial gathering. So we just about hold our own from year to year. This year, in common with most of the other classes, we are contributing a fixed sum ($10) towards defraying the cost of Commencement to the Alumni Association. This is to be an annual payment, the amount varying for each class in accordance with the number of living graduates, and is intended to obviate the necessity of soliciting money each year by personal appeals.

THOMAS B. TICKNOR,
Class Secretary.

18 Highland Street,
CAMBRIDGE, September 1, 1905.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Dr. THOMAS B. TICKNOR, SECRETARY,

1900			
June 1	Balance on hand		$3551.72
1901			
June 1	Interest on investments for year	$118.93	
	Subscriptions for college fence	1042.00	1160.93
1902			
June 1	Interest on investments for year	154.41	
	Subscription for college fence.....	3577.00	3731.41
1903			
June 1	Interest on investments for year	126.35	126.35
1904			
June 1	Interest on investments for year	152.36	152.36
1905			
June 1	Interest on investments for year	161.81	161.81
			$8884.58

The Balance ($3304.36) on above condensed statement includes one Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Consolidated Mortgage Bond ($1000), one Fitchburg R. R. 4% Bond ($1000), 8 shares stock American Telephone & Telegraph Company ($1078) and cash on hand and in bank ($226.36).

IN ACCOUNT WITH THE CLASS OF 1870 Cr.

1901			
June 1	Commencement expenses for 1900	$62.45	
	Printing and mailing Class Report	218.27	
	Class dinner	394.85	
	Advertising	5.50	
	Printing circulars &c. and mailing	46.59	
	Postage	1.10	
	Flowers for Wolcott's funeral	20.00	$748.76
1902			
June 1	Commencement expenses for 1901	69.25	
	Advertising	2.63	
	Printing circulars and mailing	15.96	
	Dues to Class Secretaries' Association...	5.50	
	On account college fence	4347.93	4441.27
1903			
June 1	Commencement expenses for 1902	58.63	
	Advertising	9.38	
	Postage	93	
	Balance college fence	133.50	202.44
1904			
June 1	Commencement expenses for 1903	56.13	
	Advertising	4.13	
	Dues to Class Secretaries' Association ..	7.00	
	Postage	.52	67.78
1905			
June 1	Commencement expenses for 1904	53.30	
	Advertising	5.25	
	Printing circulars and mailing	29.88	
	Dues to Class Secretaries' Association ..	5.50	
	Assessment of Association of the Alumni	10.00	
	Postage	4.04	119.97
			$5580.22
	Balance forward		3304.36
			$8884.58

CLASS OF 1870

[The names of those who have died are marked with an asterisk.]

Adams, Brooks, Memb. Mass. Hist. Soc.

*Adams, George Huntington. *1900.

Adams, Walter.

Alexander, William Pomeroy.

*Ames, Angier. *1901.

*Andrews, Henry Chandler, LL. B., Columbia, 1873. *1897.

*Brown, Samuel Emmons, Rochester Theol. Sem. (N. Y.) 1873; Acting Prof. New. Test. Exegesis Rochester Theol. Sem. *1877.

Buckminster, William Bradley.

Bunton, George Wadley.

Burnham, Arthur.

Chamberlin, William Wigglesworth.

Chapin, Frederick Wilcox, M. D., Columbia (Coll. Phys. and Surg.), 1873.

Chapman, Nelson Charles.

Clapp, Henry Lincoln.

Coes, Zorester Bennett.

Cole, John Hanun, LL. B., 1872.

*Crosby, William Sage, M. D., 1874. *1875.

Curtis, Laurence.

Curtis, Louis.

Curtis, Rest Fenner.

*Cushing, Louis Thomas, LL. B., Boston Univ., 1875. *1904.

Cutler, Arthur Hamilton, Ph. D. (Hon.) Coll. N. J., 1885.

*Davis, Francis DuPont. *1879.

Deane, Walter.

*Dexter, S. Newton. *1899.

Dixon, Alexander James Dallas.

Dixwell, John, M. D., 1873.

Dodge, William Walter, LL. B., 1873.

Drew, Charles Acton, LL. B., Boston Univ., 1873.

Dudley, Edward.

Dwight, John Francis.

Emott, Charles Crooke, LL. B., Columbia, 1872.

*Evans, Andrew Otis, LL. B., Boston Univ., 1873. *1879.

Fernald, Benjamin Marvin.

Fisher, George Harrison.

Fitz, Andrew.

Francis, Laurens Norris.

Frothingham, Theodore.

Fuller, Frederick Timothy.

*Galloway, James Buchanan. *1904.

Gannett, Thomas Brattle, 1897.

*Godon, Frederic William, M. D. Bellevue Hosp. Med. Coll. (N. Y.), 1872. *1876.

*Greene, Samuel Fay. *1877.

Greener, Richard Theodore, LL. B., Univ. S. C., 1876; LL. D., Monrovia (Liberia), 1882; Prof. Ment. and Mor. Philos. and Logic, Librarian, Univ. S. C.; Dean Law Dept. Howard Univ. (D. C.).

Groesbeck, Herman John, L. R. C. S. (Edinb.), 1875.

Hale, William Gardner, LL. D., Union, 1895, Princeton, 1896; Tutor; Prof. Latin Lang. and Lit., Cornell Univ.; Head Prof. Latin Lang. and Lit., Univ. Chicago; Director Am. S.
*Healy, Joseph, LL. B., 1873. *1880.
Hill, John Edwin.
*Hinckley, Thomas Leslie. *1875.
Hoar, Charles Emerson.
Holmes, Artemas Henry.
Holway, Raymond Fletcher, S. T. B., Boston Univ., 1873.
*Horton, Henry Kenney. *1887.
Hosea, William Going, LL. B., Cincinnati (O.), 1872.
*Huntington, Arthur Lord, LL. B., 1874. *1902.
Huntress, Leonard, M. D., Columbia (Coll. Phys. and Surg.), 1874.
Jordan, James Clark, 1871.
Kettell, Charles Willard, S. B., 1873.
Kidder, Frederic.
Ladd, Babson Savilian.
Lawrence, Amory Appleton.
Lincoln, Waldo, Memb. Mass. Hist. Soc.
Littlefield, George Sherman.
*Loring, Fred Wadsworth. *1871.
*Low, Ethelbert Mills. *1881.
*Lowell, Perceval. *1887.
Lunt, Horace Gray.
*McCall, Harry Wilcocks. *1894.
McMichael, Charles Barnsley.
Mann, Benjamin Pickman.
*Merrick, William. *1887.
*Mitchell, Charles Lucius. *1898.
Monroe, Charles.
Morison, Ernest Nathaniel.
Morse, Godfrey, LL. B., 1872; A. M. (Hon.), Tufts, 1900.
Norcross, Otis, LL. B., 1873.
Nourse, Franklin.
Nye, Charles Freeman.
Parkman, Henry, A. M., 1874; LL. B., 1873.
Parrish, Samuel Longstreth.
Parsons, Theophilus.
Pearson, George.
Peele, Willard Silsbee, 1892.
Pendleton, Frank Key, LL. B., 1875.
*Perkins, James Handasyd, LL. B., Cincinnati (O.), 1872. *1889.
Perrin, Willard Taylor, S. T. B., Boston Univ., 1874; Ph. D., Boston Univ., 1898.
Rawson, Edward.
Rich, James Rogers, 1872.
Robinson, Frank Walcott.
Robinson, Otis Granville.
Rodman, Alfred, LL. B., Boston Univ., 1879.
Rotch, Thomas Morgan, M. D., 1874; Instr., Asst. Prof., and Prof. Diseases of Children; Prof. Pediatrics.
Sanger, John White.
Sargent, Joseph.
*Sargent, Lucius Manlius, LL. B., 1875. *1893.
Scudder, Winthrop Saltonstall.
Seavey, Oscar Fitz.
Sheldon, Chauncey Cooley, M. D., 1877.
Shepard, Walter, S. B., Mass. Inst. Tech., 1873.
*Sherman, Barker Baker, Andover Theol. Sem., 1877. *1904.
Smith, Sandford Sidney, LL. B., Columbia, 1872.
Smith, Walter Bugbee.
Soley, James Russell, LL. B., Columbian (D. C.), 1890; Asst. Prof. and Prof. Eng., Hist. and Law U. S. Naval Acad.
Soule, Richard Herman, S. B., Mass. Inst. Tech., 1872.
Spackman, William Master.

*Spalding, Charles Parker, M. D., 1877. *1895.
Spaulding, Henry Kittredge, LL. B., Columbia, 1875.
Stone, Richard Henry, LL. B., Cincinnati (O.), 1872.
*Swaim, Roger Williams. *1872.
Swan, Charles Herbert.
Taft, Stephen Swift.
*Thayer, Stephen Van Rensselaer. *1871.
Ticknor, Thomas Baldwin.
Tuckerman, Alfred, Ph. D., Leipsic, 1874.
Vaughan, Willliam Warren, LL.B., 1873; A. M., 1874.
Viaux, Frederic Henry.
Wadsworth, William Austin.
Wait, Lucien Augustus, Asst. Prof., Assoc. Prof., and Prof. Math. Cornell Univ.
*Walcott, Charles Hosmer. *1901.
Watson, Benjamin Marston, Instr. Horticulture.
Wells, Henry.
*Weston, Melville Moore, LL. B., 1872. *1901.
Wharton, William Fisher, LL. B., 1873.
White, John Stuart, LL. D., Trinity (Conn.), 1879.
Wilby, Charles Bowditch, LL. B., Cincinnati (O.), 1872.
Willis, Grinnell.
*Winsor, Walter Thaxter. *1905.
*Wolcott, Roger, LL. B., 1874; LL. D., Williams, 1897; Tutor; Overseer; Memb. Mass. Hist. Soc.; Acting Gov. and Gov. Mass. *1900.
Woodard, Charles Fuller, LL. B., 1872.
Worcester, Francis Jesse, LL. B., Columbia, 1875.
Wyatt, James Bosley Noel.

*32 + 99 = 131

TEMPORARY MEMBERS

Badger, George Ashton.
*Barrett, Joseph. *1867.
*Chapin, George Gilman. *1873.
Darlington, Ellwood Harvey.
*Eaton, Elbridge Miner. *1895.
Farrington, Willis.
*Hodges, Benjamin. *1897.
Learned, Francis Mason.
McCandless, Gardiner Felch.
McLean, John Robert.
McManus, James.
*Mason, Joseph Parker. *1900.
Newhall, Harry Frank.
*Packer, William Fisher. *1872.
*Thompson, Christopher A. *1867.
Washburn, Edward Davis.
Wilds, Judson Boardman.

*7 + 10 = 17

RECORDS OF THE CLASS 1870–1905

RECORDS OF THE CLASS 1870–1905

BROOKS ADAMS, son of Charles Francis Adams, was born in 1848. After graduation studied law (one year at the Harvard Law School), and was admitted to the bar April 10, 1873. Practised in Boston, with office at 23 Court Street. Is the author of "The Emancipation of Massachusetts," "The Law of Civilization and Decay," translated into French (1894); "American Economic Supremacy" (1900); "The New Empire" (1902); beside these "The Gold Standard" in pamphlet form (1894) and numerous articles and addresses, among them lectures before the Naval War College in 1903. Was married to Evelyn Davis, September 7, 1889. Residence, Quincy.

***GEORGE HUNTINGTON ADAMS**, son of Rev. Charles Adams, a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Sarah Emery (Parker) Adams, was born in Boston, January 14, 1846. He prepared for Harvard at Illinois College, Jacksonville, Ill., remaining there through its Freshman year. In July, 1863, he entered the army as first lieutenant in the Fourth U. S. Colored Heavy Artillery, serving on the Mississippi River, in Kentucky, Tennessee, and Arkansas; was mustered out in February, 1866, as captain, with the brevet rank of major, U. S. Volunteers. He entered College with the Class in 1866.

"After graduation was master at De Veaux College one year; at the Harvard Law School, and proctor at the College, one year; then continued the study of the law in New York until May, 1874, when he was admitted to the bar; from January 1, 1875, to April 30, 1877, practised with Richard H. Huntley, Esq., under the firm name of Huntley & Adams; on May 1, 1877, formed a partnership with Artemas H. Holmes ('70), firm of Holmes & Adams. During the year 1884 was assistant district attorney for the city and county of New York with District Attorney Peter B. Olney, of the Class of 1864. Was one of the board of managers of the Harvard Club of New York and treasurer of the New York Law Institute; served a term as member and secretary of the

executive committee of the New York Bar Association; was a member of the University Club in New York and one of its committee on admissions. On April 26, 1877, was married to Miss E. Augusta Holmes, of New York. On November 3, 1879, Huntington Adams was born; on December 21, 1881, Lawrence Holmes Adams (deceased); and on September 6, 1888, Constance Adams. In 1896 Holmes & Adams dissolved, and Mr. Adams formed a law partnership with Frederick H. Allen ('80), which continued until his death. Huntington Adams is a member of the Class of 1901."

The paragraph quoted above was prepared by Adams and by him sent to the secretary for insertion in the Class Record of 1900, shortly before April 7, 1900, a Saturday. On that day Adams seemed to be in his usual health, which was uncommonly good; transacted some business matters outside his office; met several of his intimates, his old friend James S. McCobb of '71, among others, to whom, and to the others, he seemed quite as usual; and remained late at his office desk. On his way home, in a Madison Avenue car near 42d Street, at about six o'clock, he appeared to have fainted, fellow passengers attended him, and at 45th Street removed him to the Railroad Club, learned his identity from the contents of his pocket-book, summoned the Flower Hospital by telephone, where he was taken very promptly by ambulance, and his wife notified, and his brother-in-law, Holmes ('70). He had the most prompt and best of medical treatment, but did not recover consciousness, and died at noon the following day of the stroke of apoplexy, the result of no special inducing cause, but of the gradual deterioration of brain tissues until the point of lesion was reached.

Adams possessed in a large degree the capacity of endearing himself to his associates and companions; in college he continuously received those evidences of popularity which are accorded only to general favorites, being one of the first elected to the Institute, the Dickey, the A. D., the Hasty Pudding (of which he was treasurer), and the Porcellian; he was also a member of the Med. Fac., the Harvard Natural History Society, and the Glee Club; was chairman of the Mock Parts Committee, chief marshal at the political celebration of the election of General Grant, a marshal at the inauguration of President Eliot, and second marshal on Class Day. He rowed in Class Races in the

Freshman, Sophomore, and Junior years, first as stroke oar of the second crew, and afterwards on the first crew.

In his later career he met with the like cordial recognition which kindliness and good fellowship alone insure, and in the Association of the Bar, the Law Institute, in the Harvard, the University and other clubs, he was prominent as an officer or committeeman; and at the bar and with the courts he was highly regarded and, so far as known, without an enemy.

In his profession he was highly successful, due to unceasing industry, zeal, and the best qualities of an advocate; his ability to master and excel was general, not that of a specialist; and in the different branches of the law he was equally competent. He enjoyed in a high degree the confidence and warm friendship of his clients.

In his private life one characteristic was conspicuous, — he had a most agreeable capacity for enjoyment, not only of a present occasion, but in anticipation and in reminiscence as well, the result of a kindly, hearty, warm-hearted disposition. While his temperament was neither jovial, gay, nor frivolous, his companionship brought sunshine, not shadow; hopefulness, not depression. Another characteristic was conspicuous by its absence, — he rarely expressed harsh, uncharitable, or unkind sentiments of men or things. A host of friends will unite in his Requiescat.

WALTER ADAMS, son of Colman Searle and Mary Elizabeth (Winchester) Adams, was born in Portland, Me., May 10, 1848. Prepared for college at the Framingham, Mass., Academy. Began the study of law in July, 1870, in the office of his father (C. S. Adams), Framingham, Mass.; in October, 1872, entered the office of H. W. Paine & R. D. Smith, Boston; at present is practising in Framingham. Represented the 28th Middlesex District in the General Courts of 1894 and 1896. Was married, May 25, 1885, at West River, Md., to Constance Winchester, daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Weld Winchester, of the Episcopal Church.

WILLIAM POMEROY ALEXANDER, son of Henry and Amelia Peabody (Bowles) Alexander, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., August 29, 1848. Prepared for college at the Phillips Exeter Academy. Soon after graduation went abroad, and in

November, 1870, matriculated at the University of Berlin and attended lectures in the philosophy and history courses through two semesters. After two years of study and European travel, returned to Springfield, Mass., where he was associated with his father in the banking business; in 1872 was appointed Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue for the 10th Massachusetts District, holding that office from 1872–1884; during the years 1876–78 was aide-de-camp on the staff of Governor Alexander H. Rice of Massachusetts, with rank of colonel. On January 3, 1877, was married to Elizabeth F. D. Stebbins of Springfield, Mass., and has had four children, all living. They are Anne E. Alexander, born September 3, 1877, married October 25, 1899, to Geo. H. Harris, rector of Saint Peter's Church at Maysville, Ky.; Wm. Henry Alexander, born February 19, 1879, married October 1, 1904, to Mina Gibson Streeter of New York city; Julia Standish Alexander, born November 2, 1881, and Pauline Gladys Alexander, born December 12, 1890. In 1887 he moved to New York city and was identified with the American Exchange in Europe at the New York office, until it discontinued business in 1889; from 1889–1892 was with Keane & Co., Bankers, New York and Chicago, and since that connection has been with houses of like character, or in a similar business on his own account. Office, 346 Broadway. Residence, 129 W. 103d St., New York city.

*ANGIER AMES, son of William L. and Amelia (Hall) Ames, was born at Franklin Furnace, N. J., March 11, 1847. His family moved to St. Paul, Minn., while he was quite young, and he attended school there until 1863, when he came to Chelsea, Mass., where he fitted for college at the High School. He was the first young man to enter Harvard from the State of Minnesota. After graduation, he returned to St. Paul, and studied law in the office of his uncle, General John R. Sanborn. His studies were interrupted by an appointment which placed him in the position of Assistant State Treasurer. Later he was connected with the National German-American Bank of St. Paul. He was an active member of the Harvard Alumni Association of Minnesota. In 1884 he was married to Miss Luelle Bacheller. For seventeen years he resided in Minneapolis, where he died April 11, 1901.

*HENRY CHANDLER ANDREWS, was born in New York city, April 10, 1846, and entered college with the Class. After graduation he taught school in Boston and New York two years, and passed one year in the law office of Anderson & Young in New York; while in the latter city was a member of the Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of LL. B.; was admitted to the bar June, 1873; became assistant to the attorney of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad in New York; then was managing clerk for Wingate & Cullen. Since 1882 he had practised law by himself, with a decided taste for patent law, but with valuable connections with enterprises such as the telephone litigations and important gas cases; he had thus gained a well-earned position of prominence at the New York bar. His love of music, which made him the class chorister, never deserted him, and he had collected a valuable and interesting library, very rich in musical works and scores. That rare good-humor and peculiar wit which characterized him never left him, even when he knew that his days were numbered. In his death the Class has lost one of its brightest intellects and most lovable characters. From his father he inherited a love of music that in his latter years became an absorbing passion, and the study of the great masterpieces of musical literature, through their public productions in concerts and operas, and by his own reading of the scores, became the great enjoyment of his life. Through his mother he inherited the sound business sagacity of a line of New England ancestors, which, united with his mathematical and logical cast of mind, made him an excellent and successful counsellor in the patent law, to which he chiefly devoted his talents. He was never married, but lived for his books, his music, and his friends, and the nature of his tastes seemed to be amply sufficient to prevent the self-concentration and acidity of temper that frequently grows upon men who live much alone. He died August 20, 1897, at the home of his cousin, Parker C. Chandler, Weymouth, Mass., from a disease of the heart from which he had been a sufferer for some years, and lies buried at New Gloucester, Me., in the Chandler family lot. In the case of most of our friends who pass away, they go wholly out of our lives, unless some extraordinary event occurs to stimulate memory, but with Andrews it is quite different. His peculiarly delightful temperament and characteristics made him so unlike others that his place is not

filled. He had a quaintness of humor that made his companionship especially delightful, and which, joined with his genial nature, modesty, and intelligence, endeared him to a large circle of friends. One of them who knew him well in his last years writes as follows: —

"His charming temperament, his inimitable quaintness of mind, his delicacy and sensitiveness, were not impaired by aging. I think that the last dinner I had with him at the University Club, not more than three months before his death, was perhaps the very most enjoyable of all its long series of predecessors. The enjoyment was all due, as usual, to the inexpressible and unique charm of his nature.

"No man ever combined so many delightful qualities of mind and character. He was artistic, intellectual, scientific, philosophical, inimitably droll, witty, sympathetic, tender-hearted, courageous, unselfish, and there were other ingredients equally good in his character; and the distribution, proportion, and blend of them rendered his society the best, most refreshing, and most charming tonic.

"As might be expected, he was an ardent sportsman, fond of the woods, of all natural beauty and sport, just as he was of every other really good thing. I had him twice in my camp in the Adirondacks, where his title of 'Bishop' originated.

"He had shaved off his beard and mustache that morning, at Utica, and on the way we fell in with a number of people going to 'camp-meeting,' who on observing that ample, smooth, beneficent face would not have it otherwise than that he was some light of their denomination from the West.

"He did not, as you may imagine, undeceive them, but he went to our 'camp,' instead of theirs, and much good, spiritual cheer did the 'Bishop' provide for us during our stay."

This letter sums up the many-sided and lovable character of our dead classmate better than I could write it, and so I have quoted it freely.

Another appreciative friend writes as follows: —

"You ask me to tell you something about Henry's musical tastes and the spiritual side of his life.

"I will do the best I can, but I am afraid it will fall short of putting his wonderfully beautiful character in its true light.

"His love for music was not 'a thing apart,' it was his 'whole existence;' out of it he got his rest and recreation, and I think most of the pleasure of his life. I think orchestral music gave him the most delight. The men were personal friends to him. He knew their names and watched their advancement from one position to another with unusual interest, and I have often thought if those men had known the interest

he took in them, how encouraged they would have been, and how many efforts they might have put forth for his sake.

"Chamber music shared with the orchestra largely in his interest. There was nothing in that line that he did n't hear. It seemed to me that in later years he became almost a student. He rarely went anywhere without the score, and noted every word or tone or note. I can never forget his delight at the first performance of the 'Meistersinger.' 'Oh!' said he, 'there is material enough in this for three operas.' Then later on when he listened to the music of the 'Ring,' there was no bound to his interest. He studied it as if it were his life, and he gained from it a pleasure far beyond what words can say. In its line 'Tristan und Isolde' was his favorite opera. He never missed an opportunity of hearing it. As I remember it he considered Mozart as the King of Melody. He was always looking toward something greater, and the new symphonies, such as 'In the New World,' and the last ever written by Tschaikowski, had especial interest for him. He wanted to become immensely rich so that he might open a concert hall, where the public could hear over and over again some good, elevating music, and become familiar with it, and learn to like it. He had no love for the street music, but I noted that he always changed his step in order to keep time to the tune. I remember when the 25th anniversary of your Class took place he was selected to arrange the musical programme. He said, in the most modest kind of a way, 'I don't see why they selected me for that.' But I did see and told him so.

"His ambition seemed to be to obtain the highest possible knowledge of music, and every energy was bent in that direction. He only cared for the highest and noblest in music, as he did in art, and in everything in life. To me in this he seemed to live on a different plane from most men.

"It is difficult to write about the spiritual side of his life. I think that side was so entirely and intensely his own, that it was like a holy secret, and very rarely one caught a glimpse of it.

"His family, I understand, were Swedenborgians, but Henry always thoroughly investigated all things and thought them out for himself and lived his life accordingly.

"He was too noble and broad in his views and ideas to be confined within the limits of any one school or class. I consider him to have been the embodiment of Faith, Hope, and Charity. With him 'all kind things were done on their own account and for their own sake, without the least reference to any gratitude.'

"When you consider that for months and years he walked with Death as his constant companion day and night, and yet never by word or look gave any sign, you must know that there was an abiding faith in something, far greater than I am capable of understanding, that possessed and sustained him. Several years ago he told me 'it was his heart.' I thought otherwise and suggested dyspepsia. 'Oh, no,' he said. 'The best doctors

in New York can't all be mistaken' — and then we never talked about the subject again.

"Another time I did n't like to walk under a scaffold which seemed not quite safe. 'What matter,' he said, 'you can die but once.' The good he did, the ennobling influence of his life, is far reaching. It was a liberal education to have known him, and to have enjoyed his friendship and regard."

During the last summer of Andrews's life the disease made such progress that he knew his days were numbered.

He went to the home of his cousin at Weymouth, who writes the following details of his last illness: —

"He arrived in Boston about eight weeks ago, in a very weak condition, and stated that there was no home that he cared for more than mine and that he had come there to die. It was evident that he was quite ill, but the doctor thought that with proper care he might get into condition to return to New York, and while necessarily an invalid, yet might have considerable of life left to him. After careful nursing for several weeks he was apparently in much better condition, and on the morning of his death, after seeing a physician, went out for a drive with me, and on his return sat down in his chair to read the newspaper. I left for Boston, and an hour afterwards was informed by telephone that he had been found dead in his chair, where he quietly entered upon the sleep that knows no awakening.

"So unexpected a death always brings with it a shock to those of us who remain on guard on this side of the river, but such a passing away is so little of a shock to the deceased that it has its compensation in the feeling that the inevitable came in a most kindly manner, for dissolution was inevitable within a few months, which would probably have been a period of suffering for our friend.

"It was escaped by his sudden 'taking off,' of which he must have been unconscious. I know that it was the way which he preferred, and it is a consolation to me that the last weeks of his life were spent in comparative ease of body and comfort of mind, and daily exhibitions of that quaint humor and kindliness which endeared him to all his friends, so many of whom have written to me tender words of regret for the loss of a friend who will be most sincerely missed by all who knew him."

*SAMUEL EMMONS BROWN, son of Rev. Samuel E. and Elvira Latham (Small) Brown, was born at Portland, Me., February 27, 1847. During the four years previous to his coming to college he was a member of the Phillips Academy at Exeter, N. H.; he joined the Class at the beginning of the Sophomore year. After graduation he went to the Rochester Theological

Seminary to study for the ministry. In 1873 he was selected as the professor of exegetical studies in this institution, and with this object in view went abroad in August, for a three years' course of study; he attended the lectures at Leipsic, and travelled extensively in Europe and the Holy Land. He returned in the summer of 1876, and entered upon his duties as professor at Rochester in September. On July 18, 1877, he was to have been ordained at Exeter, N. H.; but his health failed so rapidly that he was obliged to return at once to his home in Lowell, where he died August 5, 1877, aged thirty years and five months.

WILLIAM BRADLEY BUCKMINSTER, son of William John and Eliza (Eaton) Buckminster, was born in Boston, September 9, 1847. His father was a member of the Class of 1835. He was prepared for college in the Malden High School. Upon graduation entered the office of Charles W. Dabney & Co., commission merchants; after a year took charge of the Boston office of E. Murdock, Jr.; in 1874 became connected with the house of Isaac Rich & Co., 33 Mason Building, Boston, remaining with them a number of years; in 1884 became treasurer and manager of the Napa Consolidated Quicksilver Mining Company of California, and is now vice-president of same, and other quicksilver companies; director and vice-president of the Geo. P. Cox Last Company, director of Malden Trust Company, chairman Malden Water Board, 1892 to 1898; chairman Joint Water Boards of Malden, Medford, and Melrose, 1893 to 1898; member of Malden Common Council, 1886–87; trustee Forest Dale Cemetery since 1892; was married September 14, 1870, to Christine Isabella Chase of Leominster, Mass. On January 17, 1872, William Read Buckminster, on June 23, 1874, Harold Chase Buckminster, and on December 5, 1880, Morey Willard Buckminster were born; on January 31, 1898, Morey died; and on June 8, 1886, Roy Buckminster was born; on April 23, 1893, Roy died. Residence, 41 Dexter Street, Malden, Mass. Business address, Rooms 73 and 74, 70 Kilby Street, Boston. Is a member of Algonquin Club, Boston, and Kernwood Club, Malden, and Eastern Yacht Club and Tedesco Country Club.

GEORGE WADLEY BUNTON, son of David Augustus and Eliza Jane (Adams) Bunton, was born in Manchester, N. H.,

September 29, 1850. He prepared for college at the Manchester High School and under Professor E. W. Gurney. In April, 1872, entered the employ of Taylor, Thomas & Co., importers and jobbers of dry goods, with whom he remained until December 31, 1897, when the firm was dissolved. He then became associated with the corporation of Curtis Davis & Co., soap manufacturers, as secretary, and with their successors, Lever Brothers, Limited, Boston works. Severed his connection with Lever Brothers in May, 1902, and since December, 1904, has been with the Harvard Coöperative Society, Cambridge, also conducting an auditing business. Is a member of the Newtowne Club. Was married December 18, 1877, to Ellena S. Brown. George Herbert Bunton was born September 26, 1878; Sumner Augustus was born February 9, 1884, died February 14, 1884; Florence Elena was born February 14, 1885; Lillian Gertrude was born September 10, 1889. Present address is 63 Washington Avenue, North Cambridge.

ARTHUR BURNHAM, son of Dyer Noble and Sylvia Ellis (Fifield) Burnham, was born April 27, 1847, in Sacket's Harbor, N. Y. He prepared for college at the Chicago High School and the Waltham, Mass., New Church School. Entered into the banking business July 1, 1870, with Blake Bros. of New York, and was with the same house in Boston from February 22, 1872, until April 24, 1886. Was president of the National City Bank of Boston from October 22, 1886, until January 1, 1889; was president of the Pueblo Smelting and Refining Company during 1889. Since then in business as broker and corporation officer, now at Room 84, Fiske Building, 89 State Street, Boston. Was married September 30, 1875, to Katherine Davenport Bray of Boston. Roger Noble Burnham was born August 10, 1876; Margaret Ward Burnham was born January 21, 1881; Helena Burnham was born November 22, 1884; Arthur Stanton Burnham was born March 24, 1888.

WILLIAM WIGGLESWORTH CHAMBERLIN, son of Henry Harmon and Charlotte Ramsay (Clarke) Chamberlin, was born in Worcester, Mass., July 25, 1850. He prepared for college under private tutors. After graduation was connected with H. H. Chamberlin & Co., wool dealers and manufacturers, Worcester, Mass.; was admitted into the firm January 1, 1872. On June 12,

1872, was married to Elizabeth Furguson Paine of Worcester; and on August 6, 1873, Henry Harmon Chamberlin, Jr., was born. In February, 1880, a comedy entitled "Midsummer Madness," by Chamberlin and Sullivan (T. R.), was successfully produced at the Boston Museum. [No reply.]

FREDERICK WILCOX CHAPIN, son of Abijah White and Sarah Merriam (Wilcox) Chapin, was born in Middletown, Conn., November 17, 1849. Prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. From August, 1870, until February 27, 1873, studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and in the office of Dr. Willard Parker in New York, receiving the degree of M. D. at the above college; for two years was on the house staff of Bellevue Hospital, and is now practising in Springfield, Mass. On April 1, 1879, was appointed assistant medical director of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company of Springfield, and in February, 1885, was appointed chief medical director of said company; April 23, 1902, was elected a director of the company; April 3, 1879, was appointed one of the board of examining surgeons for pensions, and July 1, 1879, one of the visiting surgeons to the Springfield Hospital. Is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Hampden District Medical Society, and the Springfield Medical Club; was appointed trustee of the Northampton Insane Hospital by Governor Wolcott January 25, 1899. On June 18, 1878, was married to Caroline Minna Cole of Cambridge, Mass. Laurence Dudley Chapin was born November 19, 1880; Leslie Chapin, October 10, 1881; Eleanor Chapin, October 3, 1885.

NELSON CHARLES CHAPMAN, son of Nelson Clark Chapman and Elizabeth A. Gilbert of Gilbertsville, N. Y., was born November 3, 1850, at Oxford, Chenango County, New York. The family moved to St. Louis in 1857, since which time that city has been their place of residence. Here Mr. Chapman was prepared for Harvard in the Academic Department of Washington University. After he was graduated at Harvard, he was matriculated at the University of Heidelberg, Germany, but did not finish the full term there. On his return from Europe he took up a business career, becoming successively assistant treasurer, treasurer, and vice-president of the Eau Claire Lumber Com-

pany of Eau Claire, Wis., of which company his father was the founder. After the liquidation of this company, he became president of the Eau Claire–St. Louis Lumber Company, its successor in the business, also president of the Monroe Lumber Company of Monroe, La., the Tennessee Central Railroad, the Brier Hill and the Fall Creek Collieries of Tennessee. On October 21, 1879, he married Mary Bridge of St. Louis. A daughter, Florence, was born in 1884, and a son, Gilbert, in 1886. Address, Chemical Building, St. Louis, Mo.

HENRY LINCOLN CLAPP, son of Franklin Bailey and Clara (Powers) Clapp, was born in Scituate, Mass., January 1, 1839. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, entering college in the Sophomore year. In September, 1870, opened a private classical school in Hartford, Conn.; for four years, beginning April, 1871, had charge of the Mather School, a branch of the Lawrence School, South Boston; 1875, on application transferred to the Lincoln School, South Boston; 1876, on application transferred to the Dudley School, Roxbury; 1882, elected principal of the George Putnam School, Egleston Square, Roxbury District, Boston, which position he retains. Especially interested in science work for common schools, music, and art. Has had several pictures admitted to the exhibitions of the Boston Art Club. In 1899 spent five months in Holland, France, Switzerland, and Germany.

Essays: "The Æsthetic Side of Education," Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club, 1895; "Some Native Ferns of New England," Massachusetts Horticultural Society, Belmont Improvement Society, Boston Society of Natural History, 1898; "School Gardens" (illustrated with lantern slides), Boston Society of Natural History, 1901, New England Association of School Superintendents, Tremont Temple, 1902, Rhode Island Horticultural Society, Brown University, 1903, National Education Association (by invitation of President C. W. Eliot, who presided), Mechanics Hall, 1903, Waltham Educational Association, 1903; "The Iron and Copper Mines of Michigan" (illustrated with lantern slides), Boston Society Natural History, 1902, and since 1884 numerous essays on science-teaching before the principal teachers' associations of Massachusetts.

Literary Publications: Journal of Education, "About Wild

Flowers" (thirty-six illustrated articles), 1881; "Thirty-six Observation Lessons on Common Minerals," published by D. C. Heath & Co., and adopted as Science Guide No. 15 by the Boston Society of Natural History, 1889; Transactions of Massachusetts Horticultural Society, "Horticultural Education of Children," 1890, "Some Native Ferns of New England," 1898; Popular Science Monthly, "The Scientific Method with Children," 1893, "The Educative Value of Children's Questioning," 1896, "School Gardens," 1898; Education, "The Æsthetic Side of Education," 1895, "The Inadequacy of the Transmission of Learning," 1896, "The Nature and Purpose of Nature Study," 1896, "Color Work in Public Schools," 1897, "Special Schools for Feeble-minded Children," 1898; Asa Gray Bulletin, "Mushrooms in Germany," 1900; Education, "Examinations," 1901, "Music in Elementary Schools," 1904, "Unrecognized Causes of Corporal Punishment," 1905; "The Conduct of Composition Work" (manual for teachers), published by D. C. Heath & Co., 1902; "Fifty Ancestors (genealogy) who came to New England from 1620 to 1650," published by David Clapp & Son, 1902; "A Public School Garden" (illustrated), New England Magazine, 1902; numerous articles on botany and mineralogy in educational journals.

Musical Publications: "Harvard Galop," White, Smith & Co., 1873; "Sea Song," "Summer Song" (1887), "Vacation Song," "Leaving Port" (1888), "The Spinner," "Evening Song" (1890), Ginn & Co.

Is a member of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, Boston Society of Natural History, and New England Historic Genealogical Society; chairman School Garden and Children's Herbarium Committee of Massachusetts Horticultural Society from 1894 to 1904. July 9, 1874, was married to Florence S. Grecley of South Boston. Philip Greeley Clapp was born August 4, 1888, and will enter Harvard in the fall of 1905 from the Roxbury Latin School, where he is editor of "The Tripod" and leader of the school orchestra; also organist of the Congregational Church, Massachusetts Avenue, North Cambridge. Residence, 70 West Cottage Street, Roxbury, Mass.

ZORESTER BENNETT COES, son of William Seth Leonard and Lydia Lee (Bennett) Coes, was born in Chelsea, Mass.,

April 6, 1847. Prepared for college at the Chelsea High School. During the fall of 1870 was engaged on the Engineer Corps of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad; in August, 1871, was connected in a similar way with the Kansas Central Railroad, remaining in Kansas until January, 1872, when he returned to Boston; 1872–74, surveying and water-work for the town of Woburn, Mass. Since that time has been engaged in machine-work in the ship and drawing office, principally with machine-tool firms in New England and Central West. Became member of American Society of Mechanical Engineers August, 1881. 1884–96 was connected with the Niles Tool Works Company, Hamilton, Ohio. At present is engaged in commission business in metal-working machinery, with location in Bourse, Philadelphia. Was married February 22, 1882, at Cranston, R. I., to Alice Miller of that place. Has two children, Harold Vinton Coes, born at Hyde Park, Mass., June 21, 1883, and Elizabeth Alden Coes, born at Hamilton, Ohio, May 3, 1886. His son is just finishing his Junior year at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in the course of mechanical engineering, and is president of the Society of Mechanical Engineers. Present address, Bourse, Philadelphia, and for mail, 64 Harvey Street, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa.

JOHN HANUN COLE, son of H. Wilbur and Abbie Brown (Shaw) Cole, was born at Providence, R. I., July 23, 1848. He was prepared for college by Professor Charles D'Urban Morris. After graduation, he studied in the Harvard Law School; received the degree of LL. B. in 1872, after which he took a post-graduate course until March, 1873; from March to October, 1871, travelled in Europe and the East; was admitted to the bar in Boston in December, 1873, and in New York in October, 1874, having entered the offices of Gray & Davenport of the latter city in the spring of 1873; on January 1, 1877, became a member of the firm; in 1879 was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States; withdrew from the firm of Gray & Davenport in October, 1880, and has ever since practised independently. Is a member of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, and for five years ending January, 1900, was a member of the Committee on Admissions of that association, the third and fourth years serving as secretary and

the fifth year as chairman of the committee; was also a member and secretary of the Executive Committee of that association for three years ending January, 1903, and was chairman of the House Committee during the same period. Was secretary of the Church Club of New York for six years ending April, 1898, and president of that club for two years ending April, 1900. Is a member of the Century Association, the University Club, the Harvard Club, and the New York Yacht Club, and is now a member of the Library Committee of the New York Yacht Club. Is a trustee of the Society of St. Johnland, chairman of the Committee on Trust Funds, and counsel to that corporation; and is also a trustee of other charitable corporations. Was married September 26, 1877, to Lucy May Smith of New York. Lucy May Cole was born December 31, 1881. Mrs. Cole died January 24, 1882. Was married June 11, 1885, at Oxford, England, to Josephine McIlvaine Hewson. Office, 35 Wall Street. Residence, 6 East 10th Street, New York.

*WILLIAM SAGE CROSBY, son of William and Mary Elizabeth (Bowles) Crosby, was born at Roxbury, Mass., November 8, 1848. He was fitted for college at the Roxbury Latin School, and entered in regular course with the Class in 1866. After graduation he entered the Harvard Medical School, where he remained until 1874, when he received the degree of M. D.; in the same year he was appointed assistant port physician of the city of Boston, and stationed at Deer Island; in the latter part of 1874 he removed to Littleton, N. H., where he intended to practise. While on his way to visit a patient, he took a severe cold, which was followed by pneumonia, causing his death. He died at Littleton, N. H., April 6, 1875, aged twenty-six years and five months.

LAURENCE CURTIS, twin brother of Classmate Louis Curtis, and son of Thomas Buckminster and Laura (Greenough) Curtis, was born in Boston, Mass., March 2, 1849. Attended early schools in Boston, and later three years, 1859–62, at Sillig's School in Vevey, Switzerland. Thence three years at the Lycée Impérial in Rouen, France, thence two years under private tutors in Paris and Germany. Entered College as Fresh Sophomore in 1867. Went abroad in 1869 and 1870; passed the year of 70–71 with

his family in Versailles. Witnessed many scenes of the Franco-Prussian war, the sieges of Paris by the Germans, and later during the Commune. Returned to Boston in 1871, and served as clerk for two years in the office of Messrs. Lee, Higginson & Co. In 1874 joined the Boston Stock Exchange and opened an office as stock and note broker. In 1879 formed a partnership with C. C. Jackson ('63) and F. Jackson ('71) under the firm name of Jackson & Curtis, stock brokers, and is still a member of the present firm of that name, but retired in 1899 from active participation in its business. Travelled in Europe in 1883, 1887, 1888, 1890, 1899, 1903. In 1892 was instrumental in popularizing the game of golf in America. Started the United States Golf Association in 1894. Served as its first vice-president for two years, and then as president. Published a magazine article, "The Rise of Golf in New England," in "Golfing," N. Y., September, 1895. Is a member of the following clubs: Somerset, University, Nahant, The Country Club, Toby Club, and honorary life member of the St. Andrew's Golf Club of Yonkers, N. Y. Unmarried. Address, 197 Marlborough Street, Boston, Mass.

LOUIS CURTIS, twin brother of Laurence Curtis, same class, and son of Thomas Buckminster and Laura (Greenough) Curtis, was born in Boston, Mass., March 2, 1849. Attended schools in Boston, in Vevey, Switzerland (1859–62), at the Lycée Impérial, Rouen, France (1862–65), and fitted for college with private tutors in Paris, entering the Class at the beginning of Sophomore year. After graduation spent the summer of 1870 in Europe. In November of the same year entered the Boston house of Brown Brothers & Co., Bankers, succeeding in 1878 his brother Daniel Sargent Curtis (H. U. 1846) in the management of the house, which he has carried on to the present time, and with whom is his address at 60 State Street, Boston. Has made frequent trips to Europe for recreation. Was married in October, 1890, to Fanny Leland Richardson, and has children, Louis Curtis, Jr., born August 6, 1891, and Laurence Curtis, 2d, born September 3, 1893.

REST FENNER CURTIS, son of Thomas Fenner and Annie (Fenner) Curtis, was born in Marion, Ala., November 24, 1850. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School, the University of Lewisburg, Pa., and under a private tutor. Has been

engaged in teaching, since graduation, at East Weymouth, Mass., Newport, R. I., Framingham, Mass., and Boston; in 1882 became one of the teachers in Chauncy Hall School; in 1884 was the head of the mathematical department. In 1891 became associate principal, while retaining his position in the mathematical department. In 1896 associated himself with the Hale School, Boston, and in 1897 became its principal; in 1904 became vice-president of the New England College of Languages, 162 Boylston Street, Boston ; allied with this is the Steinert Hall Preparatory School, in which he manages the mathematical department. He has been somewhat actively interested in the Appalachian Mountain Club, since its formation, and is now its vice-president; he has done some high climbing in the snow fields and glaciers of the Rocky Mountains in British Columbia. He has published some articles descriptive of this work. Is a member of the American Alpine Club, and has been for many years corresponding secretary of the Massachusetts Classical and High School Teachers' Association. Address, 162 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass., or 25 Kinross Road, Boulevard Station, Boston, Mass.

*LOUIS THOMAS CUSHING, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Adelaide (Baldwin) Cushing, was born in Boston, Mass., May 31, 1849, and died April 7, 1904. He prepared for college at Chauncy Hall School, Boston. After graduation he was engaged in farming in Madison, Wis., until November, 1872, when he moved to Cohasset, Mass. Studied law in the Boston University, receiving the degree LL. B. June 2, 1875, and was admitted to the bar June 5, 1875, practising at Cohasset. Since 1883 was actively engaged in cattle ranching in Tom Green County, Texas, where he passed a portion of each year. Was a representative in the General Court in 1883–84, trustee of the Cohasset Public Library since 1886, and a member of the Cohasset School Committee for the past twenty-five years. On February 14, 1871, was married to Mary Rebecca Johnson of Cohasset. The births of their children have been as follows: on May 2, 1872, Thomas Johnson; on December 31, 1873, Charles Baldwin; on January 6, 1876, William Fabens; on September 17, 1877, Robert Lee; on November 9, 1884, Richard Watson; and on November 25, 1886, Sally Fabens.

A number of years ago, Cushing strained his heart in attempt-

ing to rescue a boy who was drowned in the river near his house; he dived repeatedly and finally brought up the body, becoming very much exhausted from his efforts. He was never as strong afterwards, but no serious results were manifest until about three years ago, when he began to have attacks of cardiac asthma, which greatly reduced his strength. For a year his illness increased, confining him to his house, and finally to his room. His death was very sudden. He was a great sufferer, but bore his trial patiently and courageously.

ARTHUR HAMILTON CUTLER, son of Elihu and Rebecca (Temple) Cutler, was born in Holliston, Mass., January 26, 1849. He prepared for college at the local high school and under private tutors. After graduation, and until the autumn of 1873, was with Walter Brown & Son, wool commission merchants, New York; since then has been engaged in teaching in the same city. In the autumn of 1873 he organized the Cutler School for boys, and still remains its principal. Three hundred and sixty-three graduates of this school have entered college or schools of science, and one hundred and twenty-one of these have entered Harvard. In 1885 he received the honorary degree of Ph. D. from Princeton. In 1893 he was secretary of the National Conference on Mathematics which met at Harvard at the request of the Committee of Ten; in 1896 he was secretary of the Conference on Mathematics which met at Columbia. Is a member of the Century, University, and Harvard clubs in New York city, the Headmasters' Association of the United States, and several other associations of teachers. In 1897 he was president of the Schoolmasters' Association of New York. August 2, 1890, he married Mrs. Elizabeth Jones (Wilson). Has one son, Frederick Holland Wilson-Cutler. Address: 20 East 50th Street, New York city.

***FRANK DUPONT DAVIS.** After graduation he went into the house of Blake Brothers & Co. of Boston, to learn the business of banking. The department of the business to which he devoted himself was commercial paper. He remained with the Boston house about two years, when he was transferred to the New York house of the same firm. He at once made himself an important place in the house, attending chiefly to the paper dealt in, buying and selling for the firm, and himself conducting large

transactions. He very soon became so well acquainted with the dealers and the market, that his judgment was much relied on. In the summer of 1875 Mr. F. P. Olcott, one of the members of the firm of Blake Brothers & Co., with Davis, formed a partnership under the name of F. P. Olcott & Co., for the purpose of dealing in commercial paper. This new firm at once began to do a large business, being at one time agents for the State of New York for placing certain of its securities. To the great disappointment of Davis, Mr. Olcott, in the early part of 1877, was induced to accept the office of Comptroller of the State of New York, which he did, as he supposed temporarily, retaining his business connection in some degree with Davis, but leaving upon Davis's young shoulders the burden of their business. It was in the summer or spring after this that the constitutional weakness began to develop itself which afterwards entirely wrecked his health. There is little reason to doubt that had it not been for his constant and enforced devotion to his business this year, and the care and anxiety it gave him, standing as he did alone, his health would not have been so rapidly impaired. He was able to give himself no rest, when rest was the best and almost the only remedy. This position of affairs lasted until the summer of 1878, when Davis's health utterly broke down, and he very suddenly gave up everything, and, under the orders of his physicians, went to France. The last year of his life was spent in the south of France, and in Nice, where he died in June, 1879.

WALTER DEANE, son of Charles and Helen (Waterston) Deane, was born in Boston, Mass., April 23, 1848. He prepared for college at the Cambridge High School. Deane writes:—

"I spent the first year after graduation at my home in Cambridge, Mass., studying and doing some private teaching. In 1871 I became an instructor at St. Mark's School, Southborough, Mass., where I remained till July, 1878. A teacher in a boarding-school comes into very close touch with the boys, and among my pleasantest recollections of the life there are the hours spent not only in the school-room, but also in the field, playing on the ball team, on the pond in winter joining in the games of hockey, or perhaps in my room, talking with the boys who became so large a part of my life.

"In 1878 I accepted an invitation from Mr. John P. Hopkinson to become an instructor in his private classical school in Boston, and there I remained for seventeen years, assisting in the work of fitting the boys

for Harvard College. I resigned my position in 1895, carrying with me the pleasantest recollections of the teachers with whom I had worked so long, and the hosts of boys whom I had had a share in instructing.

"On December 31, 1878, I married Margaret C., the daughter of the Rev. Dr. J. G. T. Coolidge, and we have lived in Cambridge ever since.

"In the summer of 1880 my interest in the study of botany was suddenly aroused by the analysis of the little Dalibarda (*Dalibarda repens*, L.), a plant common in our rich New England woods. From that instant every spare moment for many years has been devoted to the study and collection of the flowering plants and the higher flowerless or cryptogamous plants of northeastern United States. This includes the trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants. My herbarium of mounted plants embraces the region of our country west to the 100th meridian, and south to the northern boundary of Tennessee and North Carolina. It contains, besides my own collections, plants from almost all the botanists of note who have collected in the above limits, among whom I may mention Mr. C. G. Pringle, the veteran professional collector, Mr. M. S. Bebb, the late renowned salicologist, Dr. Thomas Morong, the late eminent authority on the Naiadaceæ, Professor L. H. Bailey, horticulturist and botanist, formerly distinguished as an authority on the genus Carex, Professor Lester F. Ward, paleobotanist, Dr. J. N. Rose, special student of the Umbelliferæ, Professor B. L. Robinson, Mr. M. L. Fernald, Judge J. R. Churchill, and many others.

"The years 1896 and 1897 were spent partly in private teaching, and partly in compiling and editing the 'Flora of the Blue Hills, Middlesex Fells, Stony Brook and Beaver Brook Reservations of the Metropolitan Park Commission, Massachusetts.' I have published various botanical articles, mainly in 'Rhodora,' the 'Botanical Gazette,' the 'Torrey Bulletin,' and the 'American Garden,' among others sketches of the eminent botanists, Dr. Asa Gray, Dr. Sereno Watson, Dr. Thomas Morong, and Mr. M. S. Bebb, 'Notes from my Herbarium, 1–5,' 'The Ware Collection of Blaschka Glass Models of Flowers at Harvard,' 'A List of the Umbelliferæ and Ericaceæ of New England,' 'The Native Orchids of New England,' etc.

"I was phænogamic curator of the New England Botanical Club for 1898 and 1899, and have been vice-president since 1900.

"I have been secretary of the Old Cambridge Shakespeare Association since 1883.

"Since October, 1897, I have been associated with Mr. William Brewster of Cambridge, in his ornithological museum as assistant in charge of the large collection of birds and books, and I am an active member of the Nuttall Ornithological Club, and a member of the American Ornithological Union. My present address is 29 Brewster Street, Cambridge, Mass."

*S. NEWTON DEXTER, son of Andrew and Sarah S. (Gold) Dexter, was born May 19, 1848, at Whitesboro, N. Y., and died of consumption in New York, on February 21, 1899. His family was among the original settlers of Oneida County. He came of the New England family of Dexters, a member of which gave to Harvard a considerable endowment more than a century ago. His grandfather, S. Newton Dexter, who was a nephew of Samuel Dexter, of President John Adams's Cabinet, was one of the prominent and wealthy men of his time. After his graduation, in 1870, at Harvard, Dexter edited the "Rocky Mountain News" of Denver, Colo., for two years, and, except for a few years spent abroad, was connected with the editorial staff of the New York "Sun" from that time up to the date of his death. While abroad in the year 1890 he met his wife, a pianiste of reputation and publisher of several musical works, a resident of New York, of old Knickerbocker parentage, her mother having been a Cowenhoven, of the family of early Dutch settlers of that name. He was married August 10, 1892, to Marie Lovell, and for the four years prior to his death was associate editor, with his wife, of the "Parisian Magazine," of which they were the owners and originators, while filling at the same time his position as a night editor on the New York "Sun." He was a man of fine moral sense, of high intellectuality, with a nature of the truest delicacy and refinement. Although by education and association he was a Protestant, during his life he had always a strong tendency toward Catholicism, and before he died received the last rites of the Roman Church; he was buried from the Church of the Paulist Fathers, where high mass was celebrated by the Rev. Alex. P. Doyle. The pallbearers were Professors Charles F. Chandler and Charles E. Pellow of Columbia University, Edmund Wetmore, John Floyd, Arthur H. Cutler, and W. B. Crittenden.

ALEXANDER JAMES DALLAS DIXON, son of Fitz-Eugene and Catherine (Dallas) Dixon, was born in Philadelphia, October 4, 1850. Prepared for college at Reginald H. Chase's school, Philadelphia. Studied law with Morton P. Henry, Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar June 26, 1873; is residing and practising law in Philadelphia, his office address being 221 South Fifth Street. Was married on November 27, 1878, to Margaretta Sergeant of Harrisburg, Penn. House address: 709 Pine Street,

Philadelphia. Clubs: Philadelphia Club, Racquet Club, Huntingdon Valley Golf Club.

JOHN DIXWELL, son of Epes Sargent and Mary Ingersoll (Bowditch) Dixwell, was born in Cambridge, Mass., March 21, 1848. He prepared for college at a private Latin school. Entered the Harvard Medical School in the fall of 1870; graduated with the degree of M. D., 1873; has practised ever since, having his house and office at 52 West Cedar Street. Has been the general agent of the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children; director of the Industrial Aid Society of Boston; physician to the Boston Dispensary; member of the Boston Natural History Society, American Society for the Advancement of Science, Boston Medical Benevolent Society, Boston Medical Library Association; visitor for the Boston Provident Society, etc., director of the American Invalid Aid Society, and manager of the Hospital Music Fund. Is interested in industrial and charitable works here and elsewhere. Professional specialty of greatest interest thus far, diseases of the lungs and heart. Is married to youngest daughter of the late Captain H. L. Gurney.

WILLIAM WALTER DODGE, son of John C. and Lucy (Sherman) Dodge, was born in Cambridge, Mass., June 25, 1849. Was prepared for college at the Cambridge High School. Travelled abroad after graduation, and on his return devoted a year to the study of English and German literature, attending some courses of University lectures; after a few months in an office, entered the Harvard Law School in 1871; received the degree of LL. B. in June, 1873, and was admitted to the bar in July, 1874; at present is travelling abroad. Residence, Sparks Street, Cambridge, Mass. [No reply received.]

CHARLES ACTON DREW was born October 9, 1848, in Chelsea, Mass. Prepared for college at the Chelsea High School. After graduation studied law; was admitted to the bar July 1, 1873, and is practising in Boston. On August 3, 1875, was married to Hattie W. Clark, of Chelsea, Mass.; and on July 10, 1876, Bertha Vincent Drew was born. Residence Newton, Mass. Office, Equitable Building, Boston.

EDWARD DUDLEY, son of Thomas H. Dudley and Emmaline M. Dudley, was born in the city of Camden, N. J., January 17, 1849. His father was appointed United States Consul at Liverpool, England, November, 1861, and remained there until 1872. Was educated and prepared for college at the Royal Institution School of Liverpool, England. After graduation travelled in Europe and the East, returning in October, 1871; was then appointed United States deputy consul at Liverpool, England; was soon after made vice-consul, having full charge of the consulate; returned to America in January, 1873; studied law at Camden, N. J., with Peter L. Voorhees, Esq., and began to practise as attorney at law in November, 1874; is practising at Camden; in November, 1877, was admitted as counsellor at law; in February, 1878, was appointed by the chancellor of New Jersey a special master of the Court of Chancery; was also appointed a Supreme Court commissioner. On May 21, 1878, was married to Mary Shaw Bird of Philadelphia; and on April 1, 1879, Edward Lawrence Dudley was born. Mrs. Dudley died April 25, 1879. November 15, 1881, was married to Mary Thurber Brooks of Providence, and on June 11, 1884, May Irene Dudley was born. Mrs. Dudley died May 12, 1886. On July 15, 1895, left for San Francisco on a trip around the world, which lasted until June, 1896, during the trip visiting Honolulu, Japan, China, Siam, Singapore, Penang, Island of Ceylon, India from Calcutta to Bombay, overland, Arabia, Egypt, and Europe. On March 4, 1899, was married to Marie Gordon Mulock of New York. Is a member of the New York Yacht Club, the University Club of New York, the Manhattan Club of New York, the Union League Club of Philadelphia, the Harvard Club of Philadelphia, the Philadelphia Country Club. Summer residence, The Grange, Camden, N. J.; winter residence, 1723 Locust Street, Philadelphia. Office, 33 North 2d Street, Camden, N. J.

JOHN DWIGHT, son of John and Sarah Ann (Hastings) Dwight, was born in South Plymouth, Mass., August 20, 1844. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. In October, 1870, opened an English classical school for both sexes, called the Rahway Institute, in Rahway, N. J., where he remained until August, 1876, when he was appointed master of the Johnson School in Woburn, Mass.; the following year became master of the Cum-

mings School in the same town; and in November, 1877, was appointed a sub-master in the Lincoln School, South Boston; in December, 1889, was transferred to the Thomas N. Hart School, Boston, as sub-master; became master in 1895. On December 18, 1873, was married to Helen Louise Woodruff of Rahway; and on March 28, 1875, Helen Hastings Dwight was born; she died January 11, 1892; Bernard Woodruff Dwight was born March 30, 1881, and died January 7, 1882; Edith Marion Dwight was born August 13, 1883, and John Francis Dwight, October 20, 1885. Residence, 25 Algonquin Street, Dorchester, Mass.

CHARLES CROOKE EMOTT was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., December 11, 1850. Prepared for college in the Poughkeepsie schools and under a private tutor, joining the Class in the Sophomore year. Studied law in New York; received the degree of LL. B. from Columbia College in 1872; practised law in New York from 1873 to 1882, when he became secretary of the John J. Crooke Company, a corporation engaged in the manufacture of tin and lead foil. Resigned this position in January, 1905, and is not now engaged in any business. Is a member of the University Club in New York, and of the Society of the Cincinnati, Rhode Island Chapter. Was married May 22, 1873, to Leila C. Tuckerman of Cambridge, Mass. Has one son, James, born May 28, 1874. Address, Headley Road, Morristown, N. J.

***ANDREW OTIS EVANS**, son of Hosea Ballou Evans and Harriet French (sister of Hon. Jonas H. French), was born in Boston, Mass., May 26, 1847. He was brought up in the public schools of his native city; was graduated from the Brimmer (Grammar) School in 1860, receiving a Franklin medal; entered the English High School the same year. In 1862 he was awarded the prize for "excellence in the literary department," and the next year he received one for "general merit." After leaving the high school he spent a few months in Europe, confining himself principally to the study of German in Hanover; returning to Boston in the fall of 1865, he took a short course in the Public Latin School, and entered Harvard College in 1866, from which he was graduated in the year 1870. After a year spent in commercial pursuits in New York, he returned to Cambridge, and entered the Dane Law School, remaining one year there; and then at-

tended the Boston University Law School for another year, receiving from the latter institution his degree of LL. B. in 1873. After a few months of study in the office of Brooks & Ball, he began the practice of the law in November, 1873, and was prosperous from the beginning. His health failing him, he went on an extensive tour West in the winter of 1877, going by steamer from New York to San Francisco, and travelling for six months in California and other Western States. In the winter of 1878 he went South for his health; returned the following May, evidently improved, and remained in Boston until his death, September, 1879.

BENJAMIN MARVIN FERNALD, son of Benjamin A. Fernald, was born February 14, 1847, at Great Falls, N. H. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy and under a private tutor. Entered the law office of Judge Wiggin, Exeter, N. H., where he studied until April 16, 1873, when he was admitted to the Rockingham Bar and to a partnership with Judge Wiggin, with offices in Exeter and Boston; was made justice of the peace, and police justice for the town of Exeter; taught a grammar school from September, 1871, until July, 1872; since January 1, 1876, has practised in Boston. In 1881 and 1882 represented the town of Melrose in the legislature of Massachusetts; was chairman of the Committee on Taxation there in 1881, and was on the Judiciary Committee in 1882. Delivered the address on Memorial Day, 1888, before the U. S. Grant Post of the G. A. R. at Melrose. Represented the Sixth Middlesex District in the Senate of Massachusetts in 1891 and 1892. In 1891 was chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, and a member of the Judiciary Committee. In 1892 was chairman of the Judiciary Committee and chairman of Joint Special Committee on Public Reservation. In 1892 was appointed chairman of the Joint Special Committee to revise the judicial system of the Commonwealth, and report in print to the legislature of 1893. In 1892 delivered the address on Memorial Day at Saugus. On November 25, 1874, was married to Grace Fuller of Cambridge, Mass.; on September 12, 1877, Ethel Fernald was born, and on February 9, 1893, Paul Fuller Fernald was born. April 22, 1895, Paul Fuller Fernald died; May 5, 1896, Margaret Fernald was born. Is a director in the Melrose Coöperative Bank, a member

of the Melrose Savings Bank Corporation, treasurer and director of the Fells Ice Company; withdrew from the firm of Wiggin & Fernald January 1, 1900, and is practising law at 28 State Street, Boston, Mass.

GEORGE HARRISON FISHER, son of Joshua Francis and Eliza (Middleton) Fisher, was born in Abington, Montgomery County, Pa., June 25, 1849. He prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. Pursued the study of the law in the office of George W. Biddle, Philadelphia, until March, 1873, when he was admitted to the bar. On April 20, 1876, was married to Betsey Riddle of Philadelphia. On March 12, 1877, Anna Fisher was born, and on October 29, 1881, Francis Fisher. On January 18, 1899, Anna Fisher was married to William Howard Hart of Philadelphia; Francis Fisher of the Class of 1903, Harvard, died July 13, 1901. Is director of the Library Company of Philadelphia, member of Council of Historical Society of Pennsylvania, director of Athenæum of Philadelphia, vice-president of Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, director of Philadelphia Dispensary, treasurer of Fund for Disabled Clergymen of the Diocese of Pennsylvania. Clubs: The Philadelphia, The Philadelphia Country, Huntingdon Valley Country, Reform Club of New York, the Shakespeare Society of Philadelphia. Office, 308 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

ANDREW FITZ, son of Daniel Poland and Sarah Ellen (Brown) Fitz, was born in Pepperell, Mass., September 27, 1849. He prepared for college at the Salem High School. In October, 1870, began studying law with Perry & Endicott, Salem, Mass.; was appointed justice of the peace and notary public April 1, 1873; was admitted to the Essex bar October 3, 1873; November 1, 1877, formed a partnership for the practice of law with Tuckerman ('68) and Huntington ('70) at Salem. Partnership of Tuckerman, Huntington & Fitz dissolved by the withdrawal of Tuckerman, July 1, 1885; new partnership of Huntington & Fitz, July 1, 1885. December, 1893, was elected a member of the School Committee of Salem for three years, reëlected December, 1896, and December, 1899, and served nine years. Is now commander of 2d Corps Cadets, M. V. M., having joined the corps April 23, 1874, and having been elected lieutenant-colonel May,

1903. On February 13, 1878, was married to Susie J. Chase of Salem. On April 19, 1879, Ellen Mary Fitz was born; and on December 13, 1884, Daniel Chase Fitz, Harvard, 1905. Office, 256½ Essex Street, Salem.

LAURENS NORRIS FRANCIS, son of Ephraim and Maria Frances (Goward) Francis, was born in Windham, Vt., April 1, 1844. Prepared for college at the Taunton, Mass., High School. From August, 1870, until February, 1871, was principal of an academy in West Randolph, Vt.; until September, 1871, studied law with Judge Bennett (Bennett & Fuller) of Taunton, Mass.; from September, 1871, until January, 1872, taught at Southboro', Mass., and at Cambridge until September, 1872, when he returned to the Taunton office, at the same time entering on the duties of private tutor in Judge Bennett's family; in September, 1873, was admitted to the bar, and in the following December opened an office in Taunton; was clerk of the First District Court of Bristol from 1874 to 1879; was in Common Council of City of Taunton, 1881 and 1882. Was married to Minnie Field Worsley June 20, 1883. Their only child, Marjorie Worsley Francis, was born March 16, 1898. Resides at 19 Clinton Street, and his office is at Rooms 6 and 7 Crocker Building, Taunton, Mass.

THEODORE FROTHINGHAM, son of Theodore Frothingham, was born in Boston, March 22, 1849. His mother was a daughter of Frederic Wolcott of Litchfield, Conn. He prepared for college under Reginald H. Chase of Philadelphia, joining the Class in the Sophomore year. Engaged in business in Philadelphia as ship broker and commission merchant from graduation until July, 1886; then became connected with the Solicitors' Loan and Trust Company as secretary, and later as vice-president and treasurer; secretary and assistant treasurer of the Schuylkill River East Side Railroad Company since 1886; president of the Commercial Trust Company from 1894 until 1900; vice-president and treasurer of the Philadelphia Securities Company since 1898, and secretary of the Assets Realization Company since 1900. Was director of Young Men's Christian Association for a number of years, also director of Philadelphia Orthopædic Hospital for many years and treasurer for three years. Director of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for the

past five years, and as director is connected with a number of other corporations. Vice-president of the Harvard Club of Philadelphia from 1892–1895, and president from 1895–1898. Second vice-president of the New England Society of Pennsylvania from 1901–1903, and now president. Member of the Rittenhouse, Philadelphia Country, and other clubs. May 22, 1888, was married to Lucy Jaudon Harris of Philadelphia, and has four children: Theodore Frothingham, Jr., born April 19, 1889; Thomas Harris Frothingham, born April 5, 1891; Huntington Wolcott Frothingham, born September 19, 1893; and William Bainbridge Frothingham, born October 30, 1898. Address, 518 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

FREDERIC TIMOTHY FULLER, son of Richard F. and Sarah K. (Batchelder) Fuller, was born in Salem, Mass., September 11, 1850. Prepared for college at the Cambridge High School. Was engaged in carrying on the home farm at Wayland, Mass., from 1870 to 1875, when he accepted the position of instructor in English at Phillips Exeter Academy, being the first teacher employed in the English department, then recently founded. After teaching for three years, he resigned on account of physical incapacity for the work, and removed to Sioux Falls, Dak., where he was engaged in farming, negotiating loans, etc., until 1881, when he returned to Massachusetts and became a reporter on the staff of the Boston "Traveller." He continued in the service of that paper as State House reporter, writer of political gossip, and editorial assistant, until February, 1886, when sedentary overwork resulted in inflammation of the spine and a complete physical breakdown. After some months he recovered sufficiently to resume newspaper work as editor of the Charlestown "Tribune" and State House correspondent for the "Transcript" and other papers; but shortly afterward succumbed to a mental disorder due to overwork and anxiety. Is now in apparent good health. In January, 1885, his article in the Boston "Literary World," entitled "Hawthorne and Margaret Fuller," was widely commented upon. In 1893 and 1894 drafted and secured the passage of an "Act for the Reclamation of the Sudbury Meadows, and the protection of the public health in the valleys of the Concord and Sudbury rivers." Now receives private pupils for college and preparatory work. Was married November 2, 1871, to

Ella J. Sherman of Wayland. August 5, 1872, Mabel Warren Fuller was born; May 8, 1877, Clara Margaret Fuller; April 2, 1879, Lucy Fuller; May 27, 1885, Edwin Sherman Fuller; March 22, 1887, Richard Frederick Fuller; and May 27, 1888, Willard Perrin Fuller. Address, Cheever Street, Mattapan, Mass.

*JAMES BUCHANAN GALLOWAY, son of Andrew Jackson and Rebecca (Buchanan) Galloway, was born at Galloway Post Office, Illinois, March 2, 1848. He prepared for college at the Chicago High School and under private tutors, entering with the Class in the fall of 1866. After graduation he became junior partner of the firm of Andrew J. Galloway & Son, dealers and brokers in real estate, Chicago, Ill., at the same time reading law; in the spring of 1877 left the real-estate business, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1878. Until January 1, 1890, was alone in the practice of law, on which date he formed a partnership with Francis O. Lyman ('71), and James Patton, under the name of Galloway, Lyman & Patton, for doing a real-estate and mortgage loan business, meanwhile keeping his individual practice of the law till May 1, 1895, when he admitted a law partner, Adolph Traub, under the name of Galloway & Traub. In May, 1896, the firm of Galloway, Lyman & Patton was dissolved. Galloway printed a brochure on Captain John Smith, and wrote a number of articles on local matters, published in "The Economist" and other Chicago papers, the most important one being a report on the United States government work on the Chicago and Calumet Harbors and Rivers, prepared for the Chicago Real Estate Board in 1899. Was a member of the Real Estate Board of Chicago and the Real Estate Exchange of Boston, also of the University Club of Chicago, of which at one time he was president. For two years he had been a great sufferer from an affection of the throat, undergoing three operations, which afforded only temporary relief. Through his long and painful illness, he preserved his indomitable courage, striving with true heroism to regain what had been lost in a time of financial disaster. He died March 28, 1904. Galloway was an enthusiastic Harvard man and a most loyal member of the Class. He left a widow and two children, — Robert Slocum Galloway, born January 17, 1893, and Henry James Galloway, born August 16, 1894.

THOMAS BRATTLE GANNETT, son of William Whiteworth and Charlotte (Sanger) Gannett, was born in Roxbury, Mass., July 29, 1849. Prepared for college at the Cambridge Latin School. Left College at the end of his Junior year, but received his degree of A. B. on Commencement, 1897. Since, 1871 has been in the sugar refining business. Was married December 18, 1873, to Edith Francis Bates; has four children: Thomas Brattle, Jr., born February 28, 1876 (Harvard, 1897); Edith, born June 5, 1877; Charlotte Sanger, born August 20, 1878; and Robert Tileston, born May 12, 1893. Residence, Cambridge.

***FREDERIC WILLIAM GODON**, son of Rear-Admiral Sylvanus W. Godon of the United States Navy and Sarah K. (Nevins) Godon, was born at Philadelphia, June 3, 1848. He studied at home with his father until thirteen years of age, when he attended a Latin school in Philadelphia; he afterwards passed about a year at the Polytechnic College of Pennsylvania, and completed his preparation for college with William A. Kilburn at Lancaster, Mass., entering with the Class in 1866. After graduation he began the study of medicine in the office of Professor W. H. Van Buren, New York; was connected with the Charity Hospital at Blackwell's Island, and took the degree of M. D. at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in April, 1872; was then assistant at the Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, N. Y., until the summer of 1872, when he went abroad, where he pursued his studies in Ireland and on the Continent. He received, besides the degree mentioned above, that of Licentiate of the King and Queen's College of Physicians, Ireland, in October, 1872, and of Licentiate in Midwifery, in November, 1872. He returned to New York in the summer of 1874, and began the practice of his profession; but in the fall of 1875 removed to San Francisco. During his college course he was a frequent contributor to the daily and college papers, and he afterwards wrote several medical treatises. He was a member of a number of medical and scientific societies. He died suddenly, of quick consumption, at San Rafael, Cal., September 22, 1876, aged twenty-eight years and three months.

***SAMUEL FAY GREENE** was born at Pittsfield, N. H., February 25, 1846. He attended the district schools and the academy

in his native place until he was fourteen, when he left school and followed the occupation of a farmer. In his eighteenth year he began to fit for college, and entered the Sophomore class at Dartmouth in 1867; in September, 1868, he joined the Class of 1870 (Harvard) as a Junior. From September, 1870, until March, 1871, he was principal of a grammar school at Tarrytown, N. Y.; until the summer of 1872 was principal of the Gale Grammar School at Troy, N. Y., at the same time reading law in the office of Banker, Rising & Boise; passed the year of 1872–73 abroad, and on his return was admitted to the bar in St. Louis, where he practised up to the time of his death. He died, of malarial fever and diphtheria, October 16, 1877, at Collinsville, Ill., aged thirty-one years and eight months.

RICHARD THEODORE GREENER, son of Richard Wesley and Mary Ann (Le Brune) Greener, was born in Philadelphia, January 30, 1844. Prepared for college at the Phillips Andover Academy. September, 1870, principal Male Department Institute Philadelphia, Pa.; January, 1872, principal Sumner High School, Washington, D. C. While in this position became associate editor of "New National Era and Citizen." Was appointed law clerk in the office of the attorney for the District of Columbia. October, 1873, elected professor of mental and moral philosophy and logic in the University of South Carolina at Columbia, S. C.; 1875–77 member of the Board of Health of Columbia; did excellent service in matters of drainage and the city water supply; 1875 elected a member of the American Philological Association, and elected by the legislature a member of the commission to revise the school system of the State. While performing the duties of his own professorship in the South Carolina University, he assisted in the departments of Latin and Greek, Mathematics, and Constitutional History, pursued at the same time the study of law, and was graduated from the Law School of the University of South Carolina in 1876; December 20 was admitted to the Supreme Court of the State, after examination in open court. In the campaign of 1876 he took a prominent part for Hayes and Wheeler, and the Chamberlain government in South Carolina. While professor in the South Carolina University he acted as librarian, from May to November, 1875, rearranging the 27,000 volumes of that rare library, and began the preparation of a cata-

logue. A special committee of the General Assembly, December, 1875, said: "We commend, especially, the incalculable benefits which the untiring efforts of Professor Greener have added to the library of the University, through which a complete and perfect classification of the books has been made, and the whole appearance of the library improved." In April, 1877, he was summoned to Washington, before the Committee of Congress; May 22, 1877, he was appointed by Hon. D. M. Key, Postmaster General to a clerkship in the Post Office Department; July 26, 1877, after passing a civil service examination, he was appointed by Secretary Sherman a first-class clerk in the Treasury Department; April 14, 1877, was admitted to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, on motion of Hon. William A. Cook; December, 1877, became Dean of the Law Department of Howard University, serving until 1880. He began the active practice of law, 1878, a member of the firm of Cook & Greener. He devoted much time to literary and political work, being in active demand as a speaker and writer. In 1880 he was promoted to be law clerk to the First Comptroller, Judge William Lawrence, and helped edit the first three volumes of Lawrence's Reports. In 1879 he was made secretary of the Exodus Committee, and as such lectured in St. Louis, Chicago, New York, and Boston on the reasons for it, and debated the question with Frederick Douglass at the Social Science Congress at Saratoga, September 13, 1879. He volunteered to defend the colored Cadet Whittaker, 1880, at West Point, accused of mutilating himself. The case became a celebrated one. Mr. Greener demanded a court-martial for the cadet, after the decision of the Court of Inquiry, which was refused by the West Point authorities, and considered untenable by the United States Attorney General and the Judge Advocate General. Mr. Greener presented, in 1880, a legal demand upon the Secretary of War, which, after careful consideration by Attorney General Devens, was granted, December 28, 1880, thus establishing the precedent that a cadet at the United States Military Academy is an officer of the United States Army. This case lasted two years, and cost the United States government over $50,000. January 20 to June 15, 1881, he was associated with Daniel H. Chamberlain in the defence of Cadet Whittaker at the court-martial held in New York city. In March, 1882, he resigned his law clerkship to practise law. In 1882 he received the degree

of LL. D. from the College of Monrovia. Professor Greener was a member of the Republican conference held at New York, August 4, 1880, which united the Republican factions for Garfield, representing South Carolina, from 1876 to 1880 having been president of the South Carolina Republican Club at Washington. From 1875 to 1881 he represented that State in the "Union League of America." He was one of the "Committee of Thirty," Washington, D. C., on the inauguration of Garfield and Arthur, having taken an active part in the campaign of 1880, speaking in Ohio, Indiana, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, and Pennsylvania. In 1871, 1873, 1875, and 1876 he headed delegations of Republicans and colored men, who waited upon President Grant, and enjoyed the personal friendship and respect of the general, who first met him while visiting Harvard College in 1868. It was to Professor Greener that General Grant, in 1876, made the significant remark, "It 's time to unload." In 1884 he took part in the campaign, speaking for the Republicans in Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Maryland, and West Virginia. On the death of General Grant, July 23, 1885, he was chosen one of the Trustees of the Grant Monument Association, New York City, and from 1885-92 served as the secretary of the association. From October, 1885, to April, 1890, he was chief examiner of the Civil Service Boards of New York city and County. In 1892 he took part, as a Republican, in the campaign in New Jersey, New York, and Connecticut, under the auspices of the National Committee. In 1894 he was a delegate to the Unitarian Conference at Saratoga, and to the American Missionary Association at Lowell, Mass. He was secretary of the Irish Parliamentary Fund, 1886–87, which raised $150,000 for Parnell and Gladstone, and was secretary of the meeting at the Academy of Music, New York city, at which resolutions were sent to Gladstone. In reform movements in New York city, since 1885, he has been active for good government and clean politics, but always as a Republican. He was prominent in the reorganization of the Republican party of New York city, under the Committee of Thirty; was one of the incorporators of the Riverside Republican Club. He was an alternate to the Republican State Convention, October, 1894, which nominated Governor Morton, and a zealous worker against Tammany in favor of reform city politics; was one of the associate editors of the

"National Encyclopædia of American Biography." He was appointed by President McKinley Commercial Agent of the United States at Vladivostok, East Siberia, where he has been very active in promoting the interests of his country and has been the recipient of much commendation for the success and ability with which he has conducted his office. In 1892 the Chinese government conferred on him the Order of the Double Dragon, second class, third grade, for services rendered Chinese merchants and for aid in succoring the Shansi famine sufferers. He was married September, 1874, to Genevieve Ida Fleet of Washington. Their children are: Horace Kempton, born September 11, 1875, died May 11, 1876; Mary Louise, born January 27, 1877, now a Sophomore in the Girls' Normal School, New York city; Russell Lowell, born February 2, 1878, now a Sophomore in College of City of New York; Belle Marion, born November 26, 1879, now in Teachers' College, New York city; Ethel Alice, born December 20, 1880; Theodora Genevieve, born February 22, 1886; Charles Woodman, born August 10, died November 11, 1887.

(My last report from Greener was in 1903, but at the outbreak of the war with Japan he was still at Vladivostok. T. B. T.)

HERMAN JOHN GROESBECK, son of William S. and Elizabeth (Brunet) Groesbeck, was born in Cincinnati September 12, 1849. Prepared for college at private schools in Cincinnati. After graduation studied medicine in Edinburgh and Paris; was graduated at the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; received the degree of M. D. March 1, 1873, and L. R. C. S., Edinburgh, 1875. On November 5, 1872, was married to Elizabeth Perry of Cincinnati. The dates of the births of his children are as follows: Elizabeth G. Groesbeck, July 20, 1873; William G. Groesbeck, September 1, 1874; Herman V. Groesbeck, June 23, 1876 (died May 3, 1883); Perry Gray Groesbeck, March 23, 1879 (died May 4, 1883); and Herman G. Groesbeck, August 5, 1884. (No reply received.)

WILLIAM GARDNER HALE. By profession, student and teacher. Was tutor in Latin in Harvard College in 1874–76; in 1876–77 studied abroad, as Harvard Travelling Fellow, in Leipzig, Gottingen, and Rome; in 1877–80 was again tutor in

Latin in Harvard College; in 1880 was called to the professorship of the Latin Language and Literature in Cornell University, and in 1892 to the head professorship of the Latin Language and Literature in the University of Chicago, where he now is. Received the degree of LL. D. from Union University at the Centennial of 1895, and from Princeton University at the Sesquicentennial of 1896. Was president of the American Philological Association in 1892; was member and chairman of the Latin Conference, the report of which is published in the "Report of the Committee of Ten," 1894; was member of the subsequent similar committee, appointed by the American Philological Association and the American Educational Association, the report of which was published by both bodies in 1899. Has been associate editor of the "Classical Review" since 1888. Was appointed annual director of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens for the year 1888–89, but declined; was made chairman of the committee appointed to determine whether it was feasible to establish an American School of Classical Studies in Rome, and, later, permanent chairman of the managing committee. Was sent out as director, to establish the school, in the year 1895–96. Discovered in the Vatican Library a manuscript of Catullus of the first importance, hitherto concealed under a false number. Resigned the chairmanship of the managing committee in 1899. Has published the following, beside a number of short papers, and occasional contributions to "The Nation:" "The Sequence of Tenses in Latin," in the "American Journal of Philology," vol. vii, 4, vol. viii, 1, and vol, ix. 2 (also reprinted); "The *Cum*-Constructions: their History and Functions," forming Parts I and II of No. 1 of the Cornell Studies in Classical Philology, 1888–89; "Die *Cum*-Konstruktionen: ihre Geschichte und ihre Funktionen," being a translation of the above, by A. Neitzert, with an introduction by Berthold Delbrück, Teubner, 1891; "The Art of reading Latin: How to teach it," 1887; "L'Art de lire le Latin: comment il faut l'enseigner," being a translation of the above, by Keelhoff, 1890; "Aims and Methods of Classical Study," 1888; "Democracy and Education," "Proceedings of the American Philological Association," vol. xxiv (being the president's address for the year 1893); "The Place of the University in American Life," "Current Topics," November, 1893 (being the Convocation Address of the University of Chicago for July,

1893); "Should Greek be required for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts?" Report of the National Congress of Education for 1893; "'Extended' and 'Remote' Deliberatives in Greek," "Transactions of the American Philological Association," vol. xxiv (also reprinted); "The Anticipatory Subjunctive in Greek and Latin," 1894, being a pre-print from the first volume of the University of Chicago "Studies in Classical Philology;" "Un nuovo manoscritt di Catullo," in "Reports of the Reale Accademia dei Lincei," Rome, 1896; the "Codex Romanus of Catullus," "Classical Review," July, 1896; "Der Codex Romanus des Catull," "Hermes" xxxiv, 1 (1899); Reports as chairman and director of the School in Rome, "American Journal of Archæology," 1896–1899. Has in company with Professor Buck of the University of Chicago a Latin Grammar for Schools and Colleges (Forms by Mr. Buck, Syntax by Mr. Hale) in the press of Ginn & Co. (1900). Was married, in 1883, to Harriet Knowles Swinburne of Newport, R. I., and has four children: Swinburne, born 1884; Virginia Swinburne, 1887; Margaret, 1891; and Gardner, 1894. [From last Report. No reply received.]

*JOSEPH HEALY, son of John Plummer Healy and Mary Stickney (Barker) Healy, was born in Boston, Mass., August 6, 1849. For four years he attended the Chauncy Hall School; in the fall of 1860 he entered the Boston Public Latin School, where he completed the full term of six years, winning during the course twenty-one Lawrence prizes, and being graduated at the head of his class, with first prize for declamation and first Franklin medal. Entering College without conditions, he was a diligent and successful student, joining the Phi Beta Kappa in his Junior year. Upon graduation he began the study of law as a student in his father's office, and in the fall of 1871 entered the Harvard Law School, where he received the degree of LL. B. in 1873; the summer of 1872 was passed in Europe. Healy was admitted to the bar September 16, 1873, and at once began to practise law in Boston, in partnership with Otis Norcross, Jr. ('70), the firm of Healy & Norcross continuing until his death. He was admitted to practise in the Supreme Court of the United States, at Washington, D. C., March 22, 1880. He was one of the trustees of the valuable estate of the late Peter B. Brigham and of the Franklin Savings Bank of Boston; secretary and treasurer of the Boston

Latin School Association; vice-president of the Young Men's Benevolent Society; a member of the Boston Bar Association, the Union, St. Botolph, Pendennis, and Boston Antiquarian clubs, the Boston Memorial Society, and the Bunker Hill Monument Association; and at the time of his death was serving his second term as a member of the Boston Common Council. In the year 1878 he delivered, in the Boston Music Hall, the annual Fourth of July oration before the city government. He married September 26, 1877, in Brookline, Mass., Alice Hale Bird, and had one daughter, Helen Richards Healy, born May 26, 1878. Miss Healy was married in the Island of Cyprus, January 25, 1905, to Captain Herbert Cumming French of the Royal Army Medical Corps. After leaving college Healy enjoyed his usual good health. Friday morning, April 16, 1880, he awoke in severe pain; but having an early business engagement, he rode to his office; the pain increasing, he soon returned home, saying that he would be back in two or three hours. His family physician was at once summoned, but did not relieve him. The cause of his illness proved to be peritonitis, accompanied by hernia. Saturday, though very weak, he was thought to be out of danger; but he did not rally, and died shortly before midnight on Sunday, April 18. He was buried from King's Chapel April 22, the character of the audience which filled the church attesting the estimation in which he was held by his friends and the community. His classmates will appreciate the justice of the following tribute, written by one of their number, which appeared editorially in the Boston "Daily Advertiser," on the day after his funeral: —

"It seldom happens, in a city so large as ours, that the death of so young a man as Joseph Healy is so manifest a loss to the whole community; and yet, to those who have always known him, he has seemed to be only steadily and consistently fulfilling the promises of his early youth. Blessed with excellent abilities and an untiring industry, the tasks at school which others of perhaps equal ability but less application sometimes mastered, he never failed to master; and that he should lead his class and gain the most of the prizes which the Latin School could award followed almost as a matter of course.

"Entering Harvard thus prepared, and doing his college work with the same ability and fidelity that had characterized him at school, he was graduated with high standing in the largest class that had then left the College, and was ready to enter on the work of his profession and of his life. And now was developed a generous public spirit which was alone

necessary to round out and complement a character whose capacity for increasing the general good seemed almost without limit. Circumstances favored him; but there are few enough who will conscientiously do the works which others from day to day assign them. There are fewer still who will cheerfully and conscientiously do thankless work, however praiseworthy, which they have assigned themselves. It was desirable, for instance, that interest should be revived in the Boston Young Men's Benevolent Society, whose founders long since ceased to be young men. Clearly, whoever revived that interest would only have his trouble to reward his pains; but Healy interested himself and his friends in the cause, and with substantial results. Again, it was well for Boston and her most famous school that the Latin School Association should be made an active organization; and so, though never making himself particularly prominent, he did the work which has gone far toward making the society a permanent instrument for good. And so the list might be extended of cases in which he quietly did disinterested labor for the general welfare. Faithful and intelligent service in the Common Council was bringing him into a larger circle of acquaintance and recognition; but the qualities which commanded universal respect and esteem in the council chamber were only the results of the development of his early principles and character in a larger field. The purpose of this notice is merely to mention certain points of character which made the subject of this sketch a man whom the community could ill afford to lose. Of the further qualities which endeared him to his domestic and social circles, this is not the place to speak. Let it be simply said that his fidelity to his duty was only equalled by his fidelity to his friends."

JOHN EDWIN HILL, son of John and Sarah Ann (Simonds) Hill, was born in Stoneham, Mass., August 23, 1848. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. Until the spring of 1873 was with John Hill & Co., manufacturers and dealers in boots and shoes, Boston; then carried on the same business under the firm name of John E. Hill & Co. For the past two years has been engaged as selling agent in the same line of business. Office, 46 Lincoln Street, Boston. Married December 24, 1892, Caroline Ella Manning of Rockland, Me. Edwin Manning Hill, born December 22, 1894.

***THOMAS LESLIE HINCKLEY**, son of Thomas Hewes Hinckley and Sally Ann (Bent) Hinckley of Milton, was born in Milton, Mass., January 13, 1849. He was fitted for college at the Milton Academy, entering the Class of 1869 in the fall of 1865. Severe illness necessitated his withdrawal from College for a

year, and on his return in 1867 he joined the Class of 1870. After graduation he was for some time in the employ of the Hickory Coal Company of Philadelphia, but afterwards went to San Buena Ventura, Cal., where he engaged in the business of sheep-raising, and where he was joined by Hoar ('70). He died, after a lingering illness, in San Francisco, on November 1, 1875, aged twenty-seven years.

CHARLES EMERSON HOAR, son of Ebenezer Rockwood and Caroline Downes (Brooks) Hoar, was born in Concord, Mass., March 27, 1850. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. After graduation he was for four years in the railroad business in Nebraska and Iowa; then went to California, and for thirty years has been engaged in stock-raising and farming. Address, Simi, Ventura Co., Cal.

(The following extract from Hoar's letter to me, although not intended to be printed in the report, will I am sure prove to be of interest. T. B. T.)

"When I came here thirty years ago to join Hinckley, four young men, two from Philadelphia and two from San Francisco, forming a company, and all younger than I, were our nearest neighbors nine miles distant, and with us the only Americans residing on this large ranch of 96,000 acres. Hinckley died shortly after I joined him, and now the other four are all gone, the last of them this spring. So I am left with the doubtful honor of being the 'oldest inhabitant' of my immediate vicinage. . . . I may add as personal items, that my weight is 212, hair and mustache still brown, walk my four miles an hour easily, and, though horses are numerous on my ranch, prefer that method of locomotion about my ranch and the neighboring country, use my 20 lb. dumbbells occasionally, and can register an 800 lb. to 1000 lb. blow on a striking machine with my good right arm. Enjoy the ever recurring miracle of a California spring as much as I ever did. Smoke my ounce of tobacco per diem as of yore."

ARTEMAS HENRY HOLMES, son of Artemas Lawrence and Mary Margret (Bloomer) Holmes, was born in Galena, Ill., May 16, 1849. He lived in St. Louis until 1864, when his parents moved to New York. Fitted for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, Class of '66; entered the Harvard Law School in September, 1870; remained there until November, 1871, when business matters occasioned by his father's death obliged him to withdraw

without obtaining the Law School degree; resumed his law studies at St. Louis, Mo., in December, 1871; was admitted to the Missouri bar January 29, 1872; passed a year in travelling abroad, and on his return to New York city entered the law offices of Chittenden & Hubbard as a clerk; was admitted to the New York bar in May, 1874; became a partner in said firm on January 1, 1875; in May, 1877, formed a partnership with George H. Adams ('70), under the name Holmes & Adams, which continued for nineteen years. He has held no public office. Married Elizabeth J. Allen of Boston, Mass., November 6, 1875, who died September 1, 1876. Married Lillian Stokes of New York May 20, 1880. Children: Artemas Holmes, born October 16, 1881; Lillian Stokes Holmes, born May 1, 1884, who married John D. Crimmins, Jr., of New York, November 25, 1903, and Hilda Holmes, born March 11, 1890. Law offices, 66 Broadway, New York; firm Holmes, Rapallo & Kennedy. Is a member of the following clubs: University, Harvard, and Sons of the Revolution. Since he entered upon his business and social career, he has devoted himself strictly to professional and to the ordinary domestic and social pursuits, not seeking for but abstaining from political, literary, or social ambitions, and has enjoyed a most happy domestic life and a satisfactory amount of professional success. For the past few years his health has not been of the best, and he has suffered from deafness; for nearly ten years he has been counsel to the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. Residence, 453 Madison Avenue, New York.

RAYMOND FLETCHER HOLWAY, son of Philip and Susan (Bassett) Holway, was born in Boston, Mass., November 27, 1845. He prepared for college under private tutors, and joined the Class in the Junior year. Studied in the School of Theology of Boston University, where he took the degree of B. D. in 1873; in April, 1873, joined the New England Conference (Methodist), and was appointed to Blandford, Mass., where he remained until April, 1875, when he was appointed to Florence, Mass.; was ordained deacon April 11, 1875; in the spring of 1878 was appointed to Warren, Mass.; remained in Warren until the spring of 1881; was then appointed pastor of St. Paul's M. E. Church in Lynn; remained three years, the full time allotted by the rules of the denomination, and in the spring of 1884 was appointed pastor in

Newtonville; after serving the church there, was appointed, in 1887, to the pastorate of the first M. E. Church, Dorchester, in Boston. He served one year on the school committee in the town of Warren, and has been for several years on the Board of Visitors to the College of Liberal Arts, Boston University. In 1892 was appointed pastor of the Wesley Church, Salem, which charge he served until he was invited to become pastor of Trinity Church, Worcester, Mass., where he went in April, 1895; in April, 1898, was assigned to the pastorate of Trinity Church, Charlestown, Mass.; in April, 1903, was assigned to the pastorate of the Harvard Street Methodist Episcopal Church in Cambridge, Mass., where he now resides.

*HENRY KENNEY HORTON was born in Boston, Mass., February 2, 1849; attended various private schools,including St. Paul's and Mr. E. S. Dixwell's, and was fitted for college by Mr. Arthur Sedgwick, entering with the Class in 1866; was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Δ K E, and the Hasty Pudding Club. After graduation was with Bangs & Horton, wholesale coal dealers, Boston, in which firm he was a partner. In 1887 he passed six months in a voyage round the world for his health. November 25, 1873, was married to Marian Glyde Bigelow. On September 7, 1874, Edward Miller Horton was born; and on April 28, 1876, Kenneth Horton. He died of pneumonia December 15, 1887, aged thirty-eight years and ten months.

WILLIAM GOING HOSEA was born in Cincinnati, February 4, 1848. From graduation to October, 1875, resided in Cincinnati. Studied law at Cincinnati College, and received degree of LL. B. in April, 1872. Removed to New York, and resided there until May, 1888. From January 1, 1878, to May 1, 1885, was a partner with William H. Waring, Class of 1852, now dead. In September, 1886, went into business with the New York branch of Hussey, Howe & Co., Limited, steel manufacturers, of Pittsburg. In September, 1887, the New York branch of the house was discontinued, and in May, 1888, he returned to Cincinnati and resumed the practice of law there. Address, 49 Wiggins Block.

*ARTHUR LORD HUNTINGTON, son of Asahel and Caroline Louisa (De Blois) Huntington, was born in Salem, Mass., June 14,

1848. He was educated in the public schools of Salem, and fitted for college by the Rev. George B. Jewett and Master Oliver Carleton. Graduating from Harvard in 1870 with the degree of M. A., he spent a year at home, and in travel in Europe, beginning the study of law September, 1871, in the office of Messrs. Perry & Endicott at Salem. Entered Harvard Law School in the autumn of 1872, and was proctor in college until his graduation, in June, 1874, when he took the degree of LL. B. In the fall of that year he opened a law office in Salem with Horace Brown ('72), a partnership which continued until November, 1877, when he formed a partnership with Leverett S. Tuckerman ('68) and Andrew Fitz ('70). Mr. Tuckerman withdrew from the firm in 1885, and Huntington and Fitz remained partners until Mr. Huntington's death, October 19, 1902. Between the years '75 and '85 he took an active interest in politics, especially in the Congressional contests of that time, and served three years in the Common Council of Salem, of which body he was the presiding officer through two terms. In 1884 he was elected mayor of Salem, declining re-election on the ground of his health, which since his college days had never been very secure, obliging him at times to take long periods of rest, abroad and in this country. He was a member of the council of the Harvard Law School Association at one time, served for many years as director of the Salem Bank and Holyoke Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Bertram Home for Aged Men, Salem Fraternity, and was first president of the Salem Club, chairman of the Board of Salem Park Commissioners, and president of the Harmony Grove Cemetery Corporation, among other offices of service to the community in which he lived. In 1899 his health broke down completely, and the last three years of his life were spent in a vain struggle to regain it, — a struggle in which he had from the first no hope of success. Huntington had to a marked degree the gift of good fellowship and a sweetness of disposition as natural and easy to him as the breath he drew, which, with a subtle sense of humor and inborn tact, made him a charming and welcome companion. As such he will be remembered by his friends and classmates, while in the community of which he was a useful and respected member, his record is that of the peacemaker, and a man ever ready to do what he could to promote good will and the interests of neighborhood and town.

LEONARD HUNTRESS, son of Leonard and Lydia Ann (McKinnon) Huntress, was born in Tewksbury, Mass., September 25, 1848. Prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy. During the first year after graduation taught in the Riverview Military Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; then studied medicine in the office of Dr. Charles A. Savory, Lowell, Mass., and in Philadelphia, attending the winter course of lectures at the Jefferson Medical College in that city; received the degree of M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York in March, 1874; was abroad from June, 1874, to June, 1876, studying in Vienna, Strasburg, and Berlin; is practising in Lowell, Mass., where he has been a member of the School Board; in 1895 was appointed by Governor Greenhalge a trustee of the State Almshouse and State Farm, and is still a member of that board. Is a director in the Citizens' Fire Insurance Company of Boston, a trustee of the City Institution for Savings of Lowell, and chairman of the Lowell Board of Health. On September 13, 1881, was married to Elizabeth Eaglesham of Lowell. Elizabeth Stearns Huntress was born on May 23, 1882, and died December 28, 1892; Juliette Huntress, on January 17, 1886; Leonard Huntress, Jr., on October 23, 1888.

JAMES CLARK JORDAN was born in Boston, Mass., April 12, 1850. Prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. After graduation was for some time connected with the dry-goods house of Jordan, Marsh & Co. of Boston. Is now largely interested in San Francisco and Oakland real estate. On June 18, 1873, was married to Helen L. Stevens of Boston. Their children are: Helen Stevens Jordan, born March 16, 1875; James C. Jordan, Jr., born September 26, 1876, and Marion Jordan, born May 21, 1879. On January 6, 1892, was married to Jeannette Amanda Stiles. Boston address, Hotel Touraine.

CHARLES WILLARD KETTELL, son of George Adams and Catherine Martin (Willard) Kettell, was born in Charlestown, Mass., November 3, 1848. Was prepared for college at the Charlestown High School. In June, 1873, was graduated from the Lawrence Scientific School, receiving the degree of S. B. *summa cum laude;* since then has been practising mechanical engineering in Fitchburg, and, in connection with the United States Engineer

Corps, had charge of the works for the improvement of the Merrimac River; for nineteen years was connected with the George F. Blake Manufacturing Company of Boston. He now has his own office in the Exchange Building, 53 State Street, Boston.

Kettell writes: —

"Am a member of the Boston Society of Civil Engineers, and many years ago read a short paper before this society on 'Grant's Calculating Machine;' also of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, in the 'Transactions' of which will be found a paper written by me on the 'Strength of Pump Cylinders,' rather too mathematical to be read by many. With my wife I have been a member of the Old Cambridge Photographic Club since 1892, and we have been fortunate enough to secure several prizes or 'honorable mentions' for our photographs in the various annual competitions.

" Last spring I was elected for a second term of three years as a member of the Parish Committee of the First Parish of Lexington. Am a member of the Lexington Historical Society.

" I have accepted a position as member of the Advisory Committee on Instruction in Mechanical Engineering in the Boston Y. M. C. A.

" My son has my fondness for mathematics, and has just graduated from the grammar school with credit. He has been president of his class for the past year.

" My wife and I enjoyed a trip to Europe in 1896, visiting England, France, Switzerland, and Holland; and again in 1899 we went to England. On the former trip I had the unique experience of being arrested by two Swiss soldiers for photographing what I mistook to be a pretty bridge on the St. Gothard Pass. For the credit of the class I will add that this involved no discomfort beyond an explanation in my very poor German to the commanding officer."

Was married on June 1, 1886, to Fanny Russell Hawes of Worcester; July 14, 1887, Margaret Willard Kettell was born, and November 26, 1890, Russell Hawes Kettell. Residence, Lexington, Mass.

FREDERIC KIDDER, son of Edward W. and Ann (Potter) Kidder, was born in Wilmington, N. C., November 12, 1847. Prepared for college at private schools in Stockbridge, Mass., and New Haven, Conn., entering the Class in the Sophomore year. Since graduation has been engaged in the lumber business and rice planting at Wilmington, N. C.

BABSON SAVILIAN LADD, son of John Savilian and Mary Ann (Butler) Ladd, was born in Cambridge, Mass., September 6, 1848. He was prepared for college at the Cambridge High School. From January 17, 1870, to July 1, 1872, taught in the Worcester (Mass.) High School; July 8 entered the law office of Lathrop, Abbott & Jones, 13 Pemberton Square, Boston; was at the Harvard Law School four months; was admitted to the bar March 27, 1875; since January, 1876, has been practising in Boston; from October, 1883, until March, 1887, was in partnership with James R. Carret (Harvard, '67). From May, 1881, until into September, 1883, travelled in Europe with his family. On November 16, 1878, was married to Ella Cora Brooks of Milton, Mass.; and on February 16, 1880, Paul Dean Ladd was born, who died January 22, 1885; Alice Ladd was born February 5, 1885; Amelia Ladd was born August 5, 1886; and John Wood Brooks Ladd, March 27, 1889. Office, 10 Tremont Street, Boston.

AMORY APPLETON LAWRENCE, son of Amos Adams and Sarah Elizabeth (Appleton) Lawrence, was born in Boston, Mass., April 22, 1848. He prepared for college at E. S. Dixwell's School in Boston and under a private tutor. In September, 1870, entered the dry-goods commission and manufacturing house of Lawrence & Co., Boston; admitted into the firm in February, 1871. January, 1873, was made a director of the Massachusetts National Bank; resigned in 1883, desiring to devote himself to the organization of new business, his firm having taken the Pacific Mills account; was made a director of the National Union Bank in 1887. Was made president of the Salmon Falls Manufacturing Company; also the Ipswich and Gilmanton Mills; was made a director in the Dwight Manufacturing Company, Cocheco Manufacturing Company, and Pacific Mills. Appointed trustee of the Church Home for O. & D. Children; trustee, Provident Institution of Savings; vice-president Perkins Institution for the Blind; vice-president Massachusetts Hospital Life Institution; vice-president Industrial School for Crippled Children. In 1891 was made treasurer of the Boston Episcopal Charitable Society; in 1897 was made treasurer of the Groton Water Company; served three years during the organization of the company. By request of the Associated Board of Trade of Boston, served during the years of 1898 and 1899 as one of Mayor Quincy's

advisory committee. In 1901 was made president of the Boston Merchants Association, which office he held for several years. In 1903 was made one of the members of the executive committee of the Good Government Association of Boston, and the same year was made a member of the Executive Committee of the Civic Federation of New England. Travelled abroad during the summers of 1872, 1889, 1894, and 1900. Travelled in California during the summers of 1893 and 1901. In February, 1898, went abroad with his daughter to travel, but was obliged to return in May, owing to the Cuban war. On June 1, 1871, was married to Emily Fairfax Silsbee of Salem, Mass. Mrs. Lawrence died April 4, 1895. Amos Amory Lawrence was born December 1, 1874; John Silsbee Lawrence on September 6, 1878; and Edith Lawrence on November 10, 1879. His son Amos graduated from Harvard College in the Class of 1896. His son John graduated from Harvard College in the Class of 1901. On June 12, 1900, was married to Gertrude M. Rice of Boston. Office, 89 Franklin Street, Boston. Residence, Boston.

WALDO LINCOLN, son of Daniel Waldo and Frances Fiske (Merrick) Lincoln, was born in Worcester, Mass., December 31, 1849. He was prepared for college at the Worcester High School. After graduation passed one year at the Lawrence Scientific School; January 1, 1872, entered into partnership with Joseph P. Mason (formerly of '70) of Worcester, Mass., the firm carrying on business in iron and steel in Worcester; partnership dissolved March 18, 1875; engaged in the manufacture of copperas and Venetian red, with Cutter of '69, at Worcester; dissolved this partnership in 1890, and continued alone until July, 1893, when he retired, and has since had no active business; was for ten years treasurer of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute and a member of the Board of Trustees; from May, 1894, to June, 1896, was in Europe with his family, and since then has devoted his time to historical and genealogical studies. In April, 1898, he published "Four Generations of the Waldo Family in America," in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, and in 1902 as complete "Genealogy of the Waldo Family" in two volumes. Has held no political office, but was a candidate for the Electoral College on the Democratic ticket in 1884. Is a member of the American Antiquarian Society, Colonial Society of Massachusetts,

New England Historic Genealogical Society, and Massachusetts Historical Society. Clubs: Worcester, Tatnuck Country of Worcester, Colonial of Cambridge, Union of Boston, Tavern of Boston. On June 24, 1873, was married to Fanny Chandler of Worcester, and has five children: Merrick Lincoln, born March 25, 1875; Josephine Rose Lincoln, born February 28, 1878; Daniel Waldo Lincoln, born September 2, 1882; George Chandler Lincoln, born August 6, 1884; Dorothy Lincoln, born March 4, 1890. Address, Worcester, Mass.

GEORGE SHERMAN LITTLEFIELD, son of George Thomas and Anna (Thorp) Littlefield, was born at Watertown, Mass., April 2, 1851. He prepared for college at the Somerville High School. Studied law a portion of the time at the Harvard Law School until October 4, 1872, when he was admitted to the bar. Has practised ever since in Boston; is now in partnership with Calvin S. Tilden (Harvard, 1898) as Littlefield & Tilden. December 24, 1872, was made a justice of the peace for Middlesex County, and still holds commission. On February 16, 1875, was appointed notary public, and still holds commission. In November, 1875, was made a trial justice for the same county; was appointed special justice of the 4th District Court of Eastern Middlesex at its opening, July, 1882, and still holds that office. Was chairman of the School Committee of Winchester for ten years, and had nineteen years of service on the board; was historian of the Winchester Historical and Genealogical Society during its existence. On June 29, 1874, was married to Georgiana Stevens of Somerville, Mass. On September 19, 1876, Anna Sherman Littlefield was born; on September 19, 1880, Arthur Stevens Littlefield was born. Anna S. Littlefield was married to Samuel F. Perry on September 15, 1903. Is a member and a director of the Calumet Club of Winchester; has been quite prominent in club league bowling, being secretary of two leagues and president of another. Residence, Winchester, Mass.; office, 293 Washington Street, Boston.

***FRED WADSWORTH LORING**, son of David and Mary Hall (Stodder) Loring, was born December 12, 1849, in Boston. He entered college from the Phillips Academy, Andover, in 1866, and was graduated with the Class. Having chosen journalism as

his profession, he devoted himself to that work, contributing articles to several of the leading periodicals; some of his writings were issued in book form. In 1871 he accompanied a United States expedition to the West, as correspondent of "Appletons' Journal," and while on this expedition was killed by the Apache-Mohave Indians, the stage on which he was travelling being attacked a short distance from Wickenburg, Ariz., and all but two of the occupants murdered. This occurred November 6, 1871. His age was twenty-one years and nine months.

*ETHELBERT MILLS LOW, eldest son of Josiah O. Low and Martha Elizabeth (Mills) Low, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., October 1, 1848. His early school life was passed at the Brooklyn Collegiate and Polytechnic Institute; at the age of fifteen he was obliged to leave school on account of ill health, and his studies were continued under private tutors. During his preparation for college he gave great attention to his health, and by careful and diligent practice in and out of the gymnasium, he came to Harvard strong and well; this practice he continued faithfully through college, and easily took rank among the best oarsmen, boxers, and gymnasts of his time. He was a faithful and conscientious student; was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Δ K E and O K societies, and the Hasty Pudding Club; and at the beginning of his Junior year he accepted the position of captain of the University Crew, but after a few weeks, yielding to the advice of his family and physician, resigned and gave up college boating. Soon after graduation, he travelled around the world with his father, mother, and sister. Upon his return home in the fall of 1871, he entered the business house of A. A. Low & Brothers, and in a short time was placed at the head of their tea department. January 1, 1875, he became a member of that firm, and continued so up to the time of his death. While giving the strictest attention to business, he yet found time for other duties and for a large amount of reading, the very good library he had in his college room in Garden Street having become an excellent one at his home in Brooklyn; he kept himself well informed upon all literary and scientific matters, and his familiarity with almost every subject that might arise in course of conversation was a striking characteristic. He gave much time to the study of languages and to music; he was an active member, and for some

while president of the leading Brooklyn Glee Club; he was secretary of the Art Association of Brooklyn, and a prominent and busy member of the Hamilton Literary Society. He took a great interest in politics; and he was one of the leaders in the movement for municipal reform in Brooklyn, which resulted (since his death) in the election of his cousin and business partner, Mr. Seth Low, to the mayoralty. In every way he was a gentleman, quiet and dignified. His letters (private and public) and his conversation were brilliant, entertaining, and witty; he had a genuine love for fun, and was a favorite in every social circle. Low married, June 6, 1878, Mary L. Ide of Brooklyn, He purchased a house in Grace Court, near his father's residence, and here his only child, Ethelbert Ide Low, was born April 25, 1880. Both wife and son survive him. Soon after his return from abroad in 1871, he became troubled with dyspepsia; by care and exercise he kept himself for the most of the year in good health, but often in March was obliged to leave his business. During the last two years of his life he was not so well, which in part may have been due to an accident while riding, which deprived him of the full use of one wrist, and thus of the exercise so essential to him. In February, 1881, he caught a severe cold after singing in a concert. Not ridding himself of it readily, he went to a favorite place at the seashore for change of air and out-of-door life. At first he improved, but again taking cold he became much run down, and returned to Brooklyn. On April 28, by the advice of his physicians, he went to Philadelphia to place himself under the care of Drs. Mitchell and Sinkler. Again everything looked promising for him, when his digestion failed him, and he was taken to Atlantic City. Here, in July, he was suddenly taken with bowel trouble, and was carried back to Philadelphia, where he died a week later, at four o'clock in the afternoon of July 29, 1881. His funeral took place from his father's house in Brooklyn, August 1, 1881. He was buried in Greenwood Cemetery. From an obituary notice, written by an old friend, who had known Low intimately since graduation, the few lines following are taken: —

"The pride and joy of his family circle, he was a devoted son and brother, and a most affectionate husband and father. As he took leave finally of the near and dear ones, the scene was very touching, while yet the emaciated sufferer was calm and triumphant. He was willing and

glad to go, if such was the mind of his Heavenly Father. It was the evident will of God; and so, saying his last adieus to those who were standing at his bedside, sending messages of love to absent friends and relatives, and asking that his infant son should be brought up to be a God-fearing man, he passed peacefully away. He had already realized a strong and well-rounded character. His manhood, like his youth, was stainless; and for all the devotion and care which parents had extended to him in his education and training, he returned, in all that he was and did, a full measure of reward, pressed down and running over."

*PERCEVAL LOWELL, eldest son of Robert Traill Spencer (Harvard, '33) and Mary Anne (Duane) Lowell, was born in Newark, N. J., November 13, 1850. Was prepared for college at the Cambridge High School, entering with the Class in 1866. After graduation he engaged in the railroad business, in which he continued until compelled by ill health to resign his position on the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railway. During the sixteen years devoted to this work, he occupied the following important positions: until April 1, 1874, was cashier and paymaster of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, at Burlington, Ia., and secretary and auditor of the Quincy, Alton, and St. Louis Railway Company, at Quincy, Ill.; Streator, Ill., April 1, 1874, auditor and general ticket agent of the Chicago, Pekin, and South Western Railroad; Omaha, May 3, 1876, general ticket agent of the Burlington and Missouri Railway, in Nebraska, and leased lines; November 1, 1876, acting general freight agent of the same; November 1, 1877, general freight and ticket agent of the same; March 17, 1879, "in the absence of the general manager, all matters connected with the interests of the road will be referred to Perceval Lowell, general freight agent, who will have jurisdiction;" June 1, 1880, assistant general manager of the same; May 13, 1881, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railway; October 1, 1886, resigned his office, being in Southern California on account of ill health. Lowell died on December 9, 1887.

From an article in the Boston "Transcript" of February 17, 1888, the following interesting extracts have been taken: —

"Perceval Lowell died a few weeks since of consumption, in Southern California. Some words about him are called for by his many friends thousands of miles asunder, and may be not unwelcome to others; for he was one of those who live for more than themselves, and who leave a

worthy example. Though young he had achieved in a short life a wider influence than common, and greater than common success in his work, which beforehand might have been thought not very congenial to him, and had won respect from those who had dealings with him and love of those who knew him, both more and stronger than common.

"From his earliest childhood, in Newark, N. J. (where his father, the author of 'The New Priest,' had a parish), and next in a rural parish in New York, he was always manly and trusty, and a champion of the younger and weaker. He was believed in and referred to, at his early schools, by children and teachers alike. Later, at the Cambridge High School, preparing for Harvard, and afterwards at the University, he was during the term-time of each year, under the tutelage of his aunt, the late well-known Mrs. Anna Cabot Lowell.

"From home influences, and school and University, high-spirited, generous, well-bred, with a fine taste, and a cultivated love of thoughtful and scholarly reading, and taking to himself gladly, as a rule of life, the knowledge that, under God, he must win his own success by his own character and work, he went, at his graduation in 1870, to the West. He had chosen for the business of his life railroad work, in which was offered him a place to begin not far from the bottom, as he was more than ready to do.

"Beginning, then, where he could find a place, he was moved about in the first years, as a young man must be, from one post to another, but continually gained in estimation, and was advanced to trusts beyond his years. Experience showed that to his strength of character and attractiveness of manners were added remarkable and rare abilities for business and dealing with men. His power of mastering and accomplishing work was wonderful, as is probably the case with all very successful men.

"It was described by one who had seen it with the eyes of an expert, — a well-known railroad man, — referring to the greatness of the loss inflicted by Mr. Lowell's withdrawal for ill health, 'He did the work of two men; he could and he did. No one else could keep up with it.'

"But all along, beside what was seen and approved of, in his own department was a great deal that was unknown, and, as need not be said, unpaid, but especially characteristic of him. More than one man was brought out of the despair of tangled and broken accounts by the intelligent work, through long nights, of his free-hearted young neighbor; and many a youth has been set forward by him, and cheered on or checked, and has been shown a good way. His own words give the rule by which he acted: 'I suppose there's nothing better, while we're in this world, than to help others as much as we can.'

. . . . . .

"To the last he was thoughtful for others, not for himself. To the last he was making new and warm friends. One of these, who was with him at the end, wrote: 'If I were to express one hope for the future of my little son, it would be that he might, some day, make *as true a man*

and *as perfect a gentleman* as Mr. Perceval Lowell.' So '*qualis ab incepto processit, servabatur ad imum.*'

"He passed away gently, in the faith and hope of a Christian man. God give him rest eternal!"

HORACE GRAY LUNT, son of Orrington and Cornelia (Gray) Lunt, was born in Chicago August 13, 1847. He prepared for college at the Phillips Andover Academy. Studied law in Chicago; was admitted to the bar January 10, 1873; practised law in Chicago until January, 1886, when ill health compelled him to abandon both his profession and home. Resided a year at San José, Cal.; afterwards went to Colorado, and at present is living in Colorado Springs, Colo. Appointed by the governor judge of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of Colorado, January 24, 1895. Elected, November, 1895, for six-year term as such judge. Resigned May 3, 1899, and resumed the practice of law at Colorado Springs. Degree M. A., Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., in 1878. September 3, 1874, was married to Caroline K. Isaacs of Chicago. The births of their children have been as follows: Horace F. Lunt, June 3, 1875; Nina M. Lunt, June 7, 1877; Regina Lunt, October 1, 1879; Carolyn Lunt, February 8, 1884; Lawrence K. Lunt, June 12, 1886. His son Horace graduated from Harvard College in the Class of 1898, and his son Lawrence will enter in 1905.

***HARRY WILCOCKS McCALL**, son of Harry and Charlotte Manigault (Wilcocks) McCall, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., February 4, 1849. His father, born in Louisiana, was of a Scotch family that came from Glasgow to the United States in 1700. On the mother's side the father was Welsh, of the family of Evan Jones, who had first settled in Pennsylvania, but afterwards moved to Louisiana and bought the plantation named Evan Hall, now passed by inheritance to the McCalls, and often known by their name. His mother was born at Clifton, Pa., on the Delaware River. The Wilcockses came from England to Pennsylvania. The Manigaults (his mother's family) are a Huguenot stock, originally settled in South Carolina.

McCall was prepared for college in Philadelphia, mostly under private instruction by R. W. Chase, a Harvard graduate, and —— Preston ——. He entered Princeton College in 1867 as

Sophomore, and remained there until the middle of Junior year; then spent a few months in Cambridge, with Anthony Hill as tutor, and was admitted to the Senior Class at June examinations of 1869, and was graduated in 1870. He obtained for the year 83 per cent. of the attainable marks, and was ranked 36 in a class of 130. He took no post-graduate course, but spent three years abroad in travel and desultory study.

In 1873, for the first time, he went to Louisiana, to take part in the management of the large sugar estate of his family on the Mississippi River, 80 miles above New Orleans. After the death of his father, in 1886, the responsibility of direction descended to him, though shared by cousins who had inherited from another brother. Every winter, from 1873, he spent from four to six months in this work, until the condition of the Southern States and the interests of the negroes became very strong factors in his thoughts and life. In this connection he was appointed a member of the "Church Commission for Work among Colored People;" he always attended its meetings and labored earnestly for its ends, as the resolutions passed by that body at his death strongly testify.

His summers were passed in the North, mainly at his home, One Oak, Germantown, Pa. He married, October 1, 1878, Phebe Warren, second daughter of Edward Ingersoll, Esq., of Germantown. His leisure was largely devoted to reading, especially in history, theology, and sociology. His active energies were much given to St. Luke's Church in Germantown, of which he was a warden, to various public charities, and to the work of the Diocese of Pennsylvania, of whose convention he was a member. How zealously and effectively he worked for these objects is shown in a remarkable obituary notice in the New York "Churchman" of June 24, 1894, signed by Samuel Upjohn, rector of the parish, who speaks with great directness, emphasis, and feeling, for the vestry and congregation, as well as for himself.

He died at his Germantown home, June 18, 1894, in his forty-sixth year.

McCall was not given to publicity, and his private life can ill be told in a brief public notice. But worth and nobility of character were expressed in extraordinary degree in his blameless, stainless life. A gentleman of Nature's making and God's training, he added high culture of intellect to refinement of manners, and to these an extreme loyalty to duty in every relation.

In howsoever quiet lives exhibited, these qualities should in every way be held up for example and praise. This ideal is truly an *academic* one, and any university that produces men of McCall's type of strength and beauty — mental, moral, spiritual — may rightly be proud of her sons.

CHARLES BARNSLEY McMICHAEL, son of Morton and Mary Estell McMichael, was born in Philadelphia, February 23, 1850. He prepared for college at Chase and Labberton's School, Philadelphia. Began the study of law in September, 1870, and was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia, on May 25, 1872. In November, 1875, was offered the position of First Assistant United States Attorney, but declined. In 1881 was appointed solicitor for the Guardians of the Poor. Held this position for two years, and was then promoted and given charge of the preparation and trial of all cases in which the City of Philadelphia was a party. By gradual promotion attained the position of first assistant city solicitor, and had under his supervision a large amount of litigation, including the preparation and trial of suits both at law and equity in the courts of Common Pleas, and in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. In September, 1892, resigned the position of first assistant city solicitor, and resumed private practice. Was appointed judge of the Court of Common Pleas, No. 3, of the First Judicial District of Pennsylvania, by the governor of Pennsylvania, March 5, 1896, and in November, 1896, unanimously elected for a term of ten years from the first Monday of January, 1897; was president of the Harvard Club of Philadelphia for three years.

Published a "Digest of Statutes and Adjudicated Cases relating to the Municipal Law of the City of Philadelphia."

On June 7, 1877, was married to Anna Mallet Prevost, who died January 28, 1904; on February 18, 1879, Caroline Sutherland McMichael was born, and on May 22, 1887, Charles Prevost McMichael was born.

BENJAMIN PICKMAN MANN, son of Horace and Mary Tyler (Peabody) Mann, was born in West Newton, Mass., April 30, 1848. Prepared for college at the Concord, Mass., High School and under Professor E. W. Gurney, entomologist to government of Brazil, January to June, 1871, under special commission. Lec-

turer and instructor in entomology and botany, 1872 to 1880, including a term in botany at Bowdoin College in 1877, and in entomology at Martha's Vineyard Summer Institute in 1878. Secretary of numerous entomological societies almost continually during same period. Compiler of "Mann's Reference Indexes" and specialist in preparation of bibliographical lists; devised improved system of genealogical tables; contributor to magazines and newspapers on scientific, bibliographical, and sociological subjects; editor of Catalogue of Phænogamous and Vascular Cryptogamous Plants, 1872. Sole editor of "Psyche," the monthly magazine and organ of the Cambridge Entomological Club, 1874 to 1876, and managing and bibliographical editor, 1877 to 1885. For one year president of this club. Recorder and computer at Harvard College Observatory early in 1879, and again in 1880. Opened a private school in Boston with an associate in 1879, but soon withdrew; filled temporary positions as instructor at Dudley School, Roxbury, and at Roxbury Latin School in 1880. From 1881 to 1886 assistant entomologist and assistant in Entomological Division of U. S. Department of Agriculture, engaged mostly in bibliographical work; in early part of 1887, in charge of rearranging and cataloguing the library of that department. From August, 1886, to July, 1887, examiner in U. S. Civil Service Commission. In May, 1887, took examination for reëntry into civil service, passing at highest percentage ever attained. Resigned from commission, July 31, 1887; refused clerkship in Post Office Department in August; accepted clerkship in War Department in September; resigned that in October to accept appointment as assistant examiner in Patent Office, where he now is. Was an organizer of the Civic Centre of the city of Washington, D. C., and chairman of its Committee on Pauperism; was for several years vice-president of the Charity Organization Society of the District of Columbia; member of Board of Children's Guardians of the District of Columbia from the organization of the board, appointed originally in 1892, reappointed in 1894, 1897, 1900, and 1903; secretary from organization until he resigned the office in 1904. Is life member of A. L. A. and of Cambridge Entomological Club, of which he was president in 1883; corresponding member of American Entomological Society, Philadelphia; life fellow of A. A. A. S.; member of Biological and Entomological Societies of Washington, of the Associa-

tion of Economic Entomologists, and of numerous other technical and scientific societies. Established several kindergartens for the children of the poor in Washington, collecting and managing the funds therefor, for seven years, until public kindergartens were established. Has been secretary of the Columbian Kindergarten Association since its organization in 1892. Was president of the congregation of the "People's Church" in 1893 and 1894, and again is president for term 1905–1906, and was treasurer of the church from 1899 to 1904, when he resigned that office. Has been since 1887 treasurer of the People's Real Estate Tontine of New York city, a philanthropic organization for the prevention of poverty in old age. On July 12, 1878, was married to Louisa C. F. van de Sande. Has no children. Residence, 1918 Sunderland Place, Washington, D. C. Retains his citizenship in Cambridge, Mass.

*WILLIAM MERRICK, son of Solyman and Anne Sophia (Clapp) Merrick, was born in Springfield, Mass., September 10, 1849. Was prepared for college at Professor Charlier's French School in New York, entering with the Class in 1866. He was a member of the Φ B K, Π H, and Natural History Society. The folowing account of Merrick's life is taken from the Springfield "Republican" of January 18, 1887: —

"After leaving College, he took a course in architecture at the Boston Institute of Technology. He was a good musician, an accomplished French scholar, and generally a well-educated man. Since his school and college work was completed, he has lived quietly at home, taking care of his property and managing some special trusts. He was a man of exceptionally retiring and modest disposition, not at all fond of society, and content to live within a small circle; but to those few who knew him intimately he manifested many most attractive and admirable traits. He seemed to be peculiarly qualified for offices of trust, and was the soul of honor and uprightness. Methodical, thorough, and well balanced, he managed his own and the interests of others intrusted to him with ability, conservatism, care, and precision. He always gave generously to good causes that appealed to him. He was fond of his college associations, and kept up a close intimacy with a few of his classmates.

"Mr. Merrick retained his father's large interest in the gas company, and a year ago was elected treasurer, to succeed the late J. D. Brewer. He enjoyed the duties that the position gave him, and discharged them well. He was a director of the John Hancock Bank, and a director and on the Finance Committee of the City Library, in which he was much in-

terested, and for the endowment of which he had promised fifteen hundred dollars when the full amount of sixty thousand dollars should be completed. For a time he was also a trustee of the City Hospital, and was a member and trustee of the Winthrop Club. He was one of the syndicate that recently bought the Bliss lot, next to the City Library, to save it for a park. He grew up in the Unitarian Church, usually attended its services, and gave liberally for its support. Altogether, though so quiet a person, he was a valuable member of society, and was becoming more and more so. His death is therefore a real loss to the community."

Merrick died suddenly on Jan. 17, 1887, of congestion of the brain. The following extract from his will (which was made up largely of charitable bequests) will be of interest:—

"To the President and Fellows of Harvard College, a corporation established by law, its successors and assigns, I give and bequeath the sum of five thousand dollars, to found a scholarship, the income of said sum of five thousand dollars to be paid to some meritorious undergraduate, descendants of members of the Class of 1870 to have the preference."

*CHARLES LUCIUS MITCHELL, son of Thomas Greene and Martha Elizabeth Mitchell, was born in Cincinnati, O., August 31, 1850. He fitted for college at the private school of Andrew J. Rickoff, and entered with the Class in 1866. Mitchell died of typhoid pneumonia on June 21, 1898, at Oakland, Cal., where he had resided for three years. He was only nineteen when we were graduated. After travelling in Europe during that summer he went to Dresden in the fall, and there studied for two years. Then returning he entered the Law School of the Cincinnati College, and in the spring of 1874 took its degree, was admitted to the bar, and at once entered upon an active practice in Cincinnati as the partner of his grandfather, Charles D. Coffin, then one of the leading lawyers of Ohio. Mitchell was eminently fitted for the law, and success soon came to him. The reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court of Ohio rendered between 1875 and 1883 bear witness to the number and importance of the causes in which he was employed, as well as to his success in them. Before either court or jury his fluent and graceful diction, his ready grasp of the controlling points of his case, and his logical power of statement made him so effective that in three or four years he had taken a front place among the younger members of the local bar. In June, 1879, he married Mary Elizabeth Holmes, the younger

daughter of D. H. Holmes of Holmesdale, Ky., and spent the latter half of that year in travel in the far East, mostly in Japan. In the following year he became interested in a gold mining venture in northern Georgia, in which he gradually embarked more and more of his means, and to it gave more and more of his time until, in 1882, all he had was involved; and with the hope of saving something he gave up the practice of his profession and went to Georgia to take personal management of the mine, but was not able to prevent a total loss. On the death of his grandfather in 1880, he had formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, D. H. J. Holmes; and after the mining venture began to divert his attention from his practice, his classmate Perkins took charge of his more important litigation, and for a time they had their offices together, until Mitchell finally gave up the law entirely. In 1883 he lost his wife, to whom he had been devotedly attached. She was constantly with him at the mining camp in Georgia, and at the time of her death they were at Holmesdale on a visit, intending to return to the mine, but he never afterward did so. She had shared his love of flowers, and together they had cultivated roses as a pastime. For many months after her death he avoided his old associates and spent most of his time in his rosery. The following year he built large greenhouses at Oakley, O., near Cincinnati, and went into the growing of roses for the market on an extensive scale. For some time the business seemed to prosper, but the local demand for his product was irregular, and after a time it became apparent that he could not compete with the more economical methods of smaller growers, and in 1891, after a hard struggle to make the venture profitable, he gave it up. Then for a year or two he held a position in the federal revenue service, where he made a local reputation by the correction of some time-honored abuses which his integrity and accuracy as an accountant could not tolerate. But needing a wider field, he moved with his family to California in 1895, and subsequently, through the influence of his classmate Morse, became the agent at San Francisco of the United States Trust and Guaranty Co. of Baltimore. By industry and ability in this work he soon became the general agent of his company for the State of California, and afterward was made its manager for the Pacific Coast. While on a visit to Oregon in April, 1898, for the appointment of local agents, he contracted the disease which caused his death.

According to some tests his life was not successful, but when judged by the highest standards it was full of achievement greater than any which brings only the common measure of success. In every relation he did his duty. There never was a better son, husband, or father. No client's interests ever suffered in his hands. No obligation of citizenship was ever shirked by him. In the face of repeated financial misfortune, he never lost heart or became embittered. That temperate hopefulness which is born of a clean conscience and good courage enabled him always to shed upon his family and friends the light of his happy disposition. In a letter written a few weeks before his death, he said: —

"I have never been able to satisfy myself that any human being can have any knowledge as to what his future state is likely to be, but I am entirely satisfied that if you try to be upright and charitable to your fellow men, without bothering yourself about a future which you cannot know and which was probably hidden from you for some wise reason, you stand a very good chance of fair treatment by this world, and that is about all we have any right to expect."

In 1887 he contracted his second marriage with May Suter of Cincinnati, by whom he had five children, two girls and three boys, all of whom, and his widow, survive him. His eldest son, Daniel Holmes Mitchell, the child of his first marriage, is now [1900] at the Pomfret School, and expects to enter college in a year or two.

CHARLES MONROE, son of Charles W. and Abbie (Kimball) Monroe, was born at Rumford, Me., December 23, 1849. He was prepared for college at the Boston Latin School, taking the regular six-year course. After graduating from Harvard in 1870, he taught school in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., until January, 1871. In the spring of 1871 he went to Leavenworth, Kans., and entered upon the study of the law. Was admitted to the bar December 10, 1872, and in July, 1873, entered the office of Mr. T. A. Hurd, and in July, 1875, became a partner in the firm of Hurd & Monroe. On October 1, 1875, was appointed assistant attorney of the Kansas Pacific Railway at Kansas City, Mo., and moved to Lawrence, Kans., in 1876, retaining the same position with that company and its successor, the Union Pacific Railway. On May 1, 1887, was appointed assistant general attorney of the Kansas Division of the Union Pacific Railway at Topeka, Kans.

January 1, 1891, resigned and moved to Los Angeles, Cal., and became a member of the firm of Wells, Monroe & Lee. Continued the practice of law with that firm until October, 1893, when he formed a partnership with Stephen M. White under the firm name of White & Monroe. Practised by himself from April, 1899, until the 12th of April, 1905, when he was appointed judge of the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, by the governor of California. On March 18, 1880, was married to Ella Chartis Hadley, at Lawrence, Kans. Address, Courthouse, Los Angeles, Cal.

ERNEST NATHANIEL MORISON was born in Baltimore, November 13, 1848. Was prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. Was at one time a member of the firm of Morison & Williams, general commission merchants, Baltimore, Md., and afterward in the wool commission business; was then the agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company in Baltimore. Is now a stock broker, firm of E. N. Morison & Co., Baltimore. On October 31, 1871, was married to Priscilla Ridgely White. On September 24, 1872, N. H. Morison, Jr., was born; January 24, 1874, Charles Ridgely White; in 1876, Sidney Brown; in 1878, Rebecca Angelica; in 1881, Ernest; in 1883, Henry White; in 1886, William George; in August, 1889, Allison; and in May, 1891, Robert Brown. [From last Report. No reply received.]

GODFREY MORSE, son of Jacob and Charlotte (Mehlinger) Morse, was born in Wachenheim, in the Rhenish Palatinate, Bavaria, May 19, 1846. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. After graduation studied law, receiving the degree of LL. B. at the Harvard Law School in June, 1872; during the winter months of that year taught English Literature and Arithmetic in the Boston Public Evening High School; was admitted to the bar by the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts, July 22, 1873, and by the United States Circuit Court October 2, 1874. February 3, 1879, was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States at Washington. During the years 1876, 1877, and 1878 was a member of the School Committee of the City of Boston; 1882 and 1883 was a member of the Common Council of the City of Boston; June 18, 1883, was elected president of the

Common Council of the City of Boston; 1882, 1883, and 1884 was assistant counsel of the United States in the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims; March 11, 1885, was appointed a member of the Board of Court House Commissioners for the Erection of a new Court House for the City of Boston and County of Suffolk; 1887 was elected a member of the Board of Trustees of the Boston Dental College; September, 1896, was a member of the National Democratic Convention which met at Indianapolis; 1897 and 1898 was chairman of the Massachusetts State Committee of the National Democratic party, as well as chairman of the City Committee of the City of Boston of the National Democratic party; was for many years president of the Leopold Morse Home, vice-president of the Boston Home for Incurables, president of the Federation of Jewish Charities of Boston, and a trustee in a large number of other charitable corporations. Has visited Europe a number of times; in 1895 made a trip to the Orient, visiting the principal Mediterranean ports; traveled in California in 1897; is a director of the Allouez Mining Company, a member of the University Club, the Athletic Club, and the Elysium Club of Boston, and of the Criterion Club, and Manhattan Club of New York. Received the degree of A. M. from Tufts College in 1900. Practises law at 53 State Street, Boston, with Lee M. Friedman of Harvard, 1893, under the name of Morse & Friedman.

OTIS NORCROSS, son of Otis and Lucy A. (Lane) Norcross, was born in Boston, Mass., November 1, 1848. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. After graduation was engaged in studying law; received the degree of LL. B. from the Harvard Law School in June, 1873; was admitted to the bar in September, 1873, and is practising in Boston, in partnership with his brother, Grenville Howland Norcross ('75), under firm name of O. & G. H. Norcross. Was married January 20, 1881, to Susannah Ruggles Plympton, daughter of the late Henry Plympton of Boston. Residence, 249 Marlborough Street. Office, 50 Congress Street, Boston.

FRANKLIN NOURSE, son of Benjamin F. and Laura E. (Little) Nourse, was born in Bangor, Me., March 5, 1848. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. From gradua-

tion until September, 1871, was in the machine shop of the Saco Water Power Company, at Biddeford, Me.; then passed a year in the various departments of the Bates Mills, Lewiston, Me.; on returning to Biddeford, entered the draughting room of the Saco Water Power Company's machine shop; was afterwards connected with the Masconomet Mills, at Newburyport, Mass., and the Washington Print Works, at Philadelphia; has been engaged in manufacturing and mill engineering at Waterville and Biddeford, Me.; November, 1877, took charge of the Barker Mills, Auburn, Me.; March 1, 1879, took the agency of the Lawrence Duck Company, Lawrence, Mass.; April 1, 1880, took the agency of the York Manufacturing Company at Saco, Me.; is now at Lowell, Mass., as agent of the Lawrence Manufacturing Company. In 1873–74 was a councilman in Biddeford, Me., and in 1886–87 and 1887–88 an alderman in Saco, Me. On September 12, 1878, was married to Edith Frances Riversmith; on June 17, 1879, Benjamin Franklin Nourse, 2d, was born; and on March 19, 1881, Edith Frances Nourse.

CHARLES FREEMAN NYE, son of Bartlett and Laura Maria (Moore) Nye, was born in Champlain, N. Y., October 3, 1849. Prepared for college under private tutors and at Phillips Exeter Academy. After graduation studied law in New York, and was admitted to the bar June 11, 1875, and is practising in Champlain, N. Y. Is a member of the University Club of New York, the Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, and the Society of Mayflower Descendants in the State of New York.

HENRY PARKMAN, son of Samuel and Mary Eliot (Dwight) Parkman, was born in Boston May 23, 1850. He prepared for college at Mr. E. S. Dixwell's School, Boston. After graduation studied and attended University lectures for one year; then entered the Harvard Law School; was proctor at the College, received the degree of LL. B. in June, 1873, and of A. M., June, 1874; practised law in Boston until June, 1895, and is a public administrator for the county of Suffolk; June, 1895, became treasurer of the Provident Institution for Savings in the town of Boston, with office at 36 Temple Place. Was six years (1879–1884) a member of the Common Council of the city of Boston, and for some years secretary, and subsequently on two separate

occasions president of the Republican City Committee of Boston. Represented Ward 9 of Boston for three years (1886–87–88) in the House of Representatives, and was senator from the Fifth Suffolk District in 1892 and 1893. Is now a member of the Prison Commission of Massachusetts. Was secretary of the Alumni Association of Harvard College from 1884 to 1896, and is now one of the directors of the Association. Was a member of the Commission on the Height of Buildings in the City of Boston in 1904. Married August 21, 1890, to Mary Frances Parker of Newark, N. J. Has five children: Mary Elizabeth, born July 24, 1891; Edith Wolcott, born October 28, 1892; Henry, born April 26, 1894; Penelope Frances, born April 12, 1896; Francis, born February 26, 1898.

SAMUEL L. PARRISH studied law for two years in Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar on July 1, 1872; immediately thereafter sailed for Europe, passing somewhat over a year in study and travel in Europe; returned in October, 1873, and practised in Philadelphia; removed to New York in 1877, continuing practice; was for many years associated with Pendleton ('70) under the firm name of Parrish & Pendleton, 44 and 46 Broadway; retired from active practice in 1897, continuing his offices with Pendleton at 25 Broad Street, New York city. Parrish writes as follows:

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., July 7, 1905.

MY DEAR TOM, — At the dinner in commemoration of the thirty-fifth year of our graduation I took the liberty of suggesting, as you will doubtless remember, to the members of our class there present that we could make our class book much more instructive and entertaining if we would to some extent cast aside our natural reserve when speaking of ourselves, and be a little more frank in allowing our classmates to really know at least something of those things in which we have been interested. In pursuance of this proposed reform in autobiographical method, I therefore submit as an addendum to the above somewhat "bald and unconvincing narrative" (which, with the addition of the last two lines, has now done duty for the past thirty-five years as the only account in our class book of my objectively uneventful life) the following epitomized statement: —

First. As a chance occurrence in nature's garden seems to have led Walter Deane, as disclosed in his most interesting account of himself, into a new and delightful realm of thought and study and pursuit, so do

I date my present keen interest in our national development and international relations from a comparatively recent dramatic event in the history of our country. As we all so well remember, it was in the latter part of the month of December, 1895, that the world was startled by the message of President Cleveland upon the attitude of Great Britain toward Venezuela. Within three days of its publication, and in the midst of a financial panic (to the effects of which I must confess I was not indifferent), I became convinced that, contrary to general expectation, the ultimate effect of the message, however intended, would be to reveal to both Great Britain and the United States the essential solidarity of their political interests, and thus bring the two countries together into more intimate and friendly relations than ever before in their history. Profoundly convinced that this would be the result, I at once wrote in this spirit to two of my English friends, who happened at that time to be, and still are, members of the British Parliament. Their replies were conceived in the same friendly vein in which I had written, and a portion of the correspondence was shortly thereafter published in this country. From that time on, now nearly ten years ago, I have been in one sense a constant, though at the same time somewhat intermittent, contributor to the current literature of our time on the lines above suggested, finding an intense and continuous interest in noting the development of our country as the evolution of political and economic forces has compelled us, even perhaps at times against our will, to assume a rôle of ever increasing importance in the affairs of the world.

The following, appearing in the form of signed contributions to the daily press, or as addresses before associations, historical societies, and political clubs, have been among the subjects treated: —

1. "The Venezuela Crisis." (Magazine article published in March, 1896.)

2. "The Righteousness and Necessity of our Approaching War with Spain." (Public address, and open letter to the New York Tribune in April, 1898. Visits to Cuba preceding the war had convinced me that Spanish colonial methods were intolerable, and that the reforms necessary for our own welfare could come only through the expulsion of the Spaniards by the United States.)

3. "Political Necessity of the Annexation of the Philippine Islands." (Public address delivered in August, 1898, and open letter to the New York Tribune.)

4. "American Expansion as an Historical Evolution." (Paper read before the American Social Science Association at Saratoga in September, 1899.)

5. "The British Empire and the Boer War." (Open letter to the New York Tribune in favor of the attitude of Great Britain.)

6. "The Menace to the Monroe Doctrine contained in the First Draught of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty." (Open letter to the New York Tribune in February, 1900, while the original treaty (subsequently amended) was under discussion.)

7. "Colonization and Civil Government in the Tropics." (Address delivered before the Suffolk County (N. Y.) Historical Society in February, 1903, and before the Oneida Historical Society at Utica, N. Y. treating of political conditions in the Philippine Islands.)

8. "The Conflict between Russia and Japan as affecting the United States." (Address delivered in April, 1904, before the Lincoln Republican Club of Patchogue, Long Island, and later published.)

9. "Campaign Expenses." (A circular letter published in February, 1905, in the N. Y. Evening "Post," and then sent to about two hundred of the most prominent "practical politicians" of the State of New York advocating in detail a reform in our present often disgraceful primary and campaign methods.)

10. "The Conflict between the President and the Senate as to their Respective Rights and Duties as a Part of the Treaty-Making Power."

11. "The Santo Domingo Treaty."

These last two letters were published in the New York "Sun" and the New York "Tribune" respectively, and other papers, in February and March, 1905, and then sent in the form of a circular letter to the members of the United States Senate, and to others in authority. In these letters I upheld the position assumed by the Senate, and advocated the necessity of an increased and more responsible supervision by us of Tropical America.

12. "The Impending Revolution in Russia." (Published in January, 1905.)

13. Various published communications, through various channels, on various subjects, including campaign literature.

Second. In the summer and autumn of 1896, while travelling in Italy, it occurred to me that the establishment of a small public museum in the village of Southampton, N. Y., where I have made my home, would be of interest. A sudden realization of the very ephemeral nature of life, was, I think, the impelling cause which led to this determination. Following the bent of my own inclination rather, I fear, than from any set purpose to improve, through painful and self-denying endeavor, my local surroundings, an attempt was made to plant and nurture a somewhat delicate exotic in the form of a collection of early Italian paintings, and copies in marble and plaster of some of the best examples of Greek, Roman, and Italian plastic art, which, in combination, would express at least something of the spirit of the Italian Renaissance, a period in which I have become greatly interested as the result of my travels and studies in Italy during the past fifteen years.

This collection, now housed in a permanent building, was obtained for the most part in Italy. The realization of this attempt, and its apparent appreciation within such limits as could have been reasonably anticipated, have been a source of much personal pleasure and satisfaction. The cordial coöperation of my brother, James C. Parrish (whose son of the same name is now entering upon his Junior year at Harvard)

in this artistic enterprise has been a very delightful feature of the work.

The preparation in book form of an "Historical, Biographical, and Descriptive Catalogue of the Objects exhibited at the Southampton Art Museum" occupied very agreeably the leisure moments of the year 1897–98.

During the months of August and September, 1898, I passed three interesting, though naturally very distressing, weeks at Montauk Point, as a volunteer agent of the Red Cross Society, in an attempt to assist in relieving the terrible sufferings of our troops upon their return to this country from Cuba after the Spanish war. The fact that my tent was in close proximity to a pretty active graveyard was not calculated to induce hilarity, especially when alone at night.

Third. In line with what Nelt Willis said at our recent dinner, I have become of late even more firmly convinced than ever that for the perpetuation and reasonable and necessary improvement of our institutions we must in the future, even more than in the past, greatly rely upon the active participation of men of education in the every-day work of so-called "practical politics," without alloy of, restless desire for, or even any expectation of, political preferment, and thus I have become actively interested in local county politics, and am now engaged in fulfilling to the best of my ability, the interesting and politically instructive duties incident to the somewhat precarious position of chairman and treasurer of the Suffolk County (N. Y.) Republican Committee. I have also from time to time been elected a delegate to some three or four of our New York State Republican conventions.

Thus interested, as above outlined, in the theory of large and the practice of small politics, in art, in the elusive pursuit of miscellaneous information, in the active cultivation of the heretofore unappreciated interests and pleasures incident to life in the country, in good roads, and in schools, and with agreeable social and family relations (in so far as such a thing is possible for men of our age who have never had the good fortune to occupy the position of father of a family), I find myself, at the age of fifty-six (any attempt at concealment is useless with fellow veterans), engaged in cultivating a certain philosophic serenity toward my environment, without being compelled to fortify my philosophy by laboriously reading through, from time to time, even though of necessity in translation, Cicero's treatise "De Senectute." I can therefore, while a somewhat uncertain health remains, cordially indorse the sentiments expressed at our recent class dinner by Brooks Adams and Charley McMichael to the effect that each succeeding decade has its own increasing interest, and even charm. And in this connection I may add, as a source of great satisfaction, that, faintly rivalling Waldo Lincoln, I have, at least collaterally and vicariously, contributed to Harvard three very good friends in the persons of my nephews, Tom and Jim Lee of '91 and Jim Parrish, Jr., of '07.

In concluding this altogether too lengthy sketch of my more recent activities, permit me also to add, in lighter vein, that following the illustrious examples of Diocletian and Voltaire, and doubtless many other eminent citizens (including the late justly lamented Joseph Jefferson) in their later but by no means therefore declining years, I have recently entered with ardor into the pursuit of aggressive gardening, and hereby recommend it not only to Taft, but also to those of my other classmates who have not yet tried it, as an excellent physical and mental tonic. Especially should it be taken up by those who, like myself, have finally allowed experience to triumph over hope in the attempt to master the intricacies of the elusive game of golf. After fourteen years of faithful but discouraging effort in this to me formerly fascinating form of sport (I was president of a golf club for seven years), I must now rather reluctantly admit that I have with much comfort and contentment exchanged the driver, the brassie, and the *cleek* for the spade, the rake, and the hoe. The latter instruments are less spectacular and require a longer time to produce results, but (speaking exclusively for myself) I find them much more certain and satisfactory in the end.

THEOPHILUS PARSONS, son of Thomas and Martha (Watson) Parsons, was born in Brookline, Mass., July 1, 1849. He was prepared for college at the Brookline High School. In October, 1870, entered the Lyman Mills, Holyoke, Mass., to study the manufacture of cotton cloth, and on October 9, 1873, was appointed superintendent; passed the summer of 1873 in Europe; January 1, 1880, was appointed agent of the Pocasset Manufacturing Company, Fall River, Mass.; September 1, 1880, appointed agent of Lyman Mills, Holyoke, Mass.; October 1, 1884, appointed treasurer of Lyman Mills. August 15, 1894, was married to Mary Mason Oliver; July 28, 1895, Susan Lawrence Parsons was born. Mrs. Parsons is not now living. Is a member of the A. D., Somerset, Myopia, Eastern Yacht, and New York Yacht clubs; vice-president and director of Union Bank, Boston (1896); director of Boston Manufacturers Mutual Insurance Co. (1899); trustee of Sailors Snug Harbor, Boston (1899); president of Arkwright Club, Boston (1900); trustee of Massachusetts Humane Society (1903). Address, 53 State Street, Boston.

GEORGE PEARSON, son of John and Sarah Jane (Templeton) Pearson, was born in Mercer, Pa., April 3, 1850. Prepared for college at Haverford College, entering the Class in the Junior year. Admitted to practise law in the courts of Mercer County,

Pa., December 9, 1872. Admitted to practise in the Supreme and Superior courts of Pennsylvania October 23, 1893. Practised as attorney at law at Mercer, Pa., firm of Johnson, Pearson & Son, until appointment as prothonotary of Supreme Court; now resides in Pittsburg, Pa.; was clerk of the Pennsylvania Senate during the winters of 1876 and 1877; was reading clerk of the House of Representatives, 1881; reading clerk of the Senate, 1883; chief clerk of the House of Representatives, 1885; reëlected, session 1887, which position he resigned January 19, 1887, to accept appointment as private secretary of Governor James A. Beaver; was chief secretary of Republican State Committee during the years 1882–85 inclusive. On July 13, 1892, was appointed prothonotary of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania for the Western District at Pittsburg, Pa.; on October 14, 1875, was married to Jessie Patton. Johnson Patton Pearson was born May 13, 1877, and died January 11, 1878; Helen Pearson was born March 13, 1879. Jessie Patton Pearson died June 2, 1889. On November 15, 1892, was married to Helen Hester Hume of Houlton, Me. Alice Hume Pearson was born September 1, 1893.

WILLARD SILSBEE PEELE has passed much of the time since graduation in travelling abroad. Residence, Beverley, Mass. [From last Report. No reply received.]

FRANK KEY PENDLETON, son of George Hunt and Alice (Key) Pendleton, was born in Cincinnati, O., January 3, 1850. Was prepared for college by Eugene F. Bliss in Cincinnati. After graduation he travelled abroad for about three years, spending some time in studying French and German; on his return entered the Harvard Law School; after completing his course went to New York, where he practised law with Parrish ('70); the firm was dissolved in 1900, and he formed a partnership with E. Ellery Anderson, under the firm name of Anderson, Pendleton & Anderson, P. C. Anderson being the junior member. Parrish continued to have his office with new firm. June 24, 1885, married Sarah, daughter of Camille Marié of New York. Early in 1886 Mrs. Pendleton died of pneumonia. In December, 1890, married Elizabeth La Montagne. On August 9, 1895, a son was born. Address, 7 East 86th Street.

*JAMES HANDASYD PERKINS, the fifth and youngest son of James H. and Sarah (Elliott) Perkins, was born in Cincinnati, O., February 20, 1848, and died at Cincinnati December 2, 1889.

Of his life, after graduation, his own record in the last Report is as follows: —

"Was engaged in studying law in Cincinnati until April, 1872, when he received the degree of LL. B. at the Law School of the Cincinnati College; is now practising in Cincinnati. Was married on May 10, 1887, to Mary Longworth Stettinius of Cincinnati."

These few lines, characteristic in their brevity and reserve, convey the essential facts of his career as he viewed it, — the profession in which his rare intellectual powers found constant delight, and the marriage in which he found a perfect happiness. In these there was a satisfaction so complete that those public honors, which might have enlarged the record, he put aside as often as they sought him. To his own words there remains but to add the record of his death, still so difficult to realize even by those who were nearest to him in his last days.

Remarkable as were Perkins's intellectual grasp, his mental alertness, his fearless honesty, these were fully matched by the charm of his personality. It was quite irresistible to all sorts and conditions of men, because it was absolutely sincere. He did not "descend to meet," because what was best in others arose to meet him. He made men conscious of his clear insight, of his absolute justice, but also of his nobility of heart, of his surpassing tenderness. It was easy to love him, and if he gave much and to many in return, he gave all to his friends. He had a supreme faculty for friendship. There played about his intimate intercourse the full measure of all his powers. The perfect saneness of his mind, his gifts of memory, of close reasoning, and of luminous statement, the refinement of his taste, and above all his wonderful humor and affectionateness, all contributed to the charm of that lost companionship. He seemed so full of abounding life, that the shock of his sudden death was little softened by his long illness. The obscure nervous disease which finally exhausted the action of his heart kept him absent from his practice, and much of the time abroad, for his last two years, but did not impair, even to the very end, the impression of the fulness of life which was in him.

One of the many public tributes to his memory may appropriately find place here, in the following from the proceedings of the bar at the meeting called upon his death: —

"James H. Perkins had the gifts of quick and clear perception, of accurate analysis, of ready application to the concrete of the abstract principles of law and reason. He had learning. He had the power of close and continuous application. He was faithful. He was alert. He was diligent in business. Yet none of these traits, perhaps, — few of them, at least, taken singly, — were more marked in him than they commonly are in the better class of his profession. But they were so harmoniously developed and adjusted by perfect growth, that he had the nice symmetry of mind which gives both delicacy and power, like the trip-hammer, which can crack a nut or weld a beam.

"But what gives dominant color and force to the picture was his honesty. Not merely the honesty which will not wrongfully take or keep; which will not make or endure a lie, nor rest for an instant under the shadow of deceit; which will not see any one denied his just due. Such honesty he had in the perfection which is the crown of every true lawyer, whether he sit on bench or stand at bar. But he had more. He had an honest mind. This is the gift of God, not always bestowed, nor always kept in a profession so full of open temptations, and of the subtle and more insidious influences of which we are scarcely conscious. It is one of the priceless gems with which God has endowed humanity. 'The gold and the crystal cannot equal it, and the exchange of it shall not be for jewels of fine gold.' It cannot be imitated nor replaced. From it shine wisdom and truth.

"I think our 'Jim' Perkins had one of the most honest intellects I ever knew. It was set as true as the axis of a planet. It seemed to know neither variableness nor shadow of turning. Not that he never erred, for he was human; but his reason never shirked through prejudice, nor swerved for interest, nor shrank from fear. He took his premises truthfully; he followed faithfully to the conclusion; he accepted the result without regard to consequence.

"This made him one of the best men I ever knew to talk with in doubt or trouble. Not only was his immediate aid great, his guidance sure, but it was like keying one's mind by the eternal verities to reason with him. His mind would respond clear and true as an echo in the mountains. We should get sadly out of tune if that class of men were to perish from the earth.

"And with it all he had a big and open heart. He was not mean nor miserly of his powers. How often he has stood touchstone for a friend uncertain of an argument or doubtful of a course, many of us know in part.

"He was one of the few lawyers I have known who was always and

actively a friend of the court, a true brother to his brethren. He had little pride of opinion. He knew neither jealousy nor envy. He was never greedy of credit for success, nor liberal of responsibility for failure. If one can be generous to a fault, he was. If it be in human nature to be glad at losing a bad case, he could be. If a lawyer can be too fair, he was.

"Why such a noble soul should find the bitterness of affliction in the brightest cup of human joy, why such beauty of mind and strength of body should be stricken in the very noonday of their prime, is one of the mysteries of God. But the beneficence of his memory will abide with us to the end."

WILLARD TAYLOR PERRIN, son of Noah and Philenia W. (Stone) Perrin, was born in Cambridge, June 2, 1850. Prepared for college at the Cambridge High School. September 16, 1870, was appointed a sub-master in the Boston Latin School, where he taught during the school year; September 13, 1871, entered the School of Theology, Boston University, and was graduated May 27, 1874, with the degree of B. D.; in the summer of 1873 went to California with the United States Fish Commission; in April, 1874, was admitted to the New England Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and began preaching at Allston, Mass.; April 9, 1876, was ordained deacon by Bishop M. Simpson; and April 7, 1878, elder, by Bishop W. L. Harris; April 12, 1876, was stationed at Wilbraham, Mass., the seat of the Wesleyan Academy. Was married to L. Nellie Denton of West Newton April 12, 1876. In April, 1879, was stationed at the State Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Springfield, Mass., where he remained three years; since which time his appointments have been: April, 1882, to the Monument Square Church, Charlestown, Mass.; April, 1885, to the Trinity Church, Worcester, Mass.; and April, 1888, to the Worthen Street Church, Lowell, Mass., where he remained three years. In 1891 and '92, Mr. and Mrs. Perrin spent over nine months abroad, visiting Great Britain, the continent of Europe, Greece, Constantinople, Egypt, and the Holy Land. In April, 1892, was appointed pastor of the St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church at South Boston, Mass. After a five years' pastorate in South Boston, April, 1897, was appointed pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Boston. April, 1899, was appointed pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Dorchester, but in October, 1899, was ap-

pointed presiding elder of Boston District, which involves the oversight of sixty-three churches. In January, 1885, upon nomination by the Convocation of the Alumni, was elected their first representative upon the Board of Trustees of Boston University for the term of five years. Has been reëlected at the end of each term, and is now secretary of the board. In 1898 received the degree of Ph. D. from Boston University. Is president of the New England Deaconess Association. April, 1900, was elected a delegate to the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church which meets in May. In April, 1905, appointed pastor of the Bromfield Street M. E. Church, Boston, which is his present address.

EDWARD RAWSON, son of Joseph and Mary Whiting (Richards) Rawson, was born in Cincinnati, June 5, 1849. Has been engaged in the pork-packing business in Cincinnati. October, 1871, became a member of the firm of J. Rawson & Son; in November, 1898, firm name changed to J. Rawson's Sons — still in the same line of business; director and chairman of the chorus committee of the Cincinnati May Musical Festival Association; director and officer in several different corporations and companies. June 5, 1879, was married to Clara Hobart of New York city. March 28, 1880, Hobart Rawson was born; June 27, 1883, Ethel Rawson was born, and died October 23, 1883; November 2, 1887, Edward Rawson, Jr., was born; February 24, 1890, Henry Lee Rawson was born, and died August 16, 1890; March 9, 1893, Dorothy Rawson was born; August 17, 1899, Marion Rawson was born. Present address, Care J. Rawson's Sons, Cincinnati. [No reply received.]

JAMES ROGERS RICH, failing to receive his degree with the Class, returned from France the same year, 1870, and passed a successful examination, receiving his diploma in 1872, "as of the Class of 1870." Then passed three years in the study of architecture at the Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris. Practised in Boston architectural decorative work. In 1882 began to study painting. In 1883 finished and signed his first oil painting, which was accepted and exhibited at the Paris Salon of that year. Has also exhibited in Munich and in many home exhibitions, receiving a diploma for "excellence of work" at the International Exhibition

at New Orleans. After a terrible illness in 1893 went abroad as far as Egypt, but gladly travelled 6000 miles in order to be with the Class on its twenty-fifth anniversary, when he returned to Boston for dinner. (Since which date he has become a confirmed dyspeptic.) Again in November, 1895, travelling towards the East, with the intention of making a tour of the world, he went to the Vale of Kashmir, and finding it the most beautiful country which he had ever seen, remained there painting, passing six summers in camp and houseboat life. As many winters he passed in the "Plains," or India. Here he painted two of the most important of his canvases, both of that loveliest creation of man, "Taj Mahal," at Agra. One canvas, "Taj Sunlit," received a special silver medal, never before awarded, from the Indian Government Exhibition of Simla Fine Art Society, in 1901. The other canvas, "Taj Moonlit," was painted solely by the light of the moon, never before done so as to be exhibited in a similar light artificially arranged. These two canvases appear to be the largest ones of this exquisite subject ever painted upon the spot. He is entirely self-taught in his profession. He is for the present living at home in Boston. He claims to be the first one to have introduced any study of the Fine Arts at dear Old Harvard, as he successfully arranged in the winter of 1869–70 a drawing class from models in the south basement of University Hall, under the instruction of the late Virgil Williams of Boston. "This was by permission of the Faculty, and is amusingly vouched for by our respected caller to Prayers, Mr. Jones." Address, Care Hon. William F. Wharton, 50 State Street, Boston.

FRANK WALCOTT ROBINSON, son of Frederic Richard and Clara Maria (Walcott) Robinson, was born in Boston, September 23, 1848. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. After graduation went to St. Louis, Mo., remaining a year. Returning to Boston in September, 1871, entered the house of Jordan, Marsh & Co., remaining with them until October, 1886. On January 1, 1887, he was engaged by John H. Pray Sons & Co. of Boston. At the expiration of three years he went to St. Paul, Minn., with Finch, Van Slyck & Co., remaining four years. On May 1, 1894, he represented Clarence Whitman & Co. of New York, in Chicago. He returned East in 1895, and located in New York city, with Pottier & Stymus Co. Is now connected

with William Baumgarten & Co., 323 Fifth Avenue, New York. On August 19, 1874, was married to Ada Byron O'Neal of Kirkwood, Mo. His children are: Ada Rachel, born August 23, 1875; Frank Walcott, born July 8, 1878, and died February 11, 1880; Helen Marion, born February 1, 1881; Harold Lloyd, born April 23, 1884; Alice Walcott, born May 20, 1886, died October 13, 1897. [From last Report. No reply received.]

OTIS GRANVILLE ROBINSON, son of Frederic Richard and Clara Maria (Walcott) Robinson, was born in Taunton, Mass., September 25, 1846. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. For the past twenty years has been with the house of Jordan, Marsh Company of Boston as foreign buyer, going to Europe twice a year in the interests of the business.

ALFRED RODMAN, son of Alfred and Anna Lothrop (Motley) Rodman, was born in Dedham, Mass., July 19, 1848. He prepared for college under a private tutor, M. Metzdorf of Paris, France. Was in business until 1875, when he was obliged, on account of ill health, to go abroad for two years; on his return, began the study of law at the Boston Law School, and graduated from there in June, 1879, receiving the degree of LL. B.; was admitted to the Suffolk bar in 1879, and practised law in Boston until the summer of 1887, when he was elected actuary of the Bay State Trust Company, 222 Boylston Street, Boston, and is now its vice-president. He was married to Harriet D. Risley of Washington, D. C., October 31, 1872, and has one son, named Alfred, born April 18, 1874.

THOMAS MORGAN ROTCH was born in Philadelphia, December 9, 1849. His father's name was Rodman Rotch, and his mother was Miss Morgan, daughter of Thomas Waln Morgan of Philadelphia. He fitted for college under private tutors. Was graduated from Harvard University in 1870 and from the Harvard Medical School in 1874. In the spring of 1872 was appointed assistant to the surgeon for out-patients at the Massachusetts General Hospital; was house physician of the hospital from 1873 to 1874. Was author of an essay to which was awarded the first prize of the Boylston Medical Society in 1873; subject, "The Emigration of the White Corpuscle in Inflamma-

tion." Was married June 4, 1874, to Helen Rotch of New Bedford, Mass., and on May 21, 1878, Thomas Morgan Rotch, Jr., was born. (Died March 13, 1902.) Went abroad in 1874, and after spending two years in Europe, studying in the hospitals, principally in Berlin, Vienna, and Heidelberg, returned to Boston, and began to practise medicine, October 1, 1876, at 121 Boylston Street. Has received the following appointments: Physician to the Boston Dispensary, October 1, 1876; visiting physician to the Channing Home for Consumptives, March 23, 1878; visiting physician to the Boston City Hospital, and later consulting physician and surgeon; visiting physician to the Children's Hospital ; visiting physician to the Infants' Hospital and West End Nursery (later in 1903 the name of this hospital was changed to the Thomas Morgan Rotch, Jr., Memorial Hospital for Infants) ; consulting physician to St. Francis Hospital for Infants in London, in 1903, and consulting physician to St. Luke's Home for Convalescents. Appointed lecturer on the diseases of children at the Harvard Medical School in 1878. In 1888 Harvard University established a chair for diseases of children, and he was appointed to it as a member of the Medical Faculty, with the title of assistant professor, being made full professor in 1893. The title of the professorship was changed to "Professor of Pediatrics " in 1903. Was secretary of the Suffolk District Medical Society in 1878 and president in 1901. Was president of the American Pediatric Society in 1891 and vice-president ex-officio in that year of the Association of American Physicians and Surgeons. Has been censor of the Suffolk District Medical Society, and is councillor of the Massachusetts Medical Society. Was vice-president of the Boston Obstetrical Society. Is author of a book on diseases of children entitled "Pediatrics." This book represents the Harvard text-book in diseases of children. He has published the following articles: "The Teaching of Therapeutics;" "The Substitute Feeding of Infants," 1896; "The Use of Modified Milk in Health and Disease," 1897; "The Differential Diagnosis of the Acute Exanthemata, with Especial Reference to Scarlet Fever," 1897; "Perforation of the Stomach in an Infant Seven Weeks Old," 1899; "Milk: Its Production, Its Care, Its Use," 1899 ; "A Case of Rhachischisis," 1900; "The Treatment of the Proteids of Cow's Milk," 1900; "The Diseases of Nutrition in Infants,"

1901; "The American Methods in the Modification of Milk in the Feeding of Infants" (paper read by request before the Section of Diseases of Children at the Seventieth Annual Meeting of the British Medical Association, held in Owens College, Manchester, July 30, 1902); "Essential Principles of Infant Feeding and the Modern Methods of applying Them" (address delivered by Request of the Ohio State Pediatric Society, at Dayton, O., August, 1903); "Tubercular Peritonitis in Early Life, with Especial Reference to Its Treatment by Laparotomy" (read at the Fifty-Third Annual Meeting of the American Medical Association, in the Section of Diseases of Children, January, 1903); "The Study of Pediatrics in Its Relation to Medical Education" (address delivered by the Request of the Chicago Pediatric Society at a Joint Meeting of that Society and the Chicago Medical Society, April, 1903); "Infantile Scorbutus," 1903; "Some Considerations regarding Substitute Feeding during the First Year," 1904; "The Diarrhœas of Infancy and Early Childhood" (read before the Yale Alumni Association, February 10, 1904).

JOHN WHITE SANGER, son of George Partridge and Elizabeth Sherburne (Thompson) Sanger, was born in Charlestown, Mass., June 10, 1848. Prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. From graduation until March 8, 1871, was with the John Hancock Insurance Company, Boston; from that time until January 1, 1875, was with Naylor & Co., dealers in iron, steel, etc., also of Boston; from 1877 to 1879 was in the insurance business in Worcester, Mass., in the offices of J. D. Washburn and A. N. Currier (general agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company of Manchester, Eng.); afterwards returned to Boston, and continued in the insurance business at 95 Water Street. For several years was actively interested in the militia of the State, and was assistant inspector-general on the First Brigade Staff. Was married October 1, 1891, to Victoria Anne Garrette of Ipswich, Mass. In 1895 went to New York to engage in business as general agent in the publication of the "American Brewer," a monthly magazine devoted to the interests of the brewing industry of the United States and foreign countries; also in same capacity for the U. S. Brewers' Academy and Experimental Station connected therewith. Since 1902 has been connected with the Pfaudler Company of Rochester, N. Y., manufacturers of glass-

lined steel cooperage, as one of their New York representatives. Residence, Orange, N. J. Present address, 12 Bridge Street, New York, N. Y.

JOSEPH SARGENT, son of Joseph and Emily (Whitney) Sargent, was born in Worcester, Mass., May 15, 1849. He was prepared for college at the Worcester High School. During the summer of 1870 travelled through California and Canada; was treasurer of the Crompton Carpet Company of Worcester, Mass., and agent of the Pakachog Mills of the same city; became a member of the firm of O. H. Sampson & Co. of Boston, August 15, 1884. Is now retired from business. For the past eight years has spent his winters in Egypt or France and his summers in Magnolia, Mass. December 5, 1872, was married to Nellie Louise McClure of New York. Their children are: Joseph Sargent, Jr., born January 13, 1874; Nellie Cushman Sargent, born February 12, 1876; George McClure Sargent, January 15, 1878; Emily Whitney Sargent, born July 15, 1882. Address, Care Joseph Sargent, Jr., 50 Congress Street, Boston.

***LUCIUS MANLIUS SARGENT**, the second son of Horace Binney and Elizabeth Little (Swett) Sargent, was born at Roxbury on July 5, 1848. There, as a child, he lived the life of a country boy, and when he grew old enough, his father used to drive him to town to school, bringing him back in the afternoon. Even when still very young, he began to show that love for animals which strengthened with age, and had become little less than a passion before he died.

In 1861, just as the war broke out, General Sargent took his family to Europe, and placed the boys at a boarding-school in Neuchâtel, where they stayed for a couple of years, passing a third at the college, a sort of preliminary to the university. Sargent had a taste for languages, and while in Switzerland learned French as only children can who live among natives. He always spoke it admirably. In 1864 the family returned to Roxbury, and there the boys were fitted for Harvard by Mr. Dillaway and Mr. Collar.

When we entered, in 1866, Sargent took a room in Little's Block, Horton living next door to him, and there we got to know him; and to know him, with most of us, was to love him. In-

deed, at eighteen he was the most charming of boys; handsome, gay, full of humor, active, delighting in sports, and at the same time warm-hearted and affectionate. Of course he belonged to all the societies, — the Institute, the Pudding, the Porcellian, and the rest, — and as he was a born mimic, although he hated to learn parts, he acted in all our theatricals.

On graduating he went to Europe, and passed some time in Paris during the siege, after which he spent a year at the University of Berlin with Frank Pendleton, to whom he remained deeply attached down to the day of his death. In 1872 he came home, read law for a year at Salem with Perry and Endicott, and then studied for two years more at the Law School, taking his degree in 1875. He then began practice immediately. In November, 1876, he married Marian Appleton Coolidge, and in the following October a daughter was born, who proved to be their only child. Sargent continued at the bar about four years, but the profession never suited him, and in November, 1879, when offered the treasurership of the Amory Manufacturing Company, he accepted without hesitation. With this appointment began probably the happiest period of his life. Sargent was naturally cautious and at the same time enterprising, and made a good treasurer; so much so that in 1880 he was promoted to the Lawrence, where he remained until he died, acting also for a part of the time as treasurer of the Amoskeag, while Mr. Coolidge was Minister in France.

This business life suited him perfectly. With occupation enough to interest without harassing him, with an easy income, and ample time for his amusements, he seemed the picture of content. His chief pleasure lay in his horses. He loved to be with them, to ride or drive them, or even sit and look at them, and he often said that his ideal of a happy life would be stock-farming. In truth, he would have made a great breeder; he had a remarkable eye for a horse, he never forgot one he had seen, and he very rarely made a bad purchase. One of his last undertakings was to organize the New Riding Club, of which he was elected president.

In summer he lived in a beautiful cottage at Magnolia, where he sailed when the weather grew too hot for riding; but his season was the autumn, when hunting began, and in the hunting field he met his death. He had been a member of the Myopia

Club for many years, and in all his seasons had not been hurt; perhaps long immunity had made him careless; perhaps he trusted too much to the animal he rode; but as often happens to the best horsemen, he met disaster where a child would have gone safe.

On the afternoon of October 28, 1893, just as it fell dusk, the hounds were running fast, and amidst a bunch of men he came to a place stopped by a single sapling placed as a rail. Had he been prudent, he would have pulled up to make sure that his horse saw where he was going, for the light had begun to fail; but the height was nothing, and Sargent rode on, expecting his hunter to take the jump almost in his stride. Probably the beast did not see the obstacle until too late, for he did not appear to rise, but striking with his whole momentum above the knees, he plunged forward, throwing Sargent over his head. As the horse rose he may have struck his rider, but of that there is no proof. Sargent never knew himself, for he was stunned.

On examination, the accident gave Sargent's friends little or no alarm, a severe shaking and a broken rib being apparently the extent of the injury. But a few days later he went to Boston, was exposed to the cold, took a chill, and pneumonia set in. Even then his physician did not apprehend danger, and on the evening of November 14, when he left the house, thought him mending. Suddenly his heart failed, and in half an hour he was dead.

Throughout his life, Sargent always retained that indescribable charm which made us delight in him at Cambridge. Sympathetic, genial, witty, and cordial, he was the most agreeable of comrades and the most winning of hosts. Socially he held a position apart, no one resembled him, and though he had the freest way of speaking his mind, no one took it amiss. Rather unusually he grew in popularity as he grew in age, for all young people adored him. As a man of business he had already attained a position of influence, and, had he lived, his influence might have become commanding, for he had good sense, good judgment, and discretion, combined with absolute integrity, courage, and honor.

WINTHROP SALTONSTALL SCUDDER, son of Charles William and Alicia Harriet (Blatchford) Scudder, was born in Brook-

line, Mass., July 24, 1847. Prepared for college at Mr. Dixwell's School, Boston. Spent most of the year 1866 in travelling abroad, and joined the Class in the Sophomore year. After graduation was in the iron business with the Walworth Manufacturing Company of Boston for four years. Since 1875 has been in the publishing business, with Houghton, Mifflin & Company, Boston, and the Riverside Press, Cambridge, and has been at the head of their Art Department since 1886. Has delivered lectures on the reproductive arts in connection with book illustration. Was married April 11, 1888, to Caroline Townsend of Albany, N. Y. July 3, 1889, Theodore Townsend Scudder was born. Mrs. Scudder died July 10, 1889. Was married June 25, 1901, to Jeanette Sumner Markham of Cambridge, Mass. Address, 4 Willard Street, Cambridge.

OSCAR FITZALLAN SEAVEY, son of Eli and Lydia Ann (Thorne) Seavey, was born in Boston January 8, 1847. Prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. Immediately after graduation went to California and located in Placer County. For the first seven years taught school and mined during the vacations. In 1877 was elected county superintendent of schools; was re-elected in 1879 and 1882. In 1886 ran for State senator on the Democratic ticket; did the same in 1888, but, as the Democrats were in the minority, was defeated. From 1887 to 1890 edited and managed the "Placer Herald." In 1890 was again elected county superintendent of schools for four years, but was later defeated by the "Native Sons," an organization composed of young men born in California. In 1894 could have had the nomination for superintendent of public instruction, but owing to the disaffection of many Democrats toward Cleveland and the naturally large Republican majority in the State, declined. For many years, a member of the county board of education. Has contributed considerable matter to the press in the way of prose and poetry, and published two translations from the German. Has been a correspondent of the San Francisco "Examiner" for years. Was married September 3, 1874, to Miss Annie E. Patterson, whose birthplace was Brooklyn, N. Y. Children: Alice Mabel, July 16, 1875; Annie Ethel, February 21, 1878; William Cullen, October 14, 1879; Carrie May, February 25, 1881; Oscar F., Jr., September 3, 1883; Harold Granville, October 7, 1885; Mar-

jorie Ruth, December 6, 1886; Marguerite Lydia, February 2, 1890; Ralph Graydon, December 19, 1892; Helen Lucille, October 25, 1894. Marjorie Ruth died April 25, 1890; Harold, May 6, 1892; and Alice Mabel, August 11, 1894. Under date of June 4, 1905, Seavey writes:—

"I am not certain as to the period my last report covered, but think it included the year 1894. Any way I will forward you a few lines beginning with the year 1895. My life has been so commonplace that there is little of interest to others, at least, to communicate. But judging the feelings of my classmates by my own whenever I read anything concerning them (I have met but one since we were graduated), I send you the following outline:—

"Since my last communication I have taught in the schools of the county the greater portion of the time. For one year I taught Latin, history, and the commercial course in the county High School. In 1898 I again ran for superintendent of schools of this county, but was not elected owing to a lack of votes, but as I had been previously elected four times to the position, I was not grievously disappointed.

"At intervals I have mined, but have not so far struck a bonanza. Am now a member of a company that is preparing to mine in the American River by the dredging process.

"During the year 1899 I published 'The Placer Herald.' I am now in my twenty-third year of service on the Placer County Board of Education.

"I belong to the usual number of fraternal societies, and in 1895 became past great sachem of the Improved Order of Red Men. For the last four years have been the local agent of the Realty Syndicate of Oakland. Please express to the boys my regret for inability to join them at the reunion, for I long to see them."

CHAUNCY COOLEY SHELDON was born in Waterville, Me., December 11, 1848. Prepared for college in the Waterville schools. After graduation taught school for about four years; in October, 1874, entered the Harvard Medical School; in July, 1876, became house officer at the Boston City Hospital, and in January, 1878, at the Boston Lying-in Hospital. Received the degree of M. D. in June, 1877; is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society; is practising in Lynn, Mass., where he has been city physician; for several years has been superintendent of the Lynn Hospital, as well as a member of the visiting staff; is a member of the Oxford Club. On June 5, 1880, was married to May L. Firth of Boston; on July 10, 1881, Louisa Sheldon was

born, and on September 18, 1884, she died; July 17, 1885, Russell Firth Sheldon was born, and he has just completed his Sophomore year at Harvard.

WALTER SHEPARD, son of Hiram and Mary Swan (Munroe) Shepard, was born in Dorchester, Mass., March 1, 1849. Was prepared for college at the Dorchester High and Boston Latin schools. Studied civil engineering for two years at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, receiving the degree of S. B. in February, 1873; since June, 1872, has been in the employ of the Boston and Albany Railroad Company, with the exception of about a year, when he was employed as assistant engineer on the Brookline (Mass.) Water-Works. Was appointed chief engineer of the above-named railroad company October 1, 1894. Was married December 15, 1875, to Sarah Elizabeth Austin. Mrs. Shepard died February 10, 1886, leaving one child, Russell Austin Shepard, born February 19, 1885. Russell died May 16, 1897. Was married November 22, 1897, to Mary Adeline Faught. Dorothy Shepard was born September 14, 1898, and Winthrop Russell Shepard, January 31, 1901. Residence, 79 Bloomfield Street, Dorchester, Mass.

***BARKER BAKER SHERMAN**, son of Japhet and Sarah W. (Baker) Sherman, was born in Duxbury, Mass., March 19, 1849. He was educated in the Duxbury public schools and at Phillips Andover Academy, entering Yale College in 1866. He withdrew from Yale and entered Harvard in the Class of 1870 in our Junior year. After graduation, he spent 1870–71 in study at Medford and in substitute teaching there and in Boston; 1871–73 sub-master of Hughes High School, Cincinnati, Ohio; 1874–77 student at Andover Theological Seminary, graduating B. D.; 1878–80 acting pastor of Congregational church, Thetford, Vt.; 1880–83 pastor, ordained, and installed by council, of Congregational church, Sherbrooke, P. Q., Can.; 1884–89 pastor, by council, of Congregational Church, Wollaston (Quincy, 5th ward), Mass.; 1890–98 pastor, by council, of Congregational church, Chelsea, Orange County, Vt., and superintendent of public schools; June, 1898-September, 1899, without charge at Medford, Mass.; October, 1899, in business in New York city. Was married September 20, 1881, to Sarah A. Winsor of Boston, and

on March 1, 1883, Hope Sherman was born. In 1901, he was appointed a teacher in the Philippines, where he did such efficient work that he was promoted to be a district superintendent. Under the strain of hard work his health broke down, and he was compelled to return to the United States. He died May 2, 1904, the day after his return to his home.

SANFORD SIDNEY SMITH, son of Augustus Fitzalan and Lucy Ann (Elliot) Smith, was born in New York city April 15, 1849. Prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. In October, 1870, entered the Columbia College Law School, N. Y.; was graduated May 15, 1872, receiving the degree of LL. B.; June 14, 1872, was admitted as attorney and counsellor at law to practise in all the courts of record of the State of New York; January 1, 1873, became a partner in the law firm of Martin & Smith, New York; July 1, 1877, formed a partnership with his two brothers, Elliot and Howard A., under the firm name of Elliot & S. Sidney Smith; during December, 1877, and January, made a trip to the Bermudas for his health. Was married on June 3, 1873, to Katharine V. Toffey, of Cambridge, Mass. On May 24, 1876, Emily Atkinson Smith was born; died May 27, 1876; on February 15, 1880, Julia Pratt Smith was born. In 1883 travelled for five months in Europe with Walter T. Winsor. May 19, 1884, Mrs. Smith died; July 1, 1886, married his cousin Edith, daughter of the late George J. Cornell. On July 5, 1888, Philip Sidney Smith was born, and died June 5, 1905. In 1890 was elected treasurer of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, and aided, as chairman of the building committee, in the planning and construction of the library and clubhouse, erected in 1895 and 1896, at 43d and 44th streets, New York; in June, 1893, was elected to the Board of Trustees of the Phillips Exeter Academy, the school at which he fitted for college; since June, 1903, has been president of the board. Clubs: Century, University, Harvard, Down Town Bar Association. Address, 59 Wall Street, New York.

WALTER BUGBEE SMITH, son of Albert William and Lucy Jane (Bugbee) Smith, was born in Boston, September 23, 1847. He was prepared for college at the Brookline, Mass., High School. Until February, 1872, studied engineering at the Law-

rence Scientific School and in the office of Channing Whitaker, M. E., at Lowell, Mass.; January 1, 1873, entered the engineer's office of the Texas and Pacific Railroad Company, at Marshall, Tex.; in the following October entered the draughting room of the Southwark Foundry, Philadelphia, where he remained about two years; from October, 1877, till June, 1879, was at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology as first assistant in mechanical engineering; from October, 1879, to May, 1881, was in the office of Henry G. Morris in Philadelphia; in May, 1881, opened an office in Philadelphia as a mechanical engineer and contractor, and continued the business to March, 1897. His business consisted principally of contracting for iron structures; the largest works undertaken being the stand-pipe for the Spring Garden Water-Works, Philadelphia, and the iron-work of the buildings of the Franklin Sugar Refinery and the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, Philadelphia, and the Academic Building at West Point, N. Y. He is now the engineer of the Steward & Stevens Iron-Works, structural and architectural iron-workers, Philadelphia. On June 20, 1874, was married, at Buffalo, N. Y., to Helen Elizabeth Morey. He has had three children, Margaret White Smith, born January 19, 1876, died June 4, 1887; Lucy Augusta Smith, born August 19, 1878, graduated at the Woman's College of Baltimore in 1902; Walter Winthrop Smith, born July 7, 1885.

JAMES RUSSELL SOLEY, son of John James and Elvira Margaret Codman (Dégen) Soley, was born in Boston October 1, 1850. He was prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School. Tutor in St. Mark's School, Southborough, Mass., from September, 1870, to July, 1871; October 1, 1871, assistant professor in the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., and on September 13, 1873, professor and head of the Department of English Studies, History, and Law. August 18, 1876, appointed professor in the navy, with the rank of lieutenant; October, 1876, published "History of the Naval Academy." April to December, 1878, on special duty in Europe, in connection with the Department of Education at the Paris Exposition, and also in the inspection of foreign naval colleges; June, 1880, published report on "Foreign Systems of Naval Education." June, 1882, promoted to relative rank of Commander United States Navy, and assigned to special duty at the Navy Department, Washing-

ton, D. C. March, 1883, published "The Blockade and the Cruisers," in Scribner's War Series; December, 1883, Superintendent of Naval War Record Office, Navy Department, in charge of the publication of the naval records of the civil war; March, 1885, published, with Commodore Schley, "The Rescue of Greely." November, 1885, delivered a course of eight lectures on American naval history, at the Lowell Institute, Boston; November, 1887, published "The Sailor Boys of 1812;" January, 1888, delivered a second course of eight lectures at the Lowell Institute, on "European Neutrality during the Civil War;" 1888, published "The Sailor Boys of '61;" 1892, published "The Maritime Industries of America;" in 1903 a "Life of Admiral Porter;" published "The Wars of the United States," in the "Narrative and Critical History of America;" and has contributed various articles to "Scribner's Magazine," the "Century Magazine," "The North American Review," and "The Nation." From 1885 to 1888, in addition to duties at the Navy Department, was lecturer on international law at the Naval War College, Newport, R. I. While at Annapolis, 1873–76, studied law in the office of Hon. A. B. Hagner; 1890 graduated with degree of LL. B. at Law School of Columbian University, and was admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia; 1893 admitted to the New York bar. July, 1890, resigned commission in the navy and appointed Assistant Secretary of the Navy, which office he held until his resignation at the close of the Harrison administration, in March, 1893. In 1890 delivered oration at the unveiling of the monument to commemorate the Jeannette Expedition; 1891, at the request of the city of Boston, delivered eulogy on Admiral Porter. In May, 1893, engaged in the practice of law, as a member of the firm of Tracy, Boardman & Platt, New York. In March, 1900, the firm of Tracy, Boardman & Platt dissolved partnership, and a new partnership was formed by Albert B. Boardman, Frank H. Platt, and James Russell Soley, for the practice of law at the office of the old firm, under the name of Boardman, Platt & Soley, Mills Building, 35 Wall Street, New York, where the firm is still engaged in practice, the partners being the same. Was one of the four counsel of Venezuela, before the International Tribunal of Arbitration on the boundary of Venezuela and British Guiana, at Paris, May to October, 1899, making both written and oral arguments before

the tribunal. Among the important cases which he has argued and won, may be mentioned: Roosevelt *v.* Land and River Improvement Company, in the Court of Appeals, New York; United States *v.* Freel and Harvey Steel Company *v.* United States, in the United States Supreme Court; United States *v.* Walsh, in the United States Circuit Court; Palmer *v.* The News, in the Supreme Court, Appellate Division. He was for several years counsel for the Atlantic Avenue Railroad Company, subsequently merged in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. He was also counsel for Madame Nordica in her suit for divorce, and is at present counsel for the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific Company, the Union Bridge Company, and other corporations. Is a member of the Harvard Club of New York, Union Club, University Club, Metropolitan Club of Washington, Alibi Club of Washington, Shinnecock Golf Club, Bar Association of the City of New York, United States Naval Institute, American Historical Association, American Social Science Association, and is vice-president of the Navy League. December 1, 1875, was married to Mary Woolsey Howland. March 9, 1877, Una Felice Soley was born; December 7, 1880, Robert Shaw Howland Soley was born, died November 25, 1881; March 15, 1883, Mary Woolsey Soley was born; December 8, 1904, Mary Woolsey Soley was married to Howard C. Dickinson. Address, 35 Wall Street, New York.

RICHARD HERMAN SOULE, son of Richard and Harriet (Winsor) Soule, was born in Boston March 4, 1849. He prepared for college at the Brookline High School. After graduation, studied mechanical engineering for two years at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, completing the course on June 1, 1872, and receiving, on March 1, 1873, the degree of S. B. M. E.; was engaged in civil engineering, in connection with the Boston Water-Works, in the fall of 1872, and in the following January became connected with the Southwark Foundry, Philadelphia, where he was assistant superintendent; in September, 1875, entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in the office of its mechanical engineer, Altoona, Pa., and in November, 1877, was transferred to the department of tests and experiments at the Altoona shops. May 1, 1879, was appointed superintendent of motive power for the following railroads of the Pennsylvania system: Northern Central Railway, Baltimore and Potomac Rail-

road, and Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad; headquarters at Baltimore, Md. October 15, 1881, superintendent of motive power, Philadelphia and Erie Division, Pennsylvania Railroad; office at Williamsport, Pa. June 1, 1882, superintendent of motive power, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, and St. Louis Railroad; office at Columbus, O. June 1, 1883, superintendent of motive power, New York, West Shore, and Buffalo Railway; office at Frankfort, N. Y. December 15, 1885, superintendent of motive power, New York, Lake Erie, and Western Railroad; office at Buffalo, N. Y. February 15, 1887, general manager New York, Lake Erie, and Western Railroad; office at New York city. April 30, 1888, resigned, and spent the next six months abroad. October, 1888, located at Pittsburg, Pa., in connection with the Westinghouse interests. June, 1891, to July 1, 1897, superintendent of motive power, Norfolk and Western Railroad, Roanoke, Va.; August, 1897, to December, 1899, with the Baldwin Locomotive Works of Philadelphia, during the first year travelling in their interest in South Africa and Russia; subsequently representing them at Chicago, Ill. Since December 1, 1899, has been engaged in consulting mechanical engineering work in New York, but has just retired and is living at 1571 Beacon Street, Brookline, Mass. April 13, 1882, married Ida Helen Whittemore, Brookline, Mass. Has two sons, Winsor and Augustus Whittemore, aged (June, 1905) about 21 and 20 respectively, and both of whom have just been graduated at Harvard. Is a member of the following clubs: The New York Railroad Club, the Western Railway Club of Chicago, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the Master Mechanics' Association, the Master Car Builders' Association.

WILLIAM MASTER SPACKMAN, son of Samuel Cope and Ann (Master) Spackman, was born in Philadelphia January 9, 1847. Prepared for college at the Philadelphia High School, joining the Class in the Sophomore year. For six months after graduation studied in the Episcopal Divinity School at Philadelphia; on January 1, 1871, became private secretary to Mr. J. Edgar Thomson, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at Philadelphia, which position he filled until the death of Mr. Thomson, in May, 1874; was one of the trustees of the

estate. Studied law for two years in the University of Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar, but does not practise. In 1881 removed with his family to New York, to assume a position as treasurer of the Mexican National and other railroad corporations. Has since been occupied in business in New York, chiefly in the charge of several estates. Is a member of the Harvard and Century clubs of New York. Address, No. 820 Madison Avenue, New York. Married November 18, 1875, Margaret Livingston Swift, and has one child, Emily Swift Spackman, born February 20, 1878.

*CHARLES PARKER SPALDING was born in Lowell, Mass., September 24, 1848. Was educated and prepared for college in the grammar and high schools of Lowell, entering with the Class in 1866. Was a member of the Π H, Φ B K, Natural History Society, and Pierian Sodality. Also belonged to the Handel and Haydn Society of Boston. After graduation studied at Lowell, Mass., until October, 1872, when he went abroad, and entered the University of Berlin, attending lectures in the medical department; also studied in Heidelberg and Vienna; returned in March, 1874, and in the following November entered the Harvard Medical School; received the degree of M. D. in 1877. During the following summer he travelled in California and Colorado, and on his return opened an office in Lowell, where he practised until 1881, when he went abroad, studying the eye and throat in Paris and Vienna, returning to his practice in 1882. He was for many years and until his death secretary of St. John's Hospital, was a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, a member and treasurer of the North Middlesex Medical Society, a member of Kilwining Lodge, A. F. and A. M., and of Mount Horeb Chapter. Was married September 24, 1883, to Miss Caroline G. Livingston, and had six children: William Livingston, born May 28, 1884; Mary, February 16, 1886; Caroline, April 16, 1888; Sidney Parker, August 5, 1889; Helen, May 13, 1891; Charles Parker, October 22, 1894. Spalding died at Lowell March 25, 1895.

HENRY KITTREDGE SPAULDING, son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary (Fearing) Spaulding, was born in Tewksbury, Mass., December 25, 1847. Prepared for college at Phillips Andover

Academy, and joined the Class in the Sophomore year. Studied law in a Boston office until December, 1870, when he took charge of the Concord (Mass.) High School, where he remained until June, 1872; in September he entered the Columbia Law School, New York; was graduated, with the degree of LL. B., May, 1875; was admitted to the bar May 17, 1875, and practised in the office of J. H. & B. F. Watson, New York, until August, 1876, when he went to San Francisco; was admitted to the bar of State of California and practised there for three years with Judge Thompson, then with Colonel C. E. Royce, and afterwards in the office of Stephen H. Phillips, Esq.; he returned to New York in 1880. For ten years (1886–1896) he was an assistant teacher in the school for boys established and conducted by Arthur H. Cutler ('70). In 1896 he became a member of the examining board of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of New York city, serving until April, 1904. He was married to Eunice A. Ladd of Lowell, Mass., December 27, 1883.

RICHARD HENRY STONE was born in Cincinnati, O., October 4, 1847. Studied in the Law School of the Cincinnati College until April 18, 1872, when he was graduated, receiving the degree of LL. B.; practised law in Cincinnati for some years; was then obliged, on account of trouble with his eyes, to give up the practice of his profession; he then took up railroad engineering, in which he has been engaged in the West for the past six or seven years. Address, corner of Hosea Avenue and Prospect Terrace, Cincinnati, O.

***ROGER WILLIAMS SWAIM**, son of Samuel B. and Aurora D. (Skinner) Swaim, was born in Worcester, Mass., July 12, 1848. He was fitted for college at the Cambridge High School, and entered with the Class in 1866; after graduation, in order to restore his health, which was quite poor, he started, in July, 1870, for a tour abroad, and for fifteen months travelled in Europe, Egypt, and the Holy Land, arriving in Berlin in September, 1871, where, as a member of the University, he studied during the winter. In March, 1872, while in Italy, he was taken sick, and died in Florence, on April 1, of congestion of the brain, aged twenty-three years and nine months. He had selected the ministry as his profession.

CHARLES HERBERT SWAN, son of Robert and Lucy Thaxter (Cushing) Swan, was born in Dorchester, Mass., September 8, 1847. Prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. Practises law in Boston; married Caroline Metcalf Nazro of Dorchester, November 6, 1884; Lucy Cushing Swan was born March 5, 1886. Gardner Swan was born November 29, 1887. Swan is a member of the University Club. Residence, Dorchester, Mass. Address, 82 Devonshire Street, Boston.

STEPHEN SWIFT TAFT, son of Velorous and Lucy (Bennett) Taft, was born in Upton, Mass., October 9, 1848. He was fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy. In August, 1870, commenced reading law with Staples & Goulding, Worcester, Mass.; October 9, with Jewell, Gaston & Field, Boston; October 7, 1871, entered the Harvard Law School; admitted to the bar April 23, 1872; May 1 formed a copartnership with James G. Allen in the practice of law at Palmer, Mass.; partnership dissolved July 1. Was a member of the State Legislature in 1886 and 1887. He removed to Springfield November 5, 1891, where he has since practised. His son was admitted to the bar in January, 1905, and is now in partnership with his father. Offices, Rooms 235 and 236 Court Square Theatre Building, Springfield, Mass. On October 23, 1873, was married to Mary Eliot Holbrook of Watertown, Mass.; and on July 24, 1874, Mabel Eliot Taft was born; Lucy Bennett Taft, September 5, 1875, and Stephen S. Taft, Jr., September 2, 1876 (graduated 1898).

***STEPHEN VAN RENSSELAER THAYER**, son of Nathaniel and Cornelia Patterson (Van Rensselaer) Thayer, was born August 2, 1847, in Boston. He was prepared for college by Mr. George W. Pierce, and entered with the Class in 1866; from graduation until his death was connected with the firm of J. E. Thayer & Brother of Boston. On November 2, 1870, was married to Alice Robeson of Boston. On July 15, 1871, Stephen Van Rensselaer Thayer, Jr., was born, being the first child born to a member of the Class. Thayer died in Boston October 10, 1871, of consumption, after a short illness, aged twenty-four years and two months. The Class Cradle was presented to Mrs. S. V. R. Thayer October 8, 1872. It consisted of an ornamental

silver preserve dish, in the shape of a cradle, bearing the inscription: —

STEPHEN VAN RENSSELAER THAYER, JUN.,
FROM THE CLASS OF 1870.
JULY 15, 1871.

THOMAS BALDWIN TICKNOR, son of William Davis and Emeline Staniford (Holt) Ticknor, was born in Jamaica Plain, Mass., November 8, 1848. Prepared for college at Chauncy Hall School, Boston. Since graduation has been in the publishing business; for the past sixteen years with Houghton, Mifflin & Co. of Boston. Office at the Riverside Press, Cambridge. From November, 1874, to February 6, 1899, was connected with the First Corps Cadets, M. V. M., and is now on the retired list with rank of major. Is a member of the Oakley Country Club, the Footlight Club, Jamaica Plain, of which he was president for twenty years, the Cambridge Social Dramatic Club, the Episcopalian Club of Boston, and the Veteran Association of the First Corps Cadets. Is secretary of the Congregation of St. John's Memorial Chapel, Cambridge. Was married January 10, 1894, to Florence Elizabeth Harris of Boston. Residence, 18 Highland Street, Cambridge.

ALFRED TUCKERMAN, son of Lucius and Eliza Wolcott (Gibbs) Tuckerman, was born January 15, 1848. He was in Europe from July, 1870, till September, 1874, passing most of the time in study; received the degree of Ph. D. et A. M. from Leipsic, Germany, in 1874; in November, 1877, became a regular assistant in the Astor Library, New York, having been a volunteer assistant for a year before. On December 10, 1879, was married to Clara L. Fargis, of New York. He resigned his position in the Astor Library in 1880, after having served there four years, with four promotions. After that he turned his attention to the compilation of indexes to scientific literature, which has been his occupation ever since. These indexes have all been published in the "Miscellaneous Collections" of the Smithsonian Institution, and are on the following subjects: To the "Literature of the Spectroscope," in 1888; to that of "Thermodynamics," in 1890; and to that of the "Chemical Influence of Light," in 1891. Has also prepared a "Catalogue of Mineral Waters,"

and has just completed for the Smithsonian Institution the second volume of his "Index to the Literature of the Spectroscope." In 1890 he was made a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and in the following year he was made a Fellow of the same, with a position on the Committee for Indexing Chemical Literature. In 1893 he became a member of the New York Academy of Sciences. While a resident of Newport, R. I., from 1888 to 1893, he was a director of the Redwood Library. Residence, 342 West 57th Street, New York.

Under date of March 18, 1905, Tuckerman writes: —

"The 'Catalogue of Mineral Waters' was finished in 1896, but proved to be too large for the Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections. As I did not care to publish it at my own expense, the work, embracing some thirteen thousand titles, was in the lumber room of the Smithsonian when I last heard of it.

"I then began a continuation of my 'Index to the Literature of the Spectroscope' from 1887 to 1900, when the International Committee for the Indexing of Scientific Literature began its work, making further work by me unnecessary.

"This work, 'Literature of the Spectroscope continued to 1900,' was published in the Miscellaneous Collections of the Smithsonian Institution in 1902. It is probably my last work, because I am disabled by heart disease from doing any work with the thoroughness necessary when it is to be published.

"Am a member of the University, Harvard, and Chemists' clubs in New York, and do what I think I can in connection with the civil service and charitable associations of this city."

WILLIAM WARREN VAUGHAN, son of William Manning and Anne T. (Warren) Vaughan, was born in Hallowell, Me., April 25, 1848. He passed the year of 1870–71 abroad, one half of it at the University of Heidelberg. Took the regular course of two years in the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of LL. B.; also received the degree of A. M. from the Academic Council of Harvard, upon examination on law subjects after an additional course at the Law School, June, 1874, and was admitted to the bar November, 1874. Has continued in the practice of the law, with special attention to trusts and wills. Has contributed various articles to "Harvard Magazine," "The Nation," etc. Office, Rooms 1001 to 1003 Exchange Building, 53 State Street, Boston. On October 16, 1882, was married to

Ellen Twisleton Parkman, daughter of the late Dr. Samuel Parkman of Boston. Has two children: Mary Eliot Vaughan, born March 1, 1884, and Samuel Vaughan, born April 15, 1887. Residence, 354 Beacon Street, Boston.

FREDERIC HENRY VIAUX, son of Edouard Henri Joachim and —— (Muir) Viaux, was born May 24, 1848. He was prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. Founded the Real Estate Exchange of Boston in 1888–89, and has been its treasurer and executive officer since its organization. On June 18, 1873, was married to Florence Ballou Farrar of Boston. On June 8, 1874, Victor Viaux, and on July 16, 1875, Theodore Viaux were born; Theodore died May 1, 1876. Florence Viaux was born June 16, 1878; and Frederic Viaux on August 10, 1882. Victor Viaux graduated from Harvard in 1896 and Frederic in 1904. Address, Room 613, 53 State Street, Boston.

WILLIAM AUSTIN WADSWORTH, son of William Wolcott and Emmeline (Austin) Wadsworth, was born in Geneseo, N. Y., December 8, 1847. He studied at private schools and under tutors, in this country and abroad, preparing for college with Mr. Abbot and Samuel Eliot; he joined the Class in September, 1867, Sophomore year. After graduation entered the University of Berlin; returned to this country in the spring of 1872, and is living at Geneseo, N. Y., devoting his attention to farming. He has taken an active interest in local and state affairs, and has served on numerous boards and commissions; is a member of the American Geographical Society, American Zoölogical Society, Century Association, and numerous clubs in New York and Boston; was a member of Company I, 2d Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and the Independent Corps of Cadets. During the war with Spain was major and quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers, on General Merritt's staff. The following extract from a letter to the secretary refers to his service in the army: —

"I cannot think of anything in my army life that would interest the members of the Class. It was very hard work and very important work, but I got through successfully, and we had no trouble. I was on General Merritt's staff, and had charge of selecting and equipping the transports which took the army across the Pacific. We took these men from a cold climate into the tropics on a thirty days' voyage without over-

crowding, and landed them without loss. At Cavite I had charge of unloading the vessels and forwarding the supplies to the front. It was no picnic, on account of bad weather and the utter lack of facilities, but the troops did not need for any essentials of food, clothes, ammunition, hospital supplies, etc.

"After the capture of Manila, I stayed with General Merritt at headquarters till he left, and then with General Otis, until the settling down to monotonous garrison work."

Was married September 4, 1901, to Elizabeth Green Perkins. Address, Geneseo, Livingston Co., N. Y.

LUCIEN AUGUSTUS WAIT, son of Norval Douglas and Marion Sarah (Willson) Wait, was born in Highgate, Vt., February 8, 1846. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy and joined the Class Sophomore year. Has been connected with Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., since graduation; was assistant professor of mathematics until June, 1877, when he was promoted to be associate professor and given business charge of the mathematical department; in 1891 he was promoted to a full professorship; is president of the Board of Trustees and treasurer of Cascadilla School, which he started in 1876, and which is the leading preparatory school for Cornell University. Was abroad one year as United States Consul at Piræus and Athens, Greece. Spent the summer of 1882 studying mathematics at Cambridge, England. Is a member of the American Mathematical Society, and has served as a member of the Council (the governing board) for two periods of three years each. On August 12, 1873, was married to Anna J. Dolloff of Exeter, N. H. Mrs. Wait died October 21, 1904. On July 5, 1874, at Athens, Greece, Olga Athene Wait was born; on February 27, 1876, Alice Wait was born; and on December 23, 1888, Zeta Wait was born, who died on October 27, 1889. His younger daughter, Alice, was married on May 3, 1898, to William Stanton Brayton of Providence, R. I., and his older daughter, Olga, was married on November 23, 1900, to Robert Henry Hazeltine, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Address, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

***CHARLES HOSMER WALCOTT**, son of Joel Whitcomb and Martha Putnam (Hosmer) Walcott, was born in Concord, Mass., November 8, 1848, where he passed his boyhood. He was pre-

pared for college at the Concord High School, entering with the Class in 1866. He was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society and the Harvard Natural History Society, of which he was librarian. After graduation he studied law until June, 1872, when he was admitted to the bar in Boston; was joint author (with Henry F. Buswell of the Class of '66) of a law book treating of "Pleadings and Practice in Civil Actions in the Courts of Massachusetts," published in the year 1875; a second and revised edition being published in 1883, and a third edition in 1894. Also wrote and published, in the year 1884, a volume of local history entitled "Concord in the Colonial Period," and early in 1899 an illustrated monograph entitled "Sir Archibald Campbell, of Inverneill, sometime Prisoner of War in the Jail at Concord, Mass." On August 27, 1886, was appointed a member of the State Board of Arbitration and Conciliation, of which he was chairman for eleven years; was president of the Middlesex Institution for Savings, and had been a selectman and assessor in the town of Concord. On September 22, 1875, was married to Florence Keyes of Concord. Roger was born September 7, 1876, and died January 17, 1879. Philip Keyes (H. U. '97) was born December 11, 1877, and after two years at the Harvard Law School is now completing his law studies in New York city. Mrs. Walcott died December 23, 1877. On July 21, 1891, was married to Jessie McDermott of Washington, D. C. Margaret was born July 21, 1892, and died two days afterwards. John was born July 4, 1893.

BENJAMIN MARSTON WATSON, son of Benjamin Marston and Mary (Russell) Watson, was born in Plymouth, Mass., November 24, 1848. He prepared for college at the Plymouth High School. Was for some time engaged in horticulture at Plymouth, Mass.; since 1877 has been instructor in horticulture at the Bussey Institution at Jamaica Plain, and has been Professor Goodale's assistant in the summer classes in botany at Cambridge. Address, Jamaica Plain, Mass.

HENRY WELLS, son of Jacob and Fannie Smith (Shaw) Wells, was born in Rising Sun, Ind., March 12, 1850. Entered the dry goods house of his father in 1870, and in the following year was made junior partner of the firm of J. C. Wells & Son of Rising Sun, Ind., with branches at Patriot and Vevay, Ind. Upon the

death of his father, in 1872, he succeeded to the business. In 1874 removed to Arcola, Ill., and in 1875 to Cario, Ill. In 1873 and 1874 he assisted in organizing national banks at Rising Sun and Arcola. Having decided to follow the business of banking, he sold out his dry-goods business in 1875, and assisted in forming the Alexander County Bank of Cairo, Ill., becoming its vice-president in March and its cashier in July, 1875; also started the real-estate and insurance office of Wells & Kerth. In July, 1887, the Alexander County National Bank and the Alexander County Savings Bank were formed, with Wells as cashier of both institutions. In 1891 removed to Chicago to engage in the lumber business. In 1895 removed to Reading Mass., entering the employ of the First National Bank of that place as assistant cashier. In 1897 was appointed cashier of same institution; in July, 1901, assisted in organizing the American National Bank of Boston, becoming its first vice-president. In September, 1901, organized the First National Bank of Mansfield, Mass., becoming its vice-president. In October, 1902, sold out his banking interests and became identified with the Flagg Manufacturing Company, making all kinds of shoe machinery. Since the failure of this company, in 1903, has devoted his time to real estate and insurance business as a broker, with office in the Journal Building, Boston. Is living in Cambridge, at 26 Trowbridge Street. On May 22, 1872, was married to Emma C. Morse of Rising Sun, Ind. On February 25, 1873, James Claude Wells was born; on December 25, 1878, Henry Morse Wells was born, and is now a student at Harvard College.

*MELVILLE MOORE WESTON. (Reprinted from the Report of the American Bar Association and from the Proceedings of the Boston Bar Association.)

"Melville Moore Weston, a prominent member of the Boston bar, and a member of this association, died suddenly of apoplexy on Christmas Day, 1901.

"Mr. Weston was born in Bangor, Me., August 11, 1848. His father, George Melville Weston, a lawyer, editor, and writer of conspicuous ability, was a son of Nathan Weston, chief justice of the Supreme Court of Maine, and a grandson of Daniel Cony, judge of probate for Kennebec County, founder of the Cony Female Academy in Augusta, and one of the original incorporators of Bowdoin College. Melville Weston

Fuller, the chief justice of the United States, and Mr. Weston were first cousins. The chief justice was named for his uncle, Mr. Weston's father, and studied law with him for a year in Bangor. Mr. Weston's mother, Bathsheba Hale Moore, was a direct descendant of the Captain John Moore who commanded a company in Stark's New Hampshire regiment at the battle of Bunker Hill, and was promoted to be major for his services on that occasion.

"Mr. Weston's boyhood was passed in Bangor and in Washington, D. C., where, during the civil war, his father edited the leading Republican paper. He entered Harvard College in the fall of 1866, and was graduated with the Class of 1870. In the fall of 1870 he entered the Harvard Law School, where Professor Langdell, the newly appointed dean of the law faculty, was introducing the system which has since made him famous of dispensing with text books and formal lectures and teaching law directly from the decided cases and the opinions of the judges. Here Mr. Weston spent two years, taking his degree of LL. B. in 1872. After being graduated from the law school he spent a year travelling in Europe, and on his return entered the office of Henry W. Paine and his brother-in-law, Robert D. Smith. He was admitted to the Suffolk bar in December, 1873.

"During the fifteen years from 1873 to 1888 Mr. Weston was closely associated with Mr. Smith, first as his student, and then as his junior in the active court and consulting practice which the latter enjoyed. The Massachusetts Reports for this period are full of cases in which they appeared together as counsel, and the cases which went to the Full Bench formed but a small part of the number which they prepared and tried together.

"Thrown on his own resources by Mr. Smith's death, in 1888, the wide practical experience which Mr. Weston had acquired, the habits he had formed of investigating with the utmost thoroughness every question of law or fact which arose in the matters intrusted to his charge, combined with an eminently fair mind, a calm judicial temperament, and a strong sense of humor, brought him a large and constantly increasing office business, and incidentally a fair amount of business in the courts.

"His practice was at its height and his years of greatest usefulness and prosperity seemed to be just opening before him when, without premonition of any sort, he was stricken by the disease which caused his death. William W. Vaughan, Esq., of the Boston bar, and a classmate of Mr. Weston's in College, wrote of him the day after his death in words so well chosen that they should be preserved for a memorial: —

"'He was not merely a good lawyer, but a remarkably good lawyer. That his modesty and retiring temper hid this from the many is probably true, but it was well known to a devoted circle of clients and to many of his fellow members of the bar. More than one lawyer has agreed fully with the opinion of the advocate who said that on a difficult point of law he would rather rely on Weston's deliberate opinion than on that

of any lawyer he knew. The blood which made two chief justices was not idle in him, but kept him ever on that "studious quest" which finally, and often to the student's own surprise, ends in making a learned man. Learned he unquestionably was, with a learning and a judicial capacity of weighing opposing arguments and decisions that made his friends regret that life had not called him to some of the judicial work which fell to others of his race. But his own modesty often stood in his way. It is not impossible that contact with his brilliant brother-in-law, whose ability was of that unusual kind which reaches genius, led so modest a mind to put, by contrast, too low an estimate upon his own talents. He knew so well that he could not equal the powers of his senior that perhaps he failed ever fully to appreciate his own. Be that as it may, he was that rare man whose abilities far exceeded his own belief, and in him has gone a learned lawyer, a true man, and a warm-hearted friend.'

"Mr. Weston never married. After his brother-in-law's death, in 1888, he made his home with his sister, Mrs. Robert D. Smith, who survives him.

"It was a matter of daily experience for him and for me, when we had questions that puzzled us, to go into the other's office and present the proposition and discuss it. And as has been indicated in the resolutions, there was a double interest in talking over things with him in this fashion, not merely from the fact of his great clearness and capacity in discussing a proposition, but from the fact that he would instantly turn it into sport and make it amusing and entertaining, and wisely so, with that wit or humor which is the highest embodiment of wisdom. I think I have never heard more profitable discussions of a question of law, in court or out of court, than I have heard from him hundreds of times; and carried on in the spirit, apparently, of overflowing fun and humor, and yet in a way which led to results which seemed solid and satisfactory."

H. W. Chaplin.

"He had an extraordinarily sane mind. He very seldom fooled himself about any argument on any subject. Therein lay his great power. So many of us are perfectly able to form a good argument on a given subject, to appreciate an argument on the other side, and perhaps to answer it. But the ultimate value of one's legal ability lies in the capacity to tell in judicial ounces what is the ultimate weight of each of those arguments, and to add up the two sides and see where the balance finally lies. Therein lay Weston's power. As a man said of him towards the latter part of his life, Weston was 'getting to guess right most infernally often.' And that was just the quality that he did have. He had a very great judicial power which ought to have been seen on the bench; so great that if I were to add anything in closing my word of testimony, I should say that if I had to take an irrevocable step on any matter depending on a question of law, there was no man to whom I should go, or on whose opinion I

should so thoroughly rely in taking that step as Melville Weston. And perhaps, in these days when the personal equation is really after all very strong, that is as strong testimony as I could give."

W. W. VAUGHAN.

"It was a part of Weston's social charm that he was always even-tempered and cheerful; and looking back over a friendship of more than thirty years, and deeply regretting my own loss, I feel an additional regret that more people could not have known him as I did."

C. H. SWAN.

"For although he was younger than several of the gentlemen whom I see here, he was, I should say, alone of all those at the bar, a true representative of the old-fashioned lawyer. He preserved always a sort of judicial calm. When he went to his office, he went to it as to a study, a place of seclusion where the atmosphere was that of pure law.

"I was always glad when it happened to me that some business directed my steps towards his office. Whether I went there to drop in and have a chat, or because I had some business which I wanted to discuss with him, the visit was always pleasant. He illuminated whatever we were discussing with that play of humor which the other gentlemen have alluded to. And I always felt that what he might say would be as wise as it was humorous.

" In his death we have lost an excellent lawyer and a charming man. I can hardly reconcile myself to the thought that at his early age he has passed from among us."

MOORFIELD STOREY.

WILLIAM FISHER WHARTON, son of William Craig and Nancy Willing (Spring) Wharton, was born in Jamaica Plain, Mass., in 1847. After graduation studied law at the Harvard Law School, and received the degree of LL. B. in 1873. Was admitted to the bar the same year. Travelled in Europe for a couple of years, returning to Boston, Mass., in the autumn of 1875, where he entered immediately into the practice of the law. In 1881 he edited the seventh edition of " Story on Partnership." Was a member of the Common Council of the city of Boston for five years, from 1880 to 1884 inclusive, and a member of the House of Representatives of the General Court of Massachusetts, representing a portion of the city of Boston for four years, 1885 to 1888 inclusive, holding the position of chairman of the judiciary committee in 1888. He declined a reëlection in 1889. Was appointed Assistant Secretary of State of the United States by

President Harrison in April, 1889, which position he resigned March 4, 1893. In May of that year he returned to Boston, and resumed the practice of the law in that city. He now lives in Groton, Mass., having his law office in Boston at No. 50 State Street. Was married October 31, 1877, to Fanny Pickman of Beverly, Mass., who died October 6, 1880. Was again married, February 10, 1891, to Susan C. Lay of Washington, D. C. Has two sons and one daughter: William P. Wharton, born August 12, 1880; Philip Wharton, born August 13, 1892; and Constance Wharton, born May 7, 1894.

JOHN STUART WHITE was born in Wrentham, Mass., February 3, 1847. Prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. Appointed sub-master in the Boston Latin School in July, 1870; elected master in December, 1870; taught three years, and in 1873 was voted a year's leave of absence by the Latin School Committee (from July, 1873), to be spent in Europe in travel and the study of schools and methods; on returning from Europe in 1874, accepted the headmastership of the Brooks School, Cleveland, O. Starting with sixteen boys, began the second year with one hundred and fifty; remained in Cleveland six years, 1874 to 1880; received the degree of LL. D. from Trinity College June, 1879; removed to New York in 1880, to establish the Berkeley School, preparatory for the leading universities. The school grew to two hundred and eighty boys and twenty-four masters and assistants; with a new fireproof school building, covering five lots of land, also an armory, gymnasium, and swimming-pool, and ten acres of playgrounds in the suburbs, known as the "Berkeley Oval." Author of "The Boys' and Girls' Plutarch," 1885; "Herodotus," 1886; "Pliny," 1887 (G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York). Frequent contributor to various magazines and periodicals. Married in Boston February 28, 1871, to Georgie A. Read of Boston. Children: Eliot White, born in Boston, February 20, 1872, graduated from Harvard, *magna cum laude*, in Class of '92; graduated from the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, 1895; ordained in New York June, 1895; two years assistant rector of Grace Church, New York; now (for eight years) rector of St. John's Church, Worcester, Mass.; married Mabel R. Morse in 1894. Grace Rogers White, born in Dresden, Germany, March 20,

1874, entered Vassar College, 1891; married Louis H. Newkirk, 1902; has two children, Janet Newkirk and Louis H. Newkirk, Jr. Ernest Devereux White, born in Cleveland, O., September 12, 1876, entered Harvard University 1894, but lost his college course at the time through rheumatic fever; but after several successful years as master in Berkeley School, New York, and as editor of the "Overland Monthly Magazine," in San Francisco, he returned to Harvard in 1901, and graduated *cum laude* in 1904, having accomplished the four years' work in three; he is now master in the Phillips Brooks School, and assistant to the head-master. Gilbert Newman White, born in New York city, September 18, 1887, passed preliminaries for Harvard June, 1904; will enter this year.

In September, 1904, Dr. White resigned his work in the Berkeley School, N. Y., after twenty-four years, during which he prepared five hundred boys for college (one hundred and fifty for Harvard), to establish the Phillips Brooks School in Philadelphia, and to carry out his theory of many years that the proper way to educate the city boy was to have him under the care of the teachers the whole day, not only for his recitations, but for his play and for his study, and in the preparation of his school work (no books to be taken home). He named his institution the Phillips Brooks School, in memory of the greatest friend of his early manhood, who was six years at the head of his Board of Trustees in the Brooks School, Cleveland, O. The Phillips Brooks School has not yet completed its first year, but has more than forty boys in actual attendance, and has one hundred entered for the second year. Address, 4204 Baltimore Avenue, Philadelphia.

CHARLES BOWDITCH WILBY, son of Joseph H. and Mary Hunt (Hinman) Wilby, was born in Cincinnati, O., November 8, 1848. He was prepared for college in private schools in Cincinnati. From September, 1870, until June, 1871, was engaged in teaching in Cincinnati, as assistant in the Classical School of Mr. Eugene F. Bliss of '58; in October, 1870, entered the Cincinnati Law School, received its degree of LL. B. April 17, 1872, and April 18, 1872, was admitted to the bar of Hamilton County, O. In September, 1872, opened an office in Cincinnati; in September, 1876, formed a partnership with Gustavus H. Wald, Yale '73, Harvard

Law School '75, under the firm name of Wilby & Wald, which firm continued until its dissolution by the death of Mr. Wald, June 28, 1902, and since that time Wilby has continued to practise alone. On June 3, 1879, was married to Harriet Elizabeth Mitchell of Cincinnati; has four children: Mitchell Wilby, born April 13, 1880, A. B. '03, who finished his course at the Harvard Law School in June, '05; Martha Coffin Wilby, born June 22, 1881; Mary Hinman Wilby, born November 7, 1882, and Joseph Clark Wilby, born July 8, 1887. Address, Blymyer Building, 514 Main Street, Cincinnati, O.

GRINNELL WILLIS, son of Nathaniel Parker and Cornelia (Grinnell) Willis, was born in New York April 28, 1848. He was prepared for college by Mr. William P. Atkinson of Cambridge, Mass. In October, 1870, entered the commission house of Almy & Co. of New York; on January 1, 1873, the firm was dissolved, and became Lewis Brothers & Co., with whom he remained until August, 1875, when he moved to Philadelphia, joining the branch of the same firm in that city; in the spring of 1879 he returned to the New York office, taking charge of the accounts of the Wamsutta Mills; travelled abroad in the summer of 1872. December 15, 1889, started business for himself under the firm name of Grinnell Willis & Co. On October 24, 1874, was married to Mary Baker Haydock of New York. On December 31, 1875, Hannah Haydock Willis, on August 28, 1877, Cornelia Grinnell Willis, and on July 24, 1879, Joseph Grinnell Willis were born. Residence, Morristown, N. J. Business address, Grinnell Willis & Co., 44–46 Leonard Street, New York.

***WALTER THAXTER WINSOR**, son of Alfred and Ann Maria (Bird) Winsor (Winsor being, on the Winsor side, a first cousin to Soule), was born in Brookline, Mass., November 1, 1847, and died January 29, 1905, at his home in Brookline, from pneumonia, after a short illness. Winsor was fitted for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, and entered in 1866 at the beginning of the Freshman year. He chummed with Morrison, who also entered from Exeter, and they roomed throughout the course in the College Yard. Winsor's father, who was the head of the commission house of Alfred Winsor & Son, died in 1871, and on the reorganization of the firm under the old firm name,

Winsor became a partner and continued so until his death, his office being always in Boston. He never married. Winsor's class spirit was something fine. Every Commencement found him at Cambridge welcoming members of the Class and their visitors. When the Class Committee was reorganized, Winsor was made a member of it, and the Class got the benefit of his cheerful service when our section of the college fence was built. At the time of class dinners it was a labor of love with him to work out every detail which could add to the general pleasure. The intimacy between Winsor and Weston which began in college was always kept up. They both belonged for a number of years to a little whist club made up of classmates; they travelled together abroad and in this country, and they spent a number of summer vacations together. Indeed those who were nearest to Winsor fancied that Weston's sudden death cast a certain shadow over Winsor's life which was never wholly lifted. Winsor's class feeling took in the families of his classmates, and probably no other man in the Class visited in the homes of more of his college friends than he. As the sons of classmates living at a distance came to college, quite a number of them seemed to look to Winsor as their natural counsellor. The writer knows how deeply his services in this capacity were appreciated by the parents of some of the boys who profited by them. The Class have lost in Winsor a zealous and useful officer, and those who were intimate with him have lost a kind and loyal friend.

*ROGER WOLCOTT, second son of J. Huntington and Cornelia (Frothingham) Wolcott, was born in Boston on July 13, 1847. He prepared for college at Dixwell's School on Boylston Place, Boston. His only brother, 2d Lieutenant Huntington F. Wolcott, died of "Camp Fever" on June 10, 1865. This was a terrible blow to his parents and his brother, for the family ties had always been of the closest, and parents and children had hardly spent a week apart until Lieutenant Wolcott went to the front with the Second Mass. Volunteer Cavalry. The family spent the next year in foreign travel, and Roger Wolcott entered Harvard College as a Sophomore in the autumn of 1867. In college he belonged to the Δ. K. E., Hasty Pudding Club, and Phi Beta Kappa, and was one of the organizers of the O. K. At graduation he was the class orator, and also had a part on Commencement Day. The

following year he was a tutor in the college, teaching history and French. In 1872 he read law in the office of Lothrop, Bishop & Lincoln, and subsequently attended the Harvard Law School for two years, receiving the degree of LL. B. in 1874. On September 2, 1874, he married Edith Prescott of Boston, daughter of William G. Prescott and granddaughter of William H. Prescott, the historian. After a trip to Europe he returned to Boston, and opened an office for the general practice of law. He served in the Boston Common Council in 1877, 1878, and 1879. In 1880 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention, and served in the State Legislature as representative in 1882, 1883, and 1884. In the latter year James G. Blaine was nominated for the presidency, and Roger Wolcott, although a lifelong Republican, took an active part in the Mugwump movement which resulted in the election of Cleveland. In 1885 he was a delegate to the Republican State Convention. For the next six years, owing to the increasing infirmities of his father, he did not hold public office. Much of his time during this period was taken up in caring for his father's property, but he also served as an officer in many charitable and business organizations. He was a member of the Board of Managers of the Boston Dispensary, a trustee of the Suffolk Savings Bank, the Eye and Ear Infirmary, the Massachusetts General Hospital, the McLean Asylum for the Insane, and the Boston Public Library. He was a vice-president of the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Co., and a director in the New England Trust Co., the Boston & Providence Railroad Co., the Stark Mills, and the York Manufacturing Co. He was a vestryman of King's Chapel, and for two terms overseer of Harvard. As a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society he wrote several biographical memoirs, and a sketch of William H. Prescott for the Massachusetts Historic-Genealogical Society. He contributed an article to the Boston "Transcript" on the Constitution of 1787, and in later years made numerous scholarly addresses on historical topics. He wrote the article "Massachusetts" in the latest revision of the Encyclopædia Britannica. Among other clubs he belonged to the Somerset, Union, and St. Botolph Clubs, being at one time president of the latter, and was a member of the Society of the Cincinnati, the Society of Colonial Wars, and the Loyal Legion.

In January, 1891, the death of his father left Roger Wolcott

free to reënter public life, and that year he became the first president of the Republican Club of Massachusetts. In 1893 he was elected lieutenant-governor of Massachusetts, serving that year under Governor William E. Russell. He was reëlected in 1894, 1895, and 1896. On Commencement Day, 1895, he was chief marshal. In 1896 he was spoken of for the Republican nomination to the vice-presidency, and had he allowed his name to be used, it seems likely that he would have made at least a good showing in the convention. In the spring of 1896 Governor Greenhalge died, and Roger Wolcott served out the year as acting governor. That autumn he was nominated for governor by acclamation, and on election day was elected by the largest majority ever given, receiving over two thirds of all votes cast. He served as governor in 1897, 1898, and 1899, receiving each time larger pluralities than had ever before been given except his own in 1896, and three times carrying Democratic Boston by large pluralities. In 1897 Williams College gave him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. In 1898 came the Spanish War, anticipated in Massachusetts by the unanimous vote of the Legislature, on April 15, to place $500,000 at the unrestricted disposal of the governor. He often said that one of the greatest pleasures that had come to him was this non-partisan manifestation by the Legislature of their patriotism and their confidence in him.

By the unwritten rule in Massachusetts, no governor is ever elected to more than three terms, and it was therefore with the consciousness of work well done, and with the eagerness of a boy to get his vacation, that Roger Wolcott returned to private life when his successor was inaugurated governor in January, 1900. In May he sailed for Europe with his family for his first long vacation since his wedding trip. But he was not forgotten as a man of distinguished political ability. In the spring President McKinley offered him a place on the Philippine Commission, and in the summer the ambassadorship to Italy, both of which positions he felt compelled to decline because he felt that his duty to his children necessitated his remaining in the United States. He did accept, however, the appointment as one of the four speakers, selected from all over the country, at the Centennial Celebration of the City of Washington, to be held on December 9, 1900. On November 4 he returned to Boston, to vote two days later in the national election, in which he was elected a

Republican elector at large from Massachusetts. Ten days afterward he fell sick of typhoid fever, of which he died on December 21, 1900, in his fifty-fourth year. By his will, among other public bequests, he left $20,000 to Harvard. A few weeks later a committee of citizens offered, in deference to popular demand, to take subscriptions for a public memorial to him, and in ninety days $40,000 was subscribed, in over fifteen thousand subscriptions from every State in the country, and from people in every walk of life. The sculptor selected for the monument was Daniel Chester French, and it will shortly be completed, and placed in the State House grounds in Boston.

Roger Wolcott is survived by his wife and by five of their six children. Huntington Frothingham Wolcott was born November 29, 1875, and died February 19, 1877. Roger Wolcott, born July 25, 1877, A. B. 1899, LL. B. 1902, is in the Legal Department of the Boston Elevated Railway Company. He married Claire Morton Prince on June 7, 1904, and has a son, Roger Wolcott, Jr., born February 28, 1905. William Prescott Wolcott, born May 1, 1880, A. B. 1903, is a clerk in the Old Colony Trust Co. Samuel Huntington Wolcott, born November 9, 1881, A. B. 1903, has been a clerk in the Boston office of Brown Bros., bankers, under Louis Curtis, '70. In May, 1905, he went to their New York office as a bond-salesman. Cornelia Frothingham Wolcott was born February 3, 1885, and Oliver Wolcott, April 7, 1891.

CHARLES FULLER WOODARD, son of Abram and Jane (Fuller) Woodard, was born in Bangor, Me., April 19, 1848. He prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. Studied law until October, 1872, receiving the degree of LL. B. from the Harvard Law School in June, 1872; in October was admitted to the bar of Maine, practising in Bangor, where he resides. October 8, 1872, was married to Carrie Varney, of Bangor; on May 19, 1874, Charles Woodard was born, and died May 7, 1876; John V. Woodard was born July 28, 1885.

FRANCIS JESSE WORCESTER, son of Taylor Gilman and Lucy S. (Bell) Worcester, was born in Hollis, N. H., November 1, 1848. Prepared for college at the Academy in New Ipswich, N. H. Was engaged in teaching at various places until 1875;

in May, 1875, graduated at Columbia College Law School, and was admitted to the bar in the city of New York, where he practised law until 1898, when he was elected a justice of the Municipal Court of the City of New York. He married Emma A. Hoe of New York city December 7, 1880, and has one child, Lucy Hoe Worcester, born January 23, 1883. Address, 462 West 44th Street, New York.

JAMES BOSLEY NOEL WYATT, son of William Edward and Margaret (Noel) Wyatt, was born in Baltimore, Md., May 3, 1848. He prepared for college at private schools and with a tutor. Studied architecture in Boston and Paris, and is now practising his profession in Baltimore, Md.; was a member of the firm of Wyatt & Sperry. For the last six years a member of the firm of Wyatt & Nolting. Was president of the Harvard Club of Maryland and of the Architectural Club of Baltimore; was instrumental in establishing a course of lectures at the Johns Hopkins University, to be delivered next season by distinguished men in the profession, and open to the public. Is secretary of the Baltimore City Art Commission, one of the directors of the Municipal Art Society, and has been a member of the Maryland State Board of Health. The new court house, designed by Wyatt & Nolting, is completed, and has just been opened to the public. It is undoubtedly the largest, most expensive, and most architectural public building in the State of Maryland, has received a good deal of high commendation, more than local, and is considered by some as one of the finest municipal buildings of the country. Has contributed one or two articles in some of the leading architectural magazines. Is one of the Advisory Board of three (with Frederick Law Olmstead and Walter Cook, all Harvard men) for the development of "Homewood," the new site for the Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, — a permanent board to act as council with the trustees. Has recently delivered an illustrated lecture before the University Club of Baltimore, "Architectural Style: its Real Significance." Address, Club Road, Roland Park, Baltimore, Md.

TEMPORARY MEMBERS

GEORGE ASHTON BADGER, son of Samuel Augustus and Caroline Harriet (Goodrich) Badger, Boston, Mass., was born in Portsmouth, N. H., October 4, 1848. He was prepared for college by G. A. Wentworth. He left College in March, 1868. Is in business in Boston. Address, 605 Chamber of Commerce.

***JOSEPH BARRETT**, son of Richard and L. Jane (Wheeler) Barrett, was born in Concord, Mass., September 10, 1850. He was fitted for college at the Concord High School, entering with the Class in 1866. He died August 25, 1867, just after the close of the Freshman year, of organic disease of the brain, after a lingering illness of eleven weeks, aged sixteen years and eleven months.

***GEORGE GILMAN CHAPIN**, son of George A. and Sarah Homans (Davis) Chapin, was born in Roxbury, Mass., September 1, 1849. He was fitted for college at Chauncy Hall School, Boston, and entered with the Class in 1866; he voluntarily withdrew from college in December of the same year, and went into business in Boston; in June, 1869, he removed to St. Paul, where he died of typhoid pneumonia, April 4, 1873, aged twenty-three years and seven months.

ELLWOOD HARVEY DARLINGTON, son of Thomas Brinton and Evalina (Harvey) Darlington, Westchester, Pa., was born in East Bradford, Pa., August 15, 1844. He was prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, and was admitted to the Sophomore class September 13, 1867. He left college at the end of the first term, January, 1868.

***ELBRIDGE MINER EATON**, son of Elbridge Gerry and Nancy (Gage) Eaton, was born in Haverhill, Mass., December 30, 1845. He was prepared for college by G. L. Soule, and was admitted to the Freshman class July 17, 1866. He left college in October, 1868. He married Clara Gage, the daughter of Edmund Gage of Haverhill; after studying in Europe he removed to Chattanooga, Tenn., and practised medicine there until

his death in 1895; he had one child, Edmund Gage Eaton, now thirty-three years of age, who is an insurance agent in Chattanooga, where his widow still lives.

WILLIS FARRINGTON, son of DeWitt Clinton and Martha Jane (Andros) Farrington, was born in Bradford, Vt., August 22, 1848. Prepared for college at the Vermont Episcopal Institute, Burlington, Vt. He left college at the end of the first term of the Junior year on account of illness. After leaving college learned manufacturing at the United States Bunting Company, Lowell, Mass., and after a few years became superintendent of the same company. Member of Lowell City Council in 1876. April 22, 1874, married Anna Sweetser of Lowell, Mass. The following named children were born: Elizabeth, March 19, 1876; Derby, October 9, 1878; Theodore S., July 30, 1884; Pauline, July 4, 1888. May 27, 1903, Derby married Lillian W. Bixby of Saratoga Springs, N. Y. October 15, 1904, Elizabeth married Isaac Harter, Jr., of Mansfield, O. Address, 234 Nesmith Street, Lowell, Mass.

***BENJAMIN HODGES**, third son of John and Mary Osgood (Deland) Hodges, was born in Salem, Mass., April 12, 1847. Married December 16, 1886, near Stateburgh, S. C., Maria Rees Reynolds, daughter of Dr. Mark and Julia Vaughn (Rees) Reynolds, born near Stateburgh. He had three children: Benjamin Deland Hodges, born September 28, 1887, near Stateburgh, S. C; Mark Reynolds Hodges, born September 30, 1891, Topsfield, Mass.; Mary Osgood Hodges, born November 27, 1892, died February 20, 1893, Topsfield, Mass. Benjamin Hodges was admitted to the Freshman class at Harvard September, 1866. He left college in November, 1866. Being fond of farming, he went South to engage in cotton-planting in the fall of 1868, and bought an estate in South Carolina. There he was a successful planter until prostrated by a very severe attack of diphtheria to such an extent that in February, 1888, he returned to his old home in Salem, Mass. On recovering he bought a farm in Topsfield, Mass., in the summer of 1891, but his health was never the same after the severe attack of diphtheria. In April, 1893, he suffered a paralytic shock, from the effects of which he died, January, 12, 1897. His wife and family still reside in Topsfield, Mass.

FRANCIS MASON LEARNED, son of Abijah and Harriet Lovenia (Skinner) Learned, was born in Boston, Mass., June 8, 1845. He was prepared for college by Albert T. Sinclair, and was admitted Freshman to the Class of 1869, September 17, 1865. He afterward joined the Class of 1870. He left college in October, 1867.

JAMES McMANUS, son of Bernard and Margaret (Murphy) McManus, was born in Tempo, Ireland, August 20, 1847. He was prepared for college by Homer Rogers, and was admitted to the Freshman Class September 14, 1866. He left college in January, 1867 (or at end of first term). He afterwards joined the Class of 1871, with which he was graduated.

GARDINER FELCH McCANDLESS, son of David and Elizabeth Griswold (Felch) McCandless, of Pittsburg, Pa., was born in Pittsburg, Pa., February 23, 1847. He was prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. He left college in January, 1868. At present living in Germany at 7 Werder Strasse, Baden-Baden.

JOHN ROBERT McLEAN, son of Washington and Mary Louis (Darneal) McLean, was born in Cincinnati, O., September 29, 1849. He was prepared for college by D. G. Haskins. He left college November, 1866. His profession is that of a journalist in Cincinnati, O. He was married to Emily Beal, daughter of General Beal, and has one son, Edward B. McLean. Address, Washington, D. C.

***JOSEPH PARKER MASON**, son of Joseph and Sarah Rebecca (Parker) Mason, was born September 15, 1848, at Worcester, Mass. He was educated in private schools in Worcester, and was admitted to Harvard in the Class of '70, but remained only until the Thanksgiving recess of 1866. He then went to New York, where for several years he was engaged in the hardware business with Sargent & Co. Returning to Worcester, he entered into partnership with Lincoln of '70, on January 1, 1872, in wholesale iron and steel business. This partnership was dissolved March 18, 1875, and he continued the business alone for several years, when he sold out and became a manufacturer of malleable iron castings. This venture was unsuccessful, and he then engaged him-

self in the retail hardware business in Worcester; but being again unfortunate, he removed to Plainfield, N. J., and became selling agent for Morris, Wheeler & Co. of Philadelphia, with an office in New York, and remained in this business until his death. He was an active member of the Worcester Light Infantry, and was for several years its captain. He died suddenly of heart failure March 2, 1899, at New York, while at his desk in his office. He married November 13, 1877, at New York, Annie Augusta, daughter of John Howard and Sarah Jane (Walton) Wright, by whom he had one child, Parker Wright, born June 7, 1881, died November 4, 1900.

HARRY FRANK NEWHALL, son of Harrison and Caroline (Goodrich) Newhall, was born in Chicago January 21, 1849. Fitted for college at Waltham New Church School, and with E. A. Gibbens in New York city. Left college at end of Freshman year. Entered on business career in Chicago in 1868, and after some changes went in January, 1871, to Philadelphia to enter into the employ of the banking firm of Jay Cooke & Co. On the failure of this firm in 1873, he engaged in the stock brokerage business in Philadelphia on his own account. In 1874 married Elizabeth Barrett, daughter of the Rev. B. F. Barrett of Philadelphia, a well-known Swedenborgian minister. In 1895 went West and became secretary of the Home Savings and Loan Association of Minneapolis, from which company he resigned in 1901, when he organized the Finance Company of Minnesota, of which he became president, and which office he still holds. Is now also secretary of the Minneapolis Real Estate Board. Is the father of one daughter and five sons, of which all are living except the daughter. Address, The Finance Company of Minnesota, 550 Temple Court, Minneapolis, Minn.

***WILLIAM FISHER PACKER**, son of Hezekiah By and Catharine Josephine (Schnabel) Packer, was born in Williamsport, Pa., May 15, 1848. He left college without completing the course, and died of consumption, in Philadelphia, early in 1872.

***CHRISTOPHER A. THOMPSON**, son of Christopher Champlin and Harriet A. (Thompson) Thompson, was born at Norwich City, Conn., January 9, 1848. He was fitted for college at the

Norwich Free Academy, entering the Class in 1866 from the Class of 1869; he was drowned, while bathing in the Yantic River, at Norwich, August 19, 1867, just six days before the death of his chum Barrett, aged nineteen years and seven months.

EDWARD DAVIS WASHBURN, son of Joseph and Martha Ann (Ingersoll) Washburn was born in Savannah, Ga., January 13, 1848. (John R. Wilder, Savannah, Ga., was his guardian). He was prepared for college by Prentiss Cummings, and was admitted to the Sophomore class of the Class of '69, July 17, 1866. On September 11, 1868, he was admitted to the Junior class of the Class of 1870. He left college in April, 1869, on account of sickness.

JUDSON BOARDMAN WILDS, son of Zenas Packard and Margaret Smith (Tuck) Wilds, was born in Marblehead, Mass., March 28, 1847. He was prepared for college by George L. Westgate, and was admitted to the Freshman class September 14, 1866. Received leave of absence in December, 1866, on account of ill health, and on his return in September, 1868, entered the Class of 1871 in the Sophomore year.

STATISTICS

MARRIAGES

Adams, B. — Evelyn Davis ..... Sept. 7, 1889
*Adams, G. H. — E. Augusta Holmes ..... April 26, 1877
Adams, W. — Constance Winchester ..... May 25, 1885
Alexander — Elizabeth F. D. Stebbins ..... Jan. 3, 1877
*Ames — Luelle Bacheller 1884
Buckminster — Christine Isabella Chase ..... Sept. 14, 1870
Bunton — Ellena S. Brown ..... Dec. 18, 1877
Burnham — Catherine Davenport Bray ..... Sept. 30, 1875
Chamberlin — Elizabeth Ferguson Paine. ..... June 12, 1872
Chapin — Caroline Minna Cole ..... June 18, 1878
Chapman — Mary Bridge ..... Oct. 21, 1879
Clapp — Florence S. Greeley ..... July 9, 1874
Coes — Alice Miller ..... Feb. 22, 1882
Cole — *Lucy May Smith ..... Sept. 26, 1877
Josephine McIlvaine Hewson ..... June 11, 1885
Curtis, Louis — Fanny Leland Richardson ..... Oct. 1890
*Cushing — Mary Rebecca Johnson ..... Feb. 14, 1871
Cutler — Elizabeth Jones Wilson ..... Aug. 2, 1890
Deane — Margaret C. Coolidge ..... Dec. 31, 1878
*Dexter — Marie Lovell ..... Aug. 10, 1892
Dixon — Margaretta Sergeant ..... Nov. 27, 1878
Dixwell — —— Gurney ..... Oct. 6, 1875
Drew — Hattie W. Clark ..... Aug. 3, 1875
Dudley — *Mary Shaw Bird ..... May 21, 1878
*Mary Thurber Brooks ..... Nov. 15, 1881
Marie Gordon Mulock ..... March 4, 1899
Dwight — Helen Louise Woodruff ..... Dec. 18, 1873
Emott — Leila C. Tuckerman ..... May 22, 1873
Fernald — Grace Fuller ..... Nov. 25, 1874
Fisher — Betsey Riddle ..... April 20, 1876
Fitz — Susie J. Chase ..... Feb. 13, 1878
Francis — Minnie Field Worsley ..... June 20, 1883
Frothingham — Lucy Jaudon Harris ..... May 22, 1888
Fuller — Ella J. Sherman ..... Nov. 2, 1871
*Galloway — Henrietta Osteritter ..... Jan. 5, 1884
Gannett — Edith Frances Bates ..... Dec. 18, 1873
*Godon
Greener — Genevieve Ida Fleet ..... Sept. 24, 1874
Groesbeck — Elizabeth Perry ..... Nov. 5, 1872

HALE — HARRIET KNOWLES SWINBURNE 1883
*HEALY — ALICE HALE BIRD ..... Sept. 26, 1877
HILL — CAROLINE ELLA MANNING ..... Dec. 24, 1892
HOLMES — *ELIZABETH J. ALLEN ..... Nov. 6, 1875
LILLIAN STOKES ..... May 20, 1880
HOLWAY — MARIA M. RICH ..... Nov. 28, 1867
*HORTON — MARIAN GLYDE BIGELOW ..... Nov. 25, 1873
HUNTRESS — ELIZABETH EAGLESHAM ..... Sept. 13, 1881
JORDAN — HELEN L. STEVENS ..... June 18, 1873
JEANNETTE AMANDA STILES ..... Jan. 6, 1892
KETTELL — FANNY RUSSELL HAWES ..... June 1, 1886
LADD — ELLA CORA BROOKS ..... Nov. 16, 1878
LAWRENCE — *EMILY FAIRFAX SILSBEE ..... June 1, 1871
GERTRUDE M. RICE ..... June 12, 1900
LINCOLN — FANNY CHANDLER ..... June 24, 1873
LITTLEFIELD — GEORGIANA STEVENS ..... June 29, 1874
*LOW — MARY L. IDE ..... June 6, 1878
LUNT — CAROLINE K. ISAACS ..... Sept. 3, 1874
*MCCALL — PHEBE WARREN INGERSOLL ..... Oct. 1, 1878
MCMICHAEL — *ANNA MALLET PREVOST ..... June 7, 1877
MANN — LOUISA C. F. VAN DE SANDE ..... July 12, 1878
*MITCHELL — *MARY E. HOLMES ..... June 17, 1879
MAY SUTER ..... Jan. 5, 1887
MONROE — ELLA CHARTIS HADLEY ..... March 18, 1880
MORISON — PRISCILLA RIDGELY WHITE ..... Oct. 31, 1871
NORCROSS — SUSANNAH RUGGLES PLYMPTON ..... Jan. 20, 1881
NOURSE — EDITH FRANCIS RIVERSMITH ..... Sept. 12, 1878
PARKMAN — MARY FRANCES PARKER ..... Aug. 21, 1890
PARSONS — *MARY MASON OLIVER ..... Aug. 15, 1895
PEARSON — *JESSIE PATTON ..... Oct. 14, 1875
HELEN HESTER HUME ..... Nov. 15; 1892
PENDLETON — *SARAH MARIE ..... June 24, 1885
ELIZABETH LA MONTAGNE ..... Dec. 1890
*PERKINS — MARY LONGWORTH STETTINIUS ..... May 10, 1887
PERRIN — L. NELLIE DENTON ..... April 12, 1876
RAWSON — CLARA HOBART ..... June 5, 1879
ROBINSON, F. W. — ADA BYRON O'NEAL ..... Aug. 19, 1874
RODMAN — HARRIET D. RISLEY ..... Oct. 31, 1872
ROTCH — HELEN ROTCH ..... June 4, 1874
SANGER — VICTORIA ANNE GARRETTE ..... Oct. 1, 1891
SARGENT, J. — NELLIE LOUISE MCCLURE ..... Dec. 5, 1872
*SARGENT, L. M. — MARIAN APPLETON COOLIDGE ..... Nov. 16, 1876
SCUDDER — *CAROLINE TOWNSEND ..... April 11, 1888
JEANETTE SUMNER MARKHAM ..... June 25, 1901
SEAVEY — ANNIE E. PATTERSON ..... Sept. 3, 1874
SHELDON — MAY L. FIRTH ..... June 5, 1880

Shepard — *Sarah Elizabeth Austin ..... Dec. 15, 1875
Mary Adeline Faught ..... Nov. 22, 1897
*Sherman — Sarah A. Winsor ..... Sept. 20, 1881
Smith, S. S. — *Katharine V. Toffey ..... June 3, 1873
Edith Cornell ..... July 1, 1886
Smith, W. B. — Helen Elizabeth Morey ..... June 20, 1874
Soley — Mary Woolsey Howland ..... Dec. 1, 1875
Soule — Ida Helen Whittemore ..... April 13, 1882
Spackman — Margaret Livingston Swift ..... Nov. 18, 1875
*Spalding, C. P. — Caroline G. Livingston ..... Sept. 24, 1883
Spaulding, H. K. — Eunice Adaline Ladd ..... Dec. 27, 1883
Swan — Caroline Metcalf Nazro ..... Nov. 6, 1884
Taft — Mary Eliot Holbrook ..... Oct. 23, 1873
*Thayer — Alice Robeson ..... Nov. 2, 1870
Ticknor — Florence Elizabeth Harris ..... Jan. 10, 1894
Tuckerman — Clara L. Fargis ..... Dec. 10, 1879
Vaughan — Ellen Twisleton Parkman ..... Oct. 16, 1882
Viaux — Florence Ballou Farrar ..... June 18, 1873
Wadsworth — Elizabeth Green Perkins ..... Sept. 4, 1901
Wait — Anna J. Dolloff ..... Aug. 12, 1873
*Walcott — *Florence Keyes ..... Sept. 22, 1875
Jessie McDermott ..... July 21, 1891
Wells — Emma C. Morse ..... May 22, 1872
Wharton — *Fanny Pickman ..... Oct. 31, 1877
Susan C. Lay ..... Feb. 10, 1891
White — Georgie A. Read ..... Feb. 28, 1871
Wilby — Harriet Elizabeth Mitchell ..... June 3, 1879
Willis — Mary Baker Haydock ..... Oct. 24, 1874
*Wolcott — Edith Prescott ..... Sept. 2, 1874
Woodard — Carrie Varney ..... Oct. 8, 1872
Worcester — Emma A. Hoe ..... Dec. 7, 1880

TEMPORARY MEMBERS

*Eaton — Clara Gage
Farrington — Anna Sweetser ..... April 22, 1874
*Hodges — Maria Rees Reynolds ..... Dec. 16, 1886
McLean — Emily Beal
*Mason — Annie Augusta Howard ..... Nov. 13, 1877
Newhall — Elizabeth Barrett 1874

BIRTHS

***ADAMS, G. H.**

Huntington ..... Nov. 3, 1879
Lawrence Holmes ..... Dec. 21, 1881
Constance ..... Sept. 6, 1888

ALEXANDER

Annie Elizabeth ..... Sept. 3, 1877
William Henry ..... Feb. 19, 1879
Julia Standish ..... Nov. 2, 1881
Pauline Gladys ..... Dec. 12, 1890

BUCKMINSTER

William Read ..... Jan. 17, 1872
Harold Chase ..... June 23, 1874
*Morey Willard ..... Dec. 5, 1880
*Roy ..... June 8, 1886

BUNTON

George Herbert ..... Sept. 26, 1878
*Sumner Augustus ..... Feb. 9, 1884
Florence Elena ..... Feb. 14, 1885
Lillian Gertrude ..... Sept. 10, 1889

BURNHAM

Roger Noble ..... Aug. 10, 1876
Margaret Ward ..... Jan. 21, 1881
Helena ..... Nov. 22, 1884
Arthur Stanton ..... March 24, 1888

CHAMBERLIN

Henry Harmon, Jr. ..... Aug. 6, 1873

CHAPIN

Laurence Dudley ..... Nov. 19, 1880
Leslie ..... Oct. 10, 1881
Eleanor ..... Oct. 3, 1885

CHAPMAN

Florence 1884
Gilbert 1886

CLAPP

Philip Greeley ..... Aug. 4, 1888

COES

Harold Vinton ..... June 21, 1883
Elizabeth Alden ..... May 3, 1886

COLE

Lucy May ..... Dec. 31, 1881

CURTIS, LOUIS

Louis, Jr. ..... Aug. 6, 1891
Laurence, 2d. ..... Sept. 3, 1893

*CUSHING

Thomas Johnson ..... May 2, 1872
Charles Baldwin ..... Dec. 31, 1873
William Fabens ..... Jan. 6, 1876
Robert Lee ..... Sept. 17, 1877
Richard Watson ..... Nov. 9, 1884
Sally Fabens ..... Nov. 25, 1886

CUTLER

Frederick Holland

DREW

Bertha Vincent ..... July 10, 1876

DUDLEY

Edward Lawrence ..... April 1, 1879
May Irene ..... June 11, 1884

DWIGHT

Helen Hastings ..... March 28, 1875
*Bernard Woodruff ..... March 30, 1881
Edith Marion ..... Aug. 13, 1883
John Francis ..... Oct. 20, 1885

EMOTT

James 1874

FERNALD

Ethel ..... Sept. 12, 1877
*Paul Fuller ..... Feb. 9, 1893
Margaret ..... May 5, 1896

FISHER

Anna ..... March 12, 1877
*Francis ..... Oct. 29, 1881

FITZ

Ellen May ..... April 19, 1879
Daniel Chace ..... Dec. 13, 1884

FROTHINGHAM

Theodore, Jr. ..... April 19, 1889
Thomas Harris ..... April 5, 1891
Huntington Wolcott ..... Sept. 19, 1893
William Bainbridge ..... Oct. 30, 1898

FULLER

Mabel Warren ..... Aug. 5, 1872
Clara Margaret ..... May 8, 1877
Lucy ..... April 2, 1879
Edwin Sherman ..... May 27, 1885
Richard Frederick ..... March 22, 1887
Willard Perrin ..... May 27, 1888

***GALLOWAY**

Robert Slocum ..... Jan. 17, 1893
Henry James ..... Aug. 16, 1895

GANNETT

Thomas Brattle, Jr. ..... Feb. 28, 1876
Edith ..... June 5, 1877
Charlotte Sanger ..... Aug. 20, 1878
Robert Tileston ..... May 12, 1893

GREENER

*Horace Kempton ..... Sept. 11, 1875
Mary Louise ..... Jan. 27, 1877
Russell Lowell ..... Feb. 2, 1878
Belle Marion ..... Nov. 26, 1879
Ethel Alice ..... Dec. 20, 1880
Theodora Genevieve ..... Dec. 22, 1886
*Charles Woodman ..... Aug. 10, 1887

GROESBECK

Elizabeth G. ..... July 20, 1873
William G. ..... Sept. 1, 1874
*Herman V. ..... June 23, 1876
*Perry Gray ..... March 23, 1879
Herman G. ..... Aug. 5, 1884

HALE

Swinburne 1884
Virginia Swinburne 1887
Margaret 1891
Gardner 1894

***HEALEY**

Helen Richards ..... May 26, 1878

HILL

Edwin Manning.....Dec. 22, 1894

HOLMES

Artemas.....Oct. 16, 1881
Lillian Stokes.....May 1, 1884
Hilda.....March 11, 1890

HOLWAY

Louis Irving.....Sept. 13, 1870
Arthur Huntington.....May 3, 1874
Gilbert Raymond.....June 23, 1875
Susan Florence.....Jan. 5, 1878
*Clarence Warren.....Oct. 1, 1880
Earnest Fletcher.....Dec. 21, 1881

***HORTON**

Edward Miller.....Sept. 7, 1874
Kenneth.....April 28, 1876

HUNTRESS

*Elizabeth Stearns.....May 23, 1882
Juliette.....Jan. 17, 1886
Leonard, Jr.....Oct. 23, 1888

JORDAN

Helen Stevens.....March 16, 1875
James C., Jr.....Sept. 26, 1876
Marion.....May 21, 1879

KETTELL

Margaret Willard.....July 14, 1887
Russell Hawes.....Nov. 26, 1890

LADD

*Paul Dean.....Feb. 16, 1880
Alice.....Feb. 5, 1885
Amelia.....Aug. 5, 1886
John Wood Brooks.....March 27, 1889

LAWRENCE

Amos Amory.....Dec. 1, 1874
John Silsbee.....Sept. 6, 1878
Edith.....Nov. 10, 1879

LINCOLN

Merrick.....March 25, 1875
Josephine Rose.....Feb. 28, 1878
Daniel Waldo.....Sept. 2, 1882

George Chandler ..... Aug. 6, 1884
Dorothy ..... March 4, 1890

LITTLEFIELD

Anna Sherman ..... Sept. 19, 1876
Arthur Stevens ..... Sept. 19, 1880

***LOW**

Ethelbert Ide ..... April 25, 1880

LUNT

Horace F. ..... June 3, 1875
Nina M. ..... June 7, 1877
Regina ..... Oct. 1, 1879
Carolyn ..... Feb. 8, 1884
Lawrence K. ..... June 12, 1886

McMICHAEL

Caroline Sutherland ..... Feb. 18, 1879
Charles Prevost ..... May 22, 1887

***MITCHELL**

Daniel Holmes .....
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MORISON

N. H. Jr. ..... Sept. 24, 1872
Charles Ridgely White ..... Jan. 24, 1874
Sidney Brown 1876
Rebecca Angelica 1878
Ernest 1881
Henry White 1883
William George 1886
Allison ..... Aug. 1889
Robert Brown ..... May 1891

NOURSE

Benjamin Franklin, 2d ..... June 17, 1879
Edith Frances ..... March 19, 1881

PARKMAN

Mary Elizabeth ..... July 24, 1891
Edith Wolcott ..... Oct. 28, 1892
Henry ..... April 26, 1894
Penelope Frances ..... April 12, 1896
Francis ..... Feb. 26, 1898

PARSONS

Susan Lawrence.....July 28, 1895

PEARSON

*Johnson Patton.....May 13, 1877
Helen.....March 13, 1879
Alice Hume.....Sept. 1, 1893

PENDLETON

.....Aug. 9, 1895

RAWSON

Hobart.....March 28, 1880
*Ethel.....June 27, 1883
Edward, Jr.....Nov. 2, 1877
*Henry Lee.....Feb. 24, 1890
Dorothy.....March 9, 1893
Marion.....Aug. 17, 1899

ROBINSON, F. W.

Ada Rachel.....Aug. 23, 1875
*Frank Walcott, Jr.....July 8, 1878
Helen Marion.....Feb. 1, 1881
Harold Lloyd.....April 23, 1884
*Alice Walcott.....May 20, 1886

RODMAN

Alfred, Jr.....April 18, 1874

ROTCH

*Thomas M., Jr.....May 21, 1878

SARGENT, J.

Joseph, 3d.....Jan. 13, 1874
Nellie Cushman.....Feb 12, 1876
George McClure.....Jan. 15, 1880
Emily Whitney.....July 15, 1882

*SARGENT, L. M.

Hetty Appleton.....Oct. 28, 1877

SCUDDER

Theodore Townsend.....July 3, 1889

SEAVEY

*Alice Mabel.....July 16, 1875
Annie Ethel.....Feb. 21, 1878
William Cullen.....Oct. 14, 1879
Carrie May.....Feb. 25, 1881

Oscar F., Jr. ..... Sept. 23, 1883
*Harold Granville ..... Oct. 7, 1885
*Marjorie Ruth ..... Dec. 6, 1886
Marguerite Lydia ..... Feb. 2, 1890
Ralph Graydon ..... Dec. 19, 1892
Helen Lucile ..... Oct. 25, 1894

SHELDON

*Louisa ..... July 10, 1881
Russell Firth ..... July 17, 1885

SHEPARD

Austin Russell ..... Feb. 19, 1885
Dorothy ..... Sept. 14, 1898
Winthrop Russell ..... Jan. 31, 1901

SHERMAN

Hope ..... March 1, 1883

SMITH, S. S.

*Emily Atkinson ..... May 24, 1876
Julia Pratt ..... Feb. 15, 1880
*Philip Sidney ..... July 5, 1888

SMITH, W. B.

*Margaret White ..... Jan. 19, 1876
Lucy Augusta ..... Aug. 19, 1877
Walter Winthrop ..... July 7, 1885

SOLEY

Una Felice ..... March 9, 1877
*Robert Shaw Howland ..... Dec. 7, 1880
Mary Woolsey ..... March 15, 1883

SOULE

Winsor 1884
Augustus Whittemore 1885

SPACKMAN

Emily Swift ..... Feb. 20, 1878

***SPALDING, C. P.**

William Livingston ..... May 28, 1884
Mary ..... Feb. 16, 1886
Caroline ..... April 16, 1888
Sidney Parker ..... Aug. 5, 1889
Helen ..... May 13, 1891
Charles Parker ..... Oct. 22, 1894

SWAN

Lucy Cushing ..... March 5, 1886
Gardner ..... Nov. 29, 1887

TAFT

Mabel Appleton ..... July 24, 1874
Susie Bennett ..... Sept. 5, 1875
Stephen S. ..... Sept. 2, 1876

*THAYER

Stephen Van Rensselaer, Jr. ..... July 15, 1871

VAUGHAN

Mary Eliot ..... March 1, 1884
Samuel ..... April 15, 1887

VIAUX

Victor ..... June 8, 1874
*Theodore ..... July 16, 1875
Florence ..... June 16, 1878
Frederic ..... Aug. 10, 1882

WAIT

Olga Athene ..... July 5, 1874
Alice ..... Feb. 27, 1876
*Zeta ..... Dec. 23, 1888

*WALCOTT

*Roger ..... Sept. 7, 1876
Philip Keyes ..... Dec. 11, 1877
*Margaret ..... July 21, 1892
John ..... July 4, 1893

WELLS

James Claude ..... Feb. 25, 1873
Henry Morse ..... Dec. 25, 1878

WHARTON

William P. ..... Aug. 12, 1880
Philip ..... Aug. 13, 1892
Constance ..... May 7, 1894

WHITE

Eliot ..... Feb. 20, 1872
Grace Rogers ..... March 20, 1874
Ernest Devereaux ..... Sept. 12, 1879
Gilbert ..... Sept. 18, 1887

WILBY

Mitchell ..... April 13, 1880
Martha ..... June 22, 1881

Mary ..... Nov. 27, 1882
Joseph ..... July 8, 1886

WILLIS

Hannah Haydock ..... Dec. 31, 1875
Cornelia Grinnell ..... Aug. 28, 1877
Joseph Grinnell ..... July 24, 1879

***WOLCOTT**

*Huntington Frothingham ..... Nov. 29, 1875
Roger, Jr. ..... July 25, 1877
W. Prescott ..... May 1, 1880
Samuel Huntington ..... Nov. 9, 1881
Cornelia Frothingham ..... Feb. 3, 1885
Oliver ..... April 7, 1891

WOODARD

*Charles ..... May 10, 1874
John V. ..... July 28, 1885

WORCESTER

Lucy Hoe ..... Jan. 23, 1883

TEMPORARY MEMBERS

***EATON**

Edmund Gage 1872

FARRINGTON

Elizabeth ..... March 19, 1876
Derby ..... Oct. 9, 1878
Theodore S. ..... July 30, 1884
Pauline ..... July 4, 1888

***HODGES**

Benjamin Deland ..... Sept. 28, 1887
Mark Reynolds ..... Sept 30, 1891
*Mary Osgood ..... Nov. 27, 1892

***MASON**

*Parker Wright ..... June 7, 1881

NEWHALL

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DEATHS

Adams, George Huntington.....April 8, 1900
Ames, Angier.....April 11, 1901
Andrews, Henry Chandler .....Aug. 20, 1897
Brown, Samuel Emmons .....Aug. 5, 1877
Crosby, William Sage .....April 6, 1875
Cushing, Louis Thomas.....April 7, 1904
Davis, Frank Dupont.....June, 1879
Dexter, S. Newton .....Feb. 21, 1899
Evans, Andrew Otis.....Sept., 1879
Galloway, James Buchanan .....March 28, 1904
Godon, Frederic William.....Sept. 22, 1876
Greene, Samuel Fay .....Oct. 16, 1877
Healey, Joseph.....April 18, 1880
Hinckley, Thomas Leslie .....Nov. 1, 1875
Horton, Henry Kenny .....Dec. 15, 1877
Huntington, Arthur Lord .....Oct. 19, 1902
Loring, Fred Wadsworth.....Nov. 5, 1871
Low, Ethelbert Mills .....July 29, 1881
Lowell, Perceval .....Dec. 9, 1887
McCall, Harry Wilcocks .....June 18, 1894
Merrick, William .....Jan. 17, 1887
Mitchell, Charles Lucius .....June 21, 1898
Perkins, James Handasyd .....Dec. 2, 1889
Sargent, Lucius Manlius .....Nov. 14, 1893
Sherman, Barker Baker .....May 2, 1904
Spalding, Charles Parker .....March 25, 1895
Swaim, Roger Williams .....April 1, 1872
Thayer, Stephen Van Rensselaer .....Oct. 10, 1871
Walcott, Charles Hosmer .....April 25, 1901
Weston, Melville Moore .....Dec. 25, 1901
Winsor, Walter Thaxter .....Jan. 29, 1905
Wolcott, Roger .....Dec. 21, 1900

TEMPORARY MEMBERS

Barrett, Joseph .....Aug. 25, 1867
Chapin, George Gilman .....April 4, 1873
Eaton, Elbridge Miner 1885
Hodges, Benjamin .....Jan. 12, 1897
Mason, Joseph Parker .....March 2, 1889
Packer, William Fisher 1872
Thompson, Christopher A.....Aug. 19, 1867

OCCUPATIONS

Law	32
Business	29
Teaching	10
Engineering	5
Medicine	6
Stock-Raising and Farming	2
Ministry	2
Architecture	1
Literature	1
Artist	1
Ornithology	1
Entomology	1
Government Service	1
Uncertain	1
No occupation	6
	99

TEMPORARY MEMBERS

Business	3
Journalism	1
(Class of 1871)	2
Uncertain	4
	10

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION

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MAINE.

Bangor — Woodard.

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MASSACHUSETTS.

Beverly — Peele.
Boston — B. Adams, Buckminster, Burnham, Clapp, Laurence Curtis, Louis Curtis, R. F. Curtis, Dixwell, Dodge, Drew, Dwight, Fernald, Fuller, Hill, Jordan, Ladd, Lawrence, Littlefield, Morse, Norcross, Parkman, Parsons, Perrin, Rich, O. G. Robinson, Rodman, Rotch, Sargent, Shepard, Swan, Vaughan, Viaux, Watson, Wharton, *Badger*.
Brookline — Soule.
Cambridge — Bunton, Deane, Gannett, Holway, Scudder, Ticknor, Wells.
Framingham — W. Adams.
Lexington — Kettell.
Lowell — Huntress, Nourse, *Farrington*.
Lynn — Sheldon.
Salem — Fitz.
Springfield — Chapin, Taft.
Taunton — Francis.
Worcester — Lincoln.

MINNESOTA.

Minneapolis — *Newhall*.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis — Chapman.

NEW JERSEY.

Camden — Dudley.
Morristown — Emott.

NEW YORK.

Champlain — Nye.
Geneseo — Wadsworth.
Ithaca — Wait.
New York — Alexander, Cole, Cutler, Holmes, Parrish, Pendleton, F. W. Robinson, Sanger, S. S. Smith, Soley, Spackman, Spaulding, Tuckerman, Willis, Worcester.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Wilmington — Kidder.

OHIO.

Cincinnati — Groesbeck, Hosea, Rawson, Stone, Wilby.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Germantown — Coes.
Philadelphia — Dixon, Fisher, Frothingham, McMichael, W. B. Smith, White.
Pittsburg — Pearson.

E. SIBERIA.

Vladivostok — Greener.

GERMANY.

Baden-Baden — *McCandless*.

CLASS DINNER AND COMMENCEMENT MEETING

CLASS DINNER, 1905

The Quinquennial Dinner took place at the University Club, Boston, June 27, at 7 o'clock. Present: Adams (B.), Alexander, Buckminster, Bunton, Burnham, Chapin, Cole, Curtis (Laurence), Curtis (R. F.), Cutler, Deane, Dixwell, Dwight, Fitz, Fuller, Holway, Jordan, Kettell, Ladd, Lawrence, Lincoln, Littlefield, McMichael, Morse, Nourse, Nye, Parkman, Parrish, Parsons, Rich, Rotch, Sargent, Scudder, Soley, Soule, Swan, Taft, Ticknor, Vaughan, Viaux, Watson, Wells, Willis, and Woodard, forty-four in all.

Parrish presided most happily, and the key note of informality and old-time good comradeship which he sounded at the beginning gave the tone to the whole dinner. The after-dinner speaking was in the same vein, and after the excellent remarks of the men who were regularly called upon, an invitation from the presiding officer for reminiscent words from others brought a majority of those present to their feet in turn, and most interesting little personal talks resulted.

Louis Curtis sent from the Ristigouche a thirty-four pound salmon of his own catching which was much admired and proved most delicious. A vote of thanks was passed for his thoughtfulness in remembering the occasion so happily.

The following telegrams were received during the dinner: —

Lajunta, Colo., June 27.

On way to teach in California. Greatly regret absence. Best greetings to Class.

W. G. Hale.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 27.

Affectionate greeting to you all. Age cannot wither the loving ties or dim the happy memories of dear old, yet ever young, seventy.

H. G. Lunt.

BADEN-BADEN, GERMANY, June 26.

If of interest tell Class I am still alive and happy and send greetings.

McCANDLESS.

When Willis was called upon, he read the following charming verses: —

1870–1905.

We meet to-night at fifty-eight
And realize how time has flown,
And value most our honest mate
Who loves us for ourselves alone.
The friend whose loyalty you've tried,
Whose heart is ever straight and true,
You'll give up all the world beside
And keep him ever close to you.
There's Tom the steady, the true blue,
Your place is warm within my heart;
One never turns in vain to you
To do the full and manly part —
And Sam, whose spirit never wanes
In any stress of circumstance,
Whose sparkling wit fresh vigor gains
From every change of thought or chance,
He lords it over us to-night
And drives his shafts with reckless aim,
While we enjoy their harmless flight
And say Oh! Sam! He's just the same.
We're all the same, the same old boys, —
Though thirty years and five have gone,
We laugh and sing and make a noise
As though it was our Freshman morn,
And once again old Jones's bell
Disturbs our dreams as in the past,
To chapel we all rush pell-mell
Each fearing he may be the last.
The dear old yard is dressed anew
And unfamiliar to our eyes.

But we can call the old one back
As though it was a glad surprise.
And many details of our life
That seem sometimes so far away
Are all before us clear and bright,
A picture as of yesterday —
And so I say 't is not too late
To lay some claim to youth,
A little gray perhaps you 'll say,
And that 's the honest truth;
But let us sing the song of spring
And keep our spirits gay;
There 's a merry side to everything,
Some sunshine every day.
Do not repine at loss of time
Or count our vigor past,
Youth is a swain who 'll long remain
With those who hold him fast.
If in our hearts his sunshine is,
His welcome at the door,
We all will say each meeting-day
We 're younger than before.

A vote of thanks was passed for the work of the Class Committee and the Secretary for their labors in behalf of the Class, and shortly before midnight the gathering broke up, with the general feeling that the dinner had been one of the most enjoyable and satisfactory which the Class had given.

CLASS MEETING, COMMENCEMENT, 1905

The Class had the use of Hollis 8, where a substantial collation was served, the dinner at Memorial Hall being omitted on account of the large number of graduates present, owing to the visit of President Roosevelt. At 12.30 the meeting was called to order by Lawrence, Chairman of the Class Committee. Nominations were called for to fill the vacancy on the Class Committee caused by the death of Winsor. Swan was nominated and unanimously elected. Between forty and fifty members were present.

ADDRESSES

ADDRESSES

Adams, Brooks, 23 Court Street, Boston, Mass.
Adams, Walter, Framingham, Mass.
Alexander, William P., 346 Broadway, New York.
Buckminster, William B., Rooms 73, 74, and 75, 70 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass.
Bunton, George W., 63 Washington Avenue, North Cambridge, Mass.
Burnham, Arthur, Room 84, 89 State Street, Boston, Mass.
Chamberlin, William W.
Chapin, Frederic W., M. D., Springfield, Mass.
Chapman, Nelson C., Chemical Building, St. Louis, Mo.
Clapp, Henry L., 70 West Cottage Street, Roxbury, Mass.
Coes, Zorester B., 64 Harvey Street, Germantown, Pa.
Cole, John H., 35 Wall Street, New York.
Curtis, Laurence, 197 Marlborough Street, Boston, Mass.
Curtis, Louis, care Brown Bros. & Co., 50 State Street, Boston, Mass.
Curtis, Rest F., 25 Kinross Road, Boulevard Station, Boston, Mass.
Cutler, Arthur H., 20 East 50th Street, New York.
Deane, Walter, 29 Brewster Street, Cambridge, Mass.
Dixon, A. J. Dallas, 221 South 5th Street, Philadelphia, Penn.
Dixwell, John, M. D., 52 West Street Cedar, Boston, Mass.
Dodge, William W., Room 706, 53 State Street, Boston, Mass.
Drew, Charles A., Equitable Building, Boston, Mass.
Dudley, Edward, 33 North Second Street, Camden, N. J.
Dwight, John F., 25 Algonquin Street, Dorchester, Mass.
Emott, Charles C., Headley Road, Morristown, N. J.
Fernald, B. Marvin, 28 State Street, Boston, Mass.
Fisher, George Harrison, 308 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Fitz, Andrew, 256½ Essex Street, Salem, Mass.
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